The New-York Times.

VOL. VIII—NO. 2381. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1859. PRICE TWO CENTS

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA'S MAILS.

DETAILS OF THE WAR NEWS.

Report of the Commencement of Hostilities

Great Excitement in Paris and Turin.

Railways Monopolized for the Conveyance of French and Austrian Troops.

STATEMENT OF THE AUSTRIAN POLICY.

THE DECLINE IN THE FRENCH FUNDS.

The Royal Mail steamship *Niagara*, from Halifax, arrived at Boston this afternoon. Her mails were dispatched South by the afternoon train, and reached New-York at midnight.

The newspaper bag for the Associated Press, having been by some mistake stowed away among the cargo, was not found in time to be forwarded with the mails. We are consequently without our usual London files; but we find in the Liverpool *Northern Times* and other paper to hand general details of interest. The following telegrams appear in the *Northern Times*:

THE REPORTED HOSTILITIES ON THE TICINO.

The Paris *Patrie* of yesterday (Friday) evening contains the following:

"The delay granted by Austria to Piedmont for disarming will, as it appears, expire on Sunday evening next.

Till now nothing has confirmed the report here circulated that an engagement has been fought on the Ticino.

It is rumored that General Randon will be appointed Major-General of the army to be concentrated on the frontiers of Piedmont, and that Marshal Borquent D'Hilliers will take his departure to join the army on the Alps.

General Canrobert has arrived in Paris from Nancy.

The report is current that the Austrians have entered the Duchies of Tuscany, Parma and Modena. It is also asserted that the French soldiers on renewable furlough are to be callen in.

THE AUSTRIAN ULTIMATUM.

The *Times* publishes, in a third edition, the following important telegram from Turin:

"General Gyulai has been ordered to present an ultimatum for disarmament, and the sending away of volunteers; if refused, war is to be declared in three days.

Two more divisions of the Austrian army of 80,000 men have been ordered to the Ticino.

The English proposal for a Congress, upon the same principles as that of Laybach, has been refused."

The *Times* adds, we have reason to believe the same intelligence has been received by the Government.

The *Times* has received the following dispatch from its Vienna correspondent:

"Vienna, Thursday, Noon.—The day before yesterday Austria forwarded a categorical summons to Sardinia, to dissolve the free corps. A reply is to be given within three days from the receipt of the summons, and an evasive answer will be considered equivalent to a refusal."

Vienna, Friday, April 22, 1859.

Piedmont, which has for some years past endangered Austria's rights, has been summoned most urgently by Austria to disarm.

Besides this demand, especially addressed to Piedmont, Austria adheres firmly to the proposal of a general disarmament, although she cannot make that proposal subordinate to the summons she had addressed to Sardinia.

POSSIBILITY OF THE ULTIMATUM BEING WITHDRAWN.

The *Herald* expresses, though in faint terms, a hope that the peace of Europe may still be preserved. This seems founded on the fact that, when the Austrian ultimatum left Vienna, intelligence of the adhesion of Sardinia to the general disarmament had not reached the capital. This fact affords an opportunity for Austria to pause. The *Herald* also asserts that the French Government, in making final preparations and ordering embarkation of troops, seems willing to pause until definite intelligence of the Austrian ultimatum, the reply o Sardinia, and the immediate results can be obtained.

LATEST MOVEMENTS IN PARIS.

An Extraordinary Council of Ministers was held at the Tuileries on Thursday, the Emperor presiding.

Prince Napoleon, who since he resigned the Ministry of Algeria, has never attended these Councils, took his seat in the character of a Prince of the blood.

The *Constitutionnel* announces that a part of the army of Paris has received orders to hold itself in readiness to march.

The First and Fourth Infantry Divisions of the army of Paris are under orders to proceed to Toulon by railway.

The First Division will leave Paris on Friday (last) evening.

Paris, Friday, April 22.—The *Moniteur* of this morning contains the following:

"Austria has not given in her adhesion to the propositions made by England and accepted by France, Russia and Prussia; besides which, it appears that the Cabinet of Vienna has resolved on addressing a direct communication to the Cabinet of Turin, in order to obtain the disarmament of Piedmont.

In consequence of these facts, the Emperor has ordered the concentration of the divisions of the army on the frontiers of Piedmont.

LATEST MOVEMENTS IN ITALY.

Turin, April 21.—Threatening movements of the Austrian army on the frontiers of Piedmont have taken place.

The Austrian authorities have directed the Managers of the Lombard Railway to suspend the usual trains to-morrow, 22d inst.

All the locomotives have been ordered back for the transport of soldiers.

Troops are expected on the road from Milan to the Ticino.

This evening a Council of Ministers was held under the Presidency of the King.

The following telegram was delayed nine hours on its way by telegraph:

"Paris, Thursday, April 21, 1859.—The *Patrie*, of this evening, states that serious reports have been in circulation here to-day. The entry of Austrian troops into the Piedmontese territory has been spoken of, but, till now, nothing is officially confirmed. It is, however, certain that General de la Marmora has informed the French Government, by telegraph, that the Austrian army has made significant movements on the stratgical line of the Ticino, and that he feared being attacked at any moment. The report is also current that Austria has refused to give in her adhesion to the propositions of England, who had asked for it within twenty-four hours. A Council of Ministers has been held to-day, under the presidency of the Emperor. The Princes Jerome and Napoleon were present."

THE PROTEST OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

After the Cabinet meeting on Thursday, a despatch was sent to Vienna, expressing the strong disapproval by the British Government of the peremptory course adopted by Austra towards Sardinia.

The *Daily News* says the reply of the Emperor of Austria has been received. The Emperor declines to re-consider the responsibility incurred in commencing war in the heart of Europe. Connt Buol declares that his master having taken his course will pursue it to the end.

The *Times* says the Imperial manifesto which is to accompany the declaration of war against Sardinia, has already been prepared. Austria, mistress of the position, is ready, by act of State and deed of war, to initiate the sanguinary drama upon which the curtain is about to rise. There is no doubt that a general movement of the French forces has taken place on the entire Piedmontese frontier.

The *Daily News* takes a different view of the prospects of the campaign from that given in the *Times* of Friday. Unprotected as Turin is by any places of military strength, it is not likely that the Piedmontese Government will make the independence of the kingdom dependent on the safety of the capital. Should the removal of the seat of Government to Genoa appear desirable for military reasons, it would be effected instantly, and then the Austrians would have nothing to gain by advancing on Turin. Again, should the Piedmontese fall back in the direction of the Appennines, they would have the advantage of operations in a country particularly capable of defence, and also that of hastening their junction with French supports arriving by the coast. The *Daily News* does not at all expect that the forces of Sardinia will be crushed before aid can arrive. It also does not share the sentiments of those who deprecate Louis Napoleon's taking up the glove thrown down by Austria. It is a question of hours, and the powerful ally of Sardinia cannot advance too rapidly. A French army, embarked at Toulon and thrown into Genoa, could advance upon the Austrian line of communication; or, should the Duchies declare for Austria, into the port of Spezzia, within four days' march of Placenza.

The *Times* of to-day (Saturday) merely repeats that Austria is at this moment mistress of the position.

MOVEMENTS OF THE FRENCH ARMY.

The *Morning Herald* gives, in a semi-official form, some specific and exclusive information in relation to the movements of the French army. The *Herald* says orders have been given by the French Government for the embarkation at Toulon of 30,000 men. These troops are not, however, to sail till further orders. The division at Lyons, Grenoble, Basancon, &c., have also received orders to be ready to march at a moment's notice, although they will not move until further instructions are given. The total amount of the French force destined to coöperate with Sardinia in the event of war, is estimated at 80,000. It will be in two divisions, the one commanded by Marshal Canrobert, the other by Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers, the whole acting under command of the Emperor in person.

MOVEMENTS OF PRUSSIA.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* says: "One more and last attempt is now being made to maintain the peace of Europe. Prussia now offers, if possible, in conjunction with England, to conclude a treaty with Austria on certain conditions, six in number," which are specified. It is further asserted, by the *Daily News*, that "If Austria will accede to these conditions, Prussia, eventually supported by England, binds herself, as a set off against these concessions, to induce France and Sardinia to keep the peace; secondly, to oppose armed intervention in Italy, by France, if needful, by adequate military assistance; and thirdly, as the ally of Austria, to declare war against France, as soon as the French troops begin to cross the Alps." It is stated in a postscript that the mission to Berlin of the Archduke Albrecht of Austria has been attended with the most complete success, and that he has signed a military convention with Prussia, by which the latter engages to send to the Rhine an army of 280,000 men, under the personal command of the Prince Regent, if the present negotiations for maintaining peace should fail. This imposing force will be further increased by the contingent of Bavaria, 69,000 men, and the Eighth Federal Army corps, 60,000 men, whilst the other contingents will receive orders to hold themselves in readiness to march.

MOVEMENTS OF THE FRENCH FUNDS.

Paris, Friday, April 22.

11:40 A. M.—Rentes commenced at 65.50, and immediately fell to 65.40, being a decline of 1 ℔ cent. since yesterday.

12:15 P. M.—Rentes opened at 65.45, and are now 65.40. The Bourse is very flat.

1:20 P. M.—Great uneasiness still prevails; Rentes 65.20.

2:32 P. M.—A further decline has taken place; Rentes 64.90, being 1½ ℔ cent. lower than yesterday's closing.

MOVEMENT OF THE ENGLISH FUNDS.

The Stock Market opened with firmness, and closed with an extraordinary degree of agitation. Consols were first quoted ⅛@¼ ℔ cent. better than yesterday. Great excitement was occasioned by a telegraphic intimation of a panic at paris; but although a host of alarming rumors were circulated, the Funds, though extremely sensitive, retained considerable steadiness, and at the hour for closing the Stock Exchange were only about ⅜ ℔ cent. lower than yesterday. At 10 minutes past 4, however, a positive statement was circulated that Austria had threatened an almost immediate declaration of war, and Consols sustained a fresh fall of ⅜ per cent. At a still later hour rather more steadiness was shown, but the final quotations were ⅝ cent. below those of yesterday. All other classes of securities were decidedly prejudiced, and the appearance of the several markets at the close was extremely unsettled. Business was continued until an unusually late hour.—*Daily News City Article, Thursday Evening.*

The English Funds opened with animation this morning, at the highest prices of yesterday, but the market has closed in the midst of heaviness and confusion in consequence of the crisis on Continental affairs. The fall from the highest point of the day was nearly one per cent. The amount of bar gold taken from the Bank to-day, for the Continent, was about £30,000.—*Times City Article, Thursday Evening.*

The Threat of War.

From the Northern Times, April 23.

We suppose it was only for an electioneering purpose, that the threatening construction was put upon the speech of Lord Derby, in the House of Lords the other night, respecting the present state of Europe. But it was rather too serious a matter to sport with, even at the hustings. It is an old English notion that there is to be a large latitude of expression allowed at a general election—that there is to be full freedom of speech indulged—that we are all to be permitted, even the humblest of us, without let or hindrance, to speak our political thoughts without being expected to be very particular about it. But when not only is the present critical condition of the Continent speculated upon, but warlike designs on the subject of it are inferred from declarations on the part of the members of the Government, just because it would, by spreading alarm, serve, for the moment, a political party purpose, we humbly think it is carrying the latitude a little too far. For our part, with one of the ablest and honestest of our liberal contemporaries, "we earnestly hope that the people of this country will, at this momentous crisis, demand a policy of non-intervention, in accents so articulate and emphatic, that no Government shall dare to misunderstand or disobey their voice." There is no more proper, no more important demand can possibly be made at a General Election. But we have always considered the foreign policy of Lord Derby's Administration to be emphatically "a policy of non-intervention,"—more thoroughly so than that of any English Ministry for a lang time past.

The expressions of the Premier which have created the alarm we alude to, were contained, we believe, in the following passages: "This country is deeply interested in the maintenance of peace; this country is prepared to make many sacrifices for the maintenance of peace; but the interest of this country in perpetuating peace cannot assume a position that would leave itself in a helpless and defenceless condition; and if war break out, whatever may be the consequences, it must be indispensable and necessary that as long as our neutrality shall last it must be to a certain extent an armed neutrality, and, in any case, take our part on which side soever it may be, that honor, and justice, and dignity require us to take. That, my lords, is the course that I hope her Majesty's Government will be supported in taking by the unanimous opinion of the Parliament and people of this country, for I am quite certain I am expressing that which is the sound and only rational policy this country could pursue. God grant, my lords, that the necessity may be spared us of entering on so dangerous a path and policy! God grant that in the collective councils of Europe there may yet prevail a tone of greater wisdom, and greater temper, and that those clouds that at present lower, as though heralding a storm-time, may pass by and pass away in an unknown calm. Of this I am sure, the maintenance of peace depends in a great measure on the unanimous assent of Parliament to the principles laid down and to the sentiments so eloquently expressed on either side of the house; and I am quite sure, also, that the maintenance of peace will be materially strengthened and supported by the acknowledge throughout Europe at large that this country will not be allowed to remain a helpless or a feeble spectator of events that may compromise her dignity and her honor, and that a serious responsibility will rest on the head of that Power, which ever it may be, that without due provocation, and without the most urgent and imperative necessity, merely to gratify his own ambitious aims, precipitates the evils, the dangers, and the crimes of war." Now, really we cannot see what there was in these eloquent and spirited declarations justly to warrant the conclusion that Her Majesty's government are going to violate the principles of non-intervention on which they ave hitherto acted. The only words that would give any coloring to such an apprehension, were these,—"take our part on which side soever it may be." But then to judge correctly and fairly, one must consider these words in connection with those which accompany them,—we must take the whole passage, of which they form but a fraction of a sentence. And surely there was nothing whatever to indicate a desire, or an intention, to meddle with the present Continental quarrels; for "the evils, the dangers, and the crimes of war" were specially and strongly reprobated and denounced. But, at the same time, while condemning and avoiding intervention, the safety, honor, and welfare of the country must not be neglected. It is for these that we must be prepared to contend, if need be. This is the "side," and the only one, on which the Government would ever think that we could, with any prudence, or any justice, "take our part." And this, they may be well assured, is the only course which they will "be supported in taking by the unanimous opinion of the Parliament and people of this country."

There is now only too much cause for apprehension that it may be forced upon us to "take our part," or our side, in a Continental war. The fruits of the friendly mediation and sound counsel which Her Majesty's Ministers have given to the disputants are now to be set at naught. Sardinia, whose resistance to the demand of Austria, to concur in a general and simultaneous disarmament, as a preliminary to the Congress, was likely to precipitate a conflict, in compliance with the advice of England, backed by France, has not yet agreed to do so. This, it was hoped, would remove the most serious obstacle to peace. But should it not,—should war, after all, be entered upon, while they will most certainly incur an awful responsibility who have provoked it, we believe that, as Lord Malmesbury has said, "the only consolation that Her Majesty's Government can have under the circumstances is, that they have neglected no one thing which was in their power, if possible, to prevent those disasters and that general distress which must result from such a war; and that whatever may occur they are blameless, since they have done all that lay in their power to maintain to this country and to Europe the blessings of peace."

Threatened Austrian Campaign in Piedmont.

The London *Times*, in a leading article, describes as follows the present state affairs:

"Austria can place upon the Ticino 200,000 men within the three days of grace fixed in the imperative demand of the Austrian Government. Sardinia occupies the opposite bank of the Ticino, with a force which could not probably delay for one day its own destruction by that gigantic enemy. It may be that Sardinia can show 70,000 men in arms, including her free corps. After making reductions for her garrisone, Sardinia may be able to range 40,000 in line of battle. Three days of respite are all that is given. If the demand has been already made next Sunday (April 24) may see an Austrian army in quick advance upon Turin. If Austria and Sardinia are left to themselves, we shall hear, in a few days, of an invasion and a battle. Everything points this out as the natural sequence. The sudden ultimatum and the short reprieve are evidently a part of a well-considered military policy formed by Austria. It is clearly her interest, if she is resolved upon war, or if she feels that she will be compelled to accept war, to crush the Sardinian army before the French can arrive to its assistance. The march from the banks of the Ticino to Turin offers every facility for the advance of a great army. Three days would bring the Austrian general to the unprotected city of Turin. There is nothing between the frontier and the capital but the army, and the bodies of the 40,000 Sardinian troops who are so vastly outnumbered by the Austrians. To crush that army, to effect by force the disarmament demanded, and to dictate terms at Turin, would be but the effort of a few days if Sardinia remained unfriended. The *Times* examines the prospect of Sardinia receiving timely assistance, and speaks as follows: "We may assume, perhaps, that the passage of the Ticino will be considered by the Emperor of the French as a declaration of war by Austria, and that, while the Austrians are marching from the east on Turin, the French Emperor will pour his columns from the west, and march through the passes of the Alps to meet the Austrian invaders, and to anticipate, if possible, their arrival at the Sardinian capital. But we should not be very confident in trusting the safety of a kingdom to the possibility of uniting, before Turin, columns which had to penetrate the Alps, and to arrive from Genoa. If one condition of the military success of such an operation were that the concentration would be effective in three or four days, or even five or six days, perhaps we may count something for the delay which may be reasonably expected to be interposed by the Sardinian army, either fighting or retreating; but, failing this, or those other chances of war which never can be fully calculated, the military heads who seem to have conceived this plan of opening the campaing, have not failed in strategic ability. The *Times* concludes by remarking that, physically speaking, if the war is come, the power which strikes the first blow, and chooses its own field of action will have the advantage. Morally speaking, the picture is reversed. The Emperor Napoleon is threatened with a European coalition to prevent a general war. The *Times* says it discerns a spark of hope that Louis Napoleon may not make a hasty rush to take up the glove that is now so rashly thrown. The Emperor of the French, it says, must, by this time, have meditated on the fact that Russia, Germany, and England, have assumed an attitude already passively hostile, and are tending towards a state of even coercion, if fortune should give him victory in the war, and if his ambition should carry him beyond certain very narrow limits. When Prussia puts her troops in motion, the Emperor Napoleon may be assured it is not without some knowledge of the part which Russia is prepared to play. As to Austria, the telegraph has by this time carried to the Court of Vienna the strongest protest of England against hasty menace against Sardinia. It is hoped there is yet time to enable England to prevail upon Austria not to precipitate a war, though the hope is but slender."

French Criticisms upon the Derby Ministry.

The *Siècle* contains the following remarks upon Lord Derby's Ministry:

"Lord Derby's language contrasts strangely with that of the French Government: there is less of the spirit of conciliation in London than in Paris. We should have thought it more befitting for a Ministry which has recently received such a serious check, to have assumed a less haughty attitude. That in case of the continuation of the conflict, England should withdraw with the hope of remaining neutral is all very well; but to announce that her neutrality will be an armed one; that if war begins it will not be confied to Italy; that it will necessarily be a bloody and impassioned struggle involving all Europe—is to assume a menacing tone very unbebecoming on the part of a Minister who has probably but a few weeks of official existence before him. We prefer the protest made in favor of Piedmont by the man whom we look upon as Lord Derby's successor. His speech shows that France was justified in only agreeing to the disarmament on condition that Piedmont should be admitted to the Congress. If there is any foundation for the rumors current to-day, Austria and France came to an agreement before the fact was known in London. It is said in Paris that Austria has accepted the last proposal of France.

The *Universe* takes a widely different view of the position and prospects of the English government. After expressing an opinion that the course of events is very favorable to ministers, and that they are liable to gain ground in public opinion, the ultramontane organ says:—

There can be no doubt of this fact: That England, who has so greatly contributed to existing difficulties by her encouragement of the Italian revolutionists—England, who but a year ago was so embarrassed, both at home and abroad, by the Indian war, and by the indignation excited by her conduct after Orsini's crime, that she had lost a great part of her influence in the councils of Europe—has now resumed almost the first place; she has now very considerable weight in the diplomatic scales, and may even hope, without any great presumption, to become the arbiter of peace and war. Her statesmen have most ably seized the opportunity to raise her from the secondary position in which she had remained ever since the Crimean war. It is to England that people now look for the solution of present complications, and (why should we not say it, although it is painful to us to make the admission?) it is mainly in England that the friends of peace and order put their trust. For our parts, we do not expect so much from her, because we know that she consults her own interests above all things, and that her hatred of the Church is at least equal to her jealousy of us; but we do hope that France will not allow England to supersede her in the place which she has occupied for many years in the counsels of Europe, and which she could not lose without the greatest detriment to society. We do not wish to doubt the patriotism of our adversaries, but we will not permit them to doubt ours France, who recovered her rank the moment she go rid of the Revolution and the liberal utopias with which she had been deluded, could only decline by resuming a policy which formerly conducted her to abysses.

European Armaments.

A Belgian paper makes some calculations with reference to the expense of maintaining the armies of the different European States, the result of which is, that the soldier costs annually each inhabitant of England, 12s. 6d.; France, 10s. 10d.; Russia, 6s. 6d.; Austria, 6s. 5½d; Prussia, 5s. 5½d. It appears from this table that the cost of the English soldier is the greatest, and that of the Prussian the least, though the latter country has expended on its army since 1815, the period of the general peace, no less than 1,200 millions of thalers. The revenue of this State, derived from imposts, shows an annual payment by each individual into the exchequer of 20s. 10d. The maintenance of their armies in time of peace costs the countries of Europe annually £73,313,750; and the fleets, £17,687,500; total £91,011,250. These figures, it must not be forgotten, only represent what exists in a state of peace. When war occurs, fresh expenditure of course is immediately incurred for munitions of war, equipments, the transport of men and horses and provisions. This expenditure is reckoned by millions. But how are we to calculate the loss sustained by agriculture and commerce, by the withdrawal of so many strong arms from useful labor? At present, the peaceful armies of Europe amount to no less than 5,705,000 men, and the navies to 219,000; making a total of 5,705,000 men. This number is, in fact, 15 per cent. of the male adult population of Europe withdrawn from the pursuits of industry, and constantly maintained under arms.

Louis Philippe on the Affairs of Italy.

The following letter on the affairs of Italy, written to the Grand Duke of Tuscany by Louis Philippe, only three months before his fall, is a curious historical document, full of present interest:

My very dear Brother and Nephew: I have received your letter of Oct. 8. I am infinitely sensible of this testimonial of your confidence and friendship. You have long been aware of the great attachment which I feel for you and your family, and you also know how entirely I share the sentiments of my excellent queen towards all the children of a sister who was so dear to her. I shall answer your letter with the utmost frankness and confidence, for you cannot but know that in the system of government to which I always conscientiously conform, my words express only my own personal opinion, and have no official character whatever. But I feel all the more free to speak plainly to you on the present occasion, because the political opinions of my Foreign Minister are in complete harmony with my own on this subject, and consequently the language which may be addressed to you by my Government will coincide with what I say privately. I think you did well to accept the abdication of the Duke of Lucca in your favor. I will say nothing here of the territorial changes which you tell me are to accompany this resignation, because I only know those prescribed by the treaty of Vienna, and this is the first time that I have heard anything about the treaty of November 28, 1844, to which France was no party, and which is altogether unknown to us. Nevertheless, the incorporation of the Duchy of Lucca with Tuscany seems to me a good measure in the present state of affairs and of public opinion. I agree with you that this state is serious, but I think that whether things will get worse or mend depends upon the course which the Italian Governments may follow. I do not doubt of the possibility of an amelioration, but I confess that I have not equal confidence that the measures which, in my judgment, are necessary to effect a reform, are likely to be adopted by the Italian Governments. The most essential thing of all is to allay the reciprocal differences between Governments and peoples. It is by acting upon this principle that we have had the happiness to obtain that result which France has exhibited for the last seventeen years. The first words which I addressed to France in 1830 were, 'The charter shall henceforth be a truth.' France believed me; I did not deceive her confidence, and hence our salvation. Thus it happened that a thing which may perhaps have appeared very insufficient to satisfy the passions or illusions of any individual taken separately, became dear to all as the palladium of common rights and general security. Do not suppose, my dear nephew, that I want to urge you to set up a charter in Tuscany. No; I give no opinion upon a matter which I do not understand. Every country, every people, must be governed by circumstances peculiar to itself. But what I do insist upon with a thorough conviction that I am right, is that whatever is done ought to be done thoroughly, frankly, honestly, and without any mental reserve or intention to undo at some future time what may be done now. There, in my opinion, lies the only hope of safety; but I have great faith in it if religiously observed. The impracticable project of uniting the various populations of Italy in one mass ought to enlighten peoples and Governments both as to the immense danger of allowing men's minds to take this direction, and as to the measures which would efficaciously conduce to the real object in view, and thereby avoid all those disappointments and perils into which the illusions of unity would inevitably precipitate them. It seems to me, therefore, desirable, though I am but too well aware how difficult the task is, that the Italian sovereigns and Governments should endeavor to come to some agreement as to the changes to be made both in their governmental regimen and in their internal administration, so as to give some satisfaction to the requirements of the age and the present social state of nations—so different from what it was only a few years ago—and to the just and reasonable desires of their subjects. It is not only in the interest of Italy that I express this desire, but also in that of Europe, and of the maintenance of that peace which is the basis and guarantee of the happiness and prosperity of all States and peoples. Such, therefore, is the course which I should recommend to be taken by all the Italian sovereigns if I were called upon to advise them. And now, my dear nephew, that I have replied to you with such entire confidence and abandon, I have only to renew the expression of my friendship, and to beg you to assure your family that they may always reckon upon the sincerity of my best wishes for you and yours.

"Saint Cloud, Oct. 17, 1847.

"P. S. (In the King's own handwriting)—You may also be very sure that all that concerns your States is for me an object of special interest and surveillance, but I hope you will pardon my old experience, if, out of the great interest which I bear to you, I tell you frankly that the best way to disconcert revolutionary attempts is to attach subjects to their Governments, for it is certain that if they succeed in so doing all such attempts will cease to be dangerous, and those who make them will soon tire when they lose the hope of gaining the support of the masses. What nations dread above all things is arbitrary government; and what they particularly desire is that it should be replaced by the reign of law, and that they may be protected by legal order against the irregular vexations of agents of authority. This is the only great change which I should like to see you effect by your own will. The task is doubtless difficult, but it is a splendid and glorious one; and, therefore, I am doubly anxious to see it accomplished by you."

Plan for Continuing the Atlantic Telegraph Enterprise.

A large and highly influential private meeting of the shareholders of the Atlantic Telegraph Company resident in Liverpool was held in that City on the 1st. The Chairman of the Company, the Right Hon. James Stuart Wortley, M. P., accompanied by Mr. Saward, the Secretary, attended for the purpose of affording information, and in order to obtain the opinion of the local proprietors upon the arrangements proposed to be submitted to the approaching extraordinary general meeting for the purpose of resuscitating this interesting undertaking.

The Right Hon. gentleman having taken the Chair, commenced his observations by stating that, although he had become the Chairman of the Company at a comparatively recent period, he was yet one of the original shareholders in it; and, as evincing the warm regard entertained by him for the welfare of the great enterprise over which he had been called upon to preside, he mentioned that, although at present immersed in political engagements in Yorkshire, calling for his very active attention, he had laid everything aside to come over from that county that morning, for the purpose of attending the present meeting. He then went on to describe the present position of the Company, their absence of immediate funds for the attempted restoration of the old cable, or for the prosecution of a new one, pointing out the various applications that had been made by the Board, to Her Majesty's Government, for guarantees of a similar character to that granted with such success to the Red Sea and Indian Telegraph Company, and contrasting the niggardly manner in which half the measures of assistance were doled out to great national works in this country with the large and open-handed policy of the French Government, which, although it had guaranteed fixed dividends to works of public utility, involving an aggregate capital of over thirty-two millions sterling, had never yet been called upon for any contribution whatever towards making up the dividends so secured. Mr. Stuart Wortley then adverted to the terms *ultimately offered by Government*, after long and anxious negotiations with them on the subject, which terms the Directors in London considered might form a basis, in connection with other auxiliary arrangements, for inducing the subscription of the necessary amount of capital for the prosecution of the work. The terms offered were as follows: A guarantee of 8 per cent. upon the capital to be employed, not exceeding £600,000; this guarantee to be for 25 years, conditional upon the successful working of the cable, at a rate of not less than 100 words per hour. A postal contract of not less than £20,000 per annum for the business of the Government; any excess of work to be paid for at the Company's ordinary tariff. The company's contract with the American Government, whereby a further minimum sum of £14,500 per annum is secured to the company, is to be allowed to subsist. So that, by this arrangement, the guaranteed revenue of the company, independent altogether of mercantile support, will be £34,500 per annum. The Government to allow £20,000 of the guaranteed capital to be expended in efforts to resuscitate the old cable. The company to transfer to Government that portion of their privileges under the agreement between themselves which contained the exclusive right to land cables from Europe on the shores of Newfoundland. The Chairman then proceeded to say that it was proposed to issue the new capital in shares of £5 each, with a view to popularize and extend the interest in the undertaking; and that the summary of what the directors would have to offer to the public over and above the national character of the work and its value as a commercial and imperial agent, would be as follows:

1. A capital of £600,000, in 8 per cent. preference shares of $5 each, guaranteed by the Government, contingent on success.
2. A guaranteed minimum income of $31,000 per annum in support of each preference, independent of public support.
3. A policy of insurance upon the successful extension of the cable from the shores of Great Britain and Newfoundland.
4. A guarantee for careful management and electrical success under a contract similar to the one just described, whereby the interests of the contractor are involved absolutely in those of the Company. The right honorable gentleman concluded by hoping that the foregoing explanations would be satisfactory to the meeting.

Mr. J. C. Ewart, M. P., expressed his admiration of the exceedingly lucid manner in which the Chairman had explained the present position of the Company. He (Mr. Ewart) cordially agreed in the views set forth by Mr. Wortley, and approved of the course recommended to be taken by the Board for raising the new capital.

Mr. Bushell, President of the Chamber of Commerce, on rising, observed that for his own part he was so satisfied with the general features of the proposal which had been so clearly and ably pointed out by the Chairman, that he was desirous, if it would strengthen the hands of the Board, to test the feeling of the present meeting, although a private meeting only, by offering a resolution on the subject. He would therefore move, "That in the opinion of this meeting, the plan suggested by the Chairman, the Hon. James Stuart Wortley, for the obtainment of capital for the prosecution of this great work, is an admirable one, and is entitled to the best consideration and support of the Atlantic Telegraph Company."

Mr. Rankin, of Messrs. Rankin, Gilmour & Co., seconded the motion.

Mr. Charles Holland, in proposing a vote of thanks to the Chairman, said he could not altogether allow the resolution just carried to be passed without comment, as it should be accepted as binding upon those present, not merely as to its general tenor, but as to the matters of detail involved in carrying out the policy shadowed forth by the right honorable gentleman. Mr. Holland concluded by very warmly expressing his gratitude to the Chairman, and by proposing a vote of thanks to that gentleman, which, having been briefly seconded by Mr. Christopher Bushell, was carried unanimously; after which the meeting broke up.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

FROM WASHINGTON.

Dispatches Received at the French Legation—The Relations Between France and England—Commissioner of Patents Appointed—Third Assistant Engineers in the Navy, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

Washington, Friday, May 6.

Dispatches received at the French Legation confirm the report of strong words having passed at Paris between Lord Cowley and Count Walewski, relative to the course pursued by the English Cabinet. Napoleon thinks the English Cabinet has proved false to the professed *entente cordiale*, and expresses confidence that the English people will never sanction the subjugation of Italy by Austria. The approaching elections for Parliament, he thinks, will prove the correctness of his judgment.

Count de Sartiges will leave on the 25th inst. Baron Gerolt becomes the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps. Q.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Washington, Friday, May 6.

Ex-Congressman Wm. D. Bishop, of Connecticut, was, to-day, appointed Commissioner of Patents.

General Cass held an interview with Lord Lyons yesterday, and Señor Mata to-day, on business connected with their respective Governments.

Utah affairs still occupy the attention of the Government. Judge Cradlebaugh has not, as reported, been removed, although the probability is that he will be.

Twenty-six Third Assistant Engineers of the Navy, having passed the usual examination, have been warranted. These will supply the deficiency of such officers which has for some months existed.

Forging Signatures to a Petition.

Boston, Thursday, May 5.

At an investigation at Salem, on Monday last, by two Agents of the United States Treasury Department, Mr. G. W. Mullet, ex-Inspector of Customs, testified that the signatures of over 500 persons to a petition, recommending Dr. Geo. B. Loring, for Collector of Salem in 1853, were forged in his presence by Messrs. Loring and G. W. Pike. The latter is now Collector of Salem. Dr. Loring failed to obtain the Collectorship, was appointed Postmaster of Salem on the recommendation of said petition. Several prominent Democrats declare their alleged signatures to the petition forgeries.

It is not known what action will be taken in the premises, but Mr. Pike's opponents are confident of his removal.

The National Typographical Union.

Boston, Thursday, March 5.

The banquet in honor of the National Typographical Union was given by the printers of this city last evening at the Revere House. Among the speakers were Mayor Lincoln, Joseph T. Buckingham, Senator Wilson, ex-Mayor Rice, Josiah Quincy, Jr., and Charles Hale; about 200, embracing a large number of the craft, were present.

The Morris and Essex Railroad.

Newark, N. J., Friday, May 6.

The Directors of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company yesterday resolved to extend their road from the terminus in this city to New-York, and to raise one million dollars new capital for that purpose. Their stockholders are called to meet on the 16th of May to carry out the details. The extension will, probably, go to Hoboken Ferry.

Suicide of a British Pensioner.

Montreal, Friday, May 6.

A pensioner, named Joseph Bramley, threw himself in front of a train, entering St. Johns, this afternoon, and was instantly killed.

Six of the Oberlin Rescuers Sentenced.

Cleveland, Ohio, Friday, May 6.

Six of the Oberlin rescuers pleaded guilty this morning, and were sentenced each to a fine of $25 and twenty-four hours imprisonment. Bushnell is not yet sentenced.

Disaster to the Steamer Jacob Traber.

Cincinnati, Friday, May 6.

The steamer *Jacob Traber*, in attempting to land at the wharf here this morning, struck a pile of pig iron which had been covered up by the late rise in the river, and sank in ten feet of water. She afterward took fire, and will probably prove a total loss. She is insured in this city for $6,000.

Loss of the Bark Aerial.

Baltimore, Friday, May 6.

The bark *Aerial*, from Wilmington, N. C., bound to Havana, experienced a heavy gale on the 22d ult., sprang a leak, and capsized. The crew were rescued after being on the wreck two days, by a vessel bound to Liverpool. Subsequently they were transferred to the brig *Princess*, and brought here.

Southern Baptist Convention.

Richmond, Friday, May 6.

The Southern Baptist Convention met to-day, and the attendance was large. Dr. Richard Fuller, of Baltimore, was chosen President.

The Case of Selvis and Mares.

Savannah, Friday, May 6.

The Jury to-day in the case of Selvis and Mares, charged with fitting out the bark *Angelita* for the Slave-trade, rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Execution of a Murderer.

Chicago, Friday, May 6.

Michael McNamee was executed this afternoon for the murder of his wife last July.

A respite was granted in the case of Michael Finn, aslo to have been executed to-day.

From Arizona.

From Our Own Correspondent.

El Paso, Wednesday, April 20.

Major Scurry, Chief of the New-Mexico and Texas Boundary Commission, has just returned from their camp on the Pecos and reports progress. According to his statement the Northern boundary of Texas will extend within thirty miles of Kansas Territory, giving that State an enormous lean towards the North pole.

Lieutenant Lazelle, recently shot through the lungs, in the Dog Cañon, has entirely recovered from the effect of his wounds. His bravery was shown by obeying orders regardless of consequences. He should have possessed some discretionary powers—military tactics of the schools will not do for Apache warfare.

Fruit is almost entirely cut off here by the late frosts—supposed to be thus late upon us in consequence of the great fall of snow at the North. The Vineyards promise well, however, of which there are many, with a prospect of great increase in both this and the Mesilla Valley.

Col. Glover, the gentlemanly Superintendent of the Overland Mail, has returned to the States for his family, having largely interested himself in real estate on the Rio Grande, purposing to make El Paso his home. I will try and keep you posted in the news of this region.

Found.—The body of Timothy Donohue, the bargeman that was drowned by the U. S. Revenue barge coming in contact with the Staten Island ferry-boat, was found at Fort Hamilton, where an inquest was held by Coroner Bennett, when it was delivered to his friends, who brought it to this City for burial.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Arrival of the Overland Mail with Advices Three Days Later—The Ship Burned—Mining and Financial News—The Legislature—General Intelligence.

From Our Own Correspondent.

San Francisco, Monday, April 11, 1859.

In my letter by overland mail of the 8th I stated that the clipper ship *Moonlight*, Captain Breck, just arrived from New-York, reported the burning at sea of the New-York ship *Manitou*. Since then facts have come to light which lead to the belief that it was not the *Manitou* which was burned. Captain Breck derived his idea that it was the *Manitou* from the carpenter of his ship, who had previously sailed in the former vessel. The ship *Gray Feather*, also recently arrived, reports that on Nov. 29, (the same day that the *Moonlight* saw a burning vessel,) when in latitude 12° 52′ N., longitude 39° 29′ W., she fell in with the British ship *Meroo*, from Calcutta for London, on fire, and took off her officers and crew and landed them at Pernambuco. The discrepancy in position stated by the two reporting vessels makes it improbable that both saw the same vessel, for the *Moonlight* reports her burning ship in latitude 14° 14′ N., longitude 31° 43′ W. On the other hand, as Captain Breck states that there were several vessels in the neighborhood of the wreck seen by him, the burning of another vessel than the *Meroo* upon the 29th of November would most probably have been reported by some of them before this. In addition to this, by referring to the New-York marine news we find that the *Manitou* was spoken by a vessel arriving at your port on Nov. 30, a day later, in latitude 4° 45′ South, longitude 35° 03′ West. The ship is probably safe, although 171 days out from New-York, and considerably overdue. Let us hope that she will soon come in and quiet apprehension as to her fate. Meantime the statement of Captain Breck relieves us entirely of all fears in regard to the safety of her crew.

Our merchants and financiers are beginning to breathe a little more freely since the steamer of the 5th left, with its over $2,000,000 of treasure, which it gave them a terrible squeeze to raise. The worst troubles in financial affairs here are believed to be over for the Spring. Gold dust is coming down quite freely now from the interior, and we shall doubtless send you another two millions by the steamer of the 20th. The receipts of dust at the Branch Mint in this city, during the first week in April, exceeds the March average by about ten thousand ounces. So you perceive that our gold fields do not present very startling indications of a disposition to give out. Indeed, not a day passes that does not disclose new and rich diggings. It has become so old a story, however, that little is said about it. The miners are doing well, making from three to ten dollars per day, and occasionally doing much better. Mining, too, is attended now with less risks and deprivations than formerly, and the miners are able to live comfortably at little greater expense than laborers upon the Pacific coast. The mines still would afford abundant and profitable employment for thousands of laborers, while the agricultural lands of California offer rare inducements to those who prefer to labor in that inviting field. But more of this on some future occasion, when I can do something like justice to the subject.

Shippers to California are evidently in great danger of again overcrowding this market. The supplies of goods reaching us this year from the home Atlantic ports have been enormous, and greatly in excess of the wants of consumers, so that the prices of staple goods in very many cases are ruling below the cost of importation. The statistics of registered tonnage entered at this port show an excess during the first quarter of the current year of upwards of 50 per cent. as compared with 1858, and nearly 33⅓ per cent. as compared with 1857. True, the wants of the country are increasing somewhat, but nothing in proportion to this excess of importation. The increased consumption here is chiefly of the kinds which occupy the least space, as compared with their value, and which we cannot produce or manufacture for ourselves. Of bulky goods we are importing less every year. It is a fair estimate that we can take and pay for nine or ten cargoes per month from eastern ports, and if your shippers persist in exceeding that amount and suffer loss, we beg of them not to set it down against the honesty or prosperity of California.

A recent decision of the United States Court upon a California case of much interest to merchants may not have been noted in Eastern journals. It is the case of Brittan *vs.* the ship *Albion*. It has been the practice in San Francisco, when a ship began to discharge, for consignees to go to the agent of the vessel, *pay his freight in advance*, according to the bill of lading, and then take away his goods as fast as discharged, package by package. In this case Brittan refused to pay freight until his goods were discharged, so that he could examine them. They were accordingly put in store. When they had all been discharged Brittan tendered payment of the entire freight, but the ship's agent refused to deliver the goods unless he would also pay some sixteen dollars storage accruing upon the goods first discharged while waiting the discharge of the remainder. This Brittan refused, and libeled the ship. The Courts here gave judgment for the defendant, but the United States Supreme Court reversed the decision, holding that before a consignee can be called upon to pay his freight he is entitled to see his consignments all discharged and so placed that he can inspect them and ascertain their condition. The cost of this suit, originally involving only sixteen dollars, foots up something like ten thousand.

We have very little general news for this mail. Judge McKune, at Sacramento, has granted to J. R. Hardenbergh, Postmaster in that city, a divorce *a mensa et thoro* from his wife Eliza R. Hardenbergh for the reason that she had refused to leave her home in New-Brunswick, N. J., to join her husband in California.

The Legislature has rejected the Bachelors' Homestead bill, which proposed to give to men who prefer a life of single-blessedness, the same immunity from seizure of their homesteads, for debt, as now enjoyed by those who have the good sense to get married. The schemes for the attempted dismemberment of the State, and the creation of "Territories" in the North and South extremes, still hang, with little prospect of success. There is likely to be a lively time in the Democratic household, upon the Slavery question, before the Legislature adjourns, a Senator having given notice of resolutions disapproving of the enactment of a Congressional Slave code for Territories of the United States, and construing the Kansas-Nebraska act in accordance with the views of Mr. Douglas, and in opposition to those of Jefferson Davis and the other Southern leaders.

Capt. Dillingham, of the ship *Kit Carson*, has been arrested on a charge of cruel and unusual punishment preferred by one of his sailors. The Grand Jury have not yet acted on the case of Capt. Pendleton, but there is little doubt that he will be indicted for the homicide of the sailor Williams.

General Walker is still here, with Colonel Natzmer, living very quietly in "lodgings," and apparently doing nothing. He has many visitors, however, of the stamp fillibuster. Depend upon it, that all the rumors connecting his name with an expedition to Sonora or Arizona are erroneous. *He contemplates a renewal of his enterprise in Nicaragua, and will assuredly try his fortunes there again, soon as he sees the way open.* There is little doubt that his visit here relates to that design.

W. J. Waterman, who lived on a ranch near Crescent City, killed himself by throat-cutting a few days ago. George Muma, (or Murna,) who lately arrived in California from Canada, was frozen to death, on the 26th ult., while attempting to cross the mountains on the snow. Stephen Hayden was drowned in Rogue River by the upsetting of a canoe.

Mr. Lawson, of the Coast Survey, and a son of Professor Agassiz, are engaged in surveying the harbor of Crescent City. Mr. Agassiz has just arrived from New-York.

Theatricals are rather dull here at present, Anderson, the tragedian, and Miss Fanny Morant, have gone to Sacramento, where they are playing to good houses. Miss Annette Ince is playing at the Lyceum in this city, where it is proposed soon to bring out "Our American Cousin." At the conclusion of the performances at the American on Saturday night, Mrs. John M. Wood announced that the Theatre, under her management would be closed after that night, because Mr. Collins, who was to have appeared to-night, had broken the engagement in consequence of her refusal to sustain a minor part in the play selected. In the absence of other novelties, she had placed large dependence upon Mr. Collins, but would close rather than submit to his outrageous demands upon her professional reputation. Mr. Collins, in reply, comes out in a card, stating that the play prepared was Brougham's comedy of the "Fortune Hunter's," in which Mrs. Wood was to play the principal female part, and one which had been played by the leading lady, in all the principal theatres of the Atlantic States.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

General Review of the Political History of Mexico—Origin, Growth and Character of the Contending Parties.

From Our Special Correspondent.

Vera Cruz, Monday, April 18, 1859.

A recapitulation of the most important events in Mexican history, having in view an exposition of the origin of parties as they exist in that country at the present day, and the principles each is struggling to maintain, will doubtless be received with favor by your readers at this time. The limits of one or two articles in the crowded columns of your journal will admit of but little justice to a subject of such interest and magnitude. But if any light is thrown upon the obscure and bewildering labyrinth of Mexican politics, the writer will be satisfied.

To begin with the tangible points in this history it is necessary to state that Montezuma died a miserable death while in the hands of Cortez, Guatemozin, his successor, after a defence, one of the most heroic on record, was taken prisoner, and the great city of the Aztec Empire fell, Aug. 13, 1521, from which period, the Spaniard dates his conquest of Mexico. Guatemozin was retained by Cortez as an *ally* of Spain, and in this relation he accompanied the Spanish conqueror on his famous expedition to Honduras in 1525. While *en route*, Cortez heard of an intended rising on the part of the natives at various points in the country he had just left, and suspicion pointed to Guatemozin as the author of the plot, whereupon, the last of the Aztec Emperors was ignominiously hung by the road-side. This last terrible blow crushed what little spirit remained among the natives, and from this time, for a period of three centuries, the Spaniard held New Spain with an iron grasp. Between soldier, priest, and powerful landed proprietor, the most stupendous and wicked system of plunder the world ever saw was exercised over millions of human beings, the constitutional elements of whose character were gentleness and docility. All this was done under the cover of religious zeal and the demand of unalienable allegiance to those who claimed the Divine rights of Kings. How much can be said of the remarkable man, who, with the cross in one hand and the sword in the other, achieved this great conquest against fearful odds and obstacles!

After having fully established the Spanish power throughout New Spain, we find Cortez in 1541, at the age of 56 years, stripped of most of his honors, a volunteer in the ranks of the Spanish army and fighting the Moor under the walls of Algiers. After lingering at the Court of Spain from month to month and year to year, vainly awaiting justice at the hands of his sovereign, Cortez, now inferior and embarrassed in his pecuniary fortunes, started for the scene of his early triumphs in the New World. But at Seville, his earthly career suddenly terminated. He died Dec. 2, 1547, aged 63 years. His remains were transported to Mexico in 1562, and after being removed at intervals from point to point in that country with great pomp and ceremony, they were deposited at the Hospital of Jesus of Nazareth, City of Mexico, in 1794. Here they remained in peace until 1823, when the patriot mob, in detestation of the old Spanish race, and to commemorate the independence of the country, resolved to break open the tomb of Cortez and scatter his remains to the winds. But in this they were thwarted. The coffin containing his bones had been removed, and the last resting-place of the mouldering remains of the great *Conquistador* is not and probably never will be known. It is supposed his descendants caused them to be retransported across the Atlantic to Italy.

The successful war of Revolution on the part of the American Colonies against Great Britain was not without its effect throughout Spanish America, but it remained for the world-moving operations of Napoleon to induce the Spanish possessions in America to manifest signs of open rebellion against the Power that, for ages, had caused the moan of despair and the wail of sorrow to go up to heaven from the down-trodden nations. The first effect of the French victories in Spain and the placing of Joseph on the Castillian throne in 1808, was that of indignation on the part of the Mexicans against the foreign usurper. But after a little reflection, they began to regard matters in a different light, and the *prestige* of the Spaniard, which, up to that moment had remained unbroken, soon departed forever. From exertions to sustain the Spanish throne against the French, the Mexicans speedily merged into open revolution, not so much perhaps to entirely disenthral themselves from the dominion of Spain, as to destroy its immediate instruments of oppression, the *Gachupins*, or natives of Spain in Mexico.

An obscure, native *curé*, of the Indian village of Dolores, in the Province of Guanajuato, named Miguel Hidalgo, headed the first Mexican revolution, which broke out in 1810. Under the cry of "Death to the *Gachupins*," and the lead of Hidalgo, the natives rallied, and, for a season, waged a sanguinary and successful conflict against Spaniard and Creole. This movement was partially crushed by the Viceroy Calleja. He captured Hidalgo and carried him to the City of Chihuahua, where, after being degraded from holy orders, the revolutionary priest was shot July 27, 1811. A guerilla warfare followed, which, in 1812, came to a head under the lead of Morales, another native *curé*, who, aided by Matamoras, followed in the footsteps of Hidalgo, and continued the contest against the loyalists until November, 1815, when, after performing prodigies of valor, this great chief was betrayed into the hands of the Spanish General Concha, at Tesmaluca, Province of Puebla. Morales was sent to the capital, tried, and condemned to be shot. He was taken to the hospital of St. Cristoval for execution, Dec. 22, 1815. After dining, he bound the handkerchief around his head, kneeled, and ejaculating, "Lord, if I have done well thou knowest it," gave the fatal signal to his executioners, and thus calmly and heroically the soldier-priest met his fate. Matamoras had previously been taken prisoner and shot by Iturbide, who here makes his first appearance on the stage, a zealous loyalist.

The death of Morales for a time crushed the hopes and paralyzed the efforts of the insurgents. But the spirit of revolution burned as fiercely as ever. Rebel chiefs appeared at various points. Among them was that indomitable and daring patriot, Guadalupe Victoria, of whom mention is first made as a soldier under Morales. This revolutionary chief, through a period of several years, is found at the head of guerilla parties, waging a bitter but unequal contest against the Spaniard; or a refugee, fleeing from mountain to mountain, naked, starving, and hunted like a wild beast by his bloodthirsty pursuers.

Xavier Mina, another guerilla chief, appeared as a revolutionary leader in April, 1817, and at the head of a brave band, principally North Americans, met with so much success as to bring against him the combined efforts of the loyalist forces. Mina was betrayed by a friar, taken prisoner and shot by order of the Viceroy Apodaca, November 1817.

From 1810 to 1821, a sanguinary and cruel war waged throughout Mexico. It commenced a war of castes, the native against the Spaniard. Up to this period, Spain had rigidly adhered to the policy of placing *all* civil power in the hands of native Spaniards. No one born in Mexico was allowed to participate in the administration of the government of the country in the slightest degree. The Gachupins were the kings and nobles of the land. The Creoles even, descendants of the Spaniards, members of their own families, were, under the universal system of degradation, made to feel an inferiority of birth. But at the commencement of the revolution under Hidalgo, the Creoles were found fighting side by side with the Spaniards. The spirit of liberty, however, became infectious, and by degrees this intermediate class went over to the insurgents, and joined them in their efforts to conquer the common oppressor. This, with the operation of the Constitution given to Mexico by the consent of the Cortes of Spain in 1812, which pretended to relieve the people of their grievances, and did in reality curtail somewhat the power of the Viceroy, so alarmed Apodaca, the incumbent of that office in 1821, that he resolved to restore the absolute power of the King of Spain, and to this end proposed to Iturbide, a Creole of elegant person, polished manners and liberal education, to head the loyalist army then on the West coast, and proclaim the restoration of the *absolute* authority of the King of Spain over Mexico.

Iturbide accepted, but to the terror of Apodaca, and the profound astonishment of all, the Creole whom Apodaca regarded as a pliant tool in his hands brought forth in the small town of Iguala, February 24, 1821, that famous document known as the "Plan of Iguala," the first article of which declared as follows: "*The Mexican nation is independent of the Spanish nation, and of every other, even on its own Continent.*" Thus Apodaca's weapons were turned upon himself, and by this movement, instead of binding anew Mexico to Spain, he suddenly and effectually caused to be declared the great fact that the power which had for the space of three centuries reigned supreme over Mexico, *had no authority, and was in reality deposed.* This event forms one of the most singular and remarkable points in the strange history of Mexico.

The year 1821 is one of note in Mexican history. It gave birth to the downfall of Spanish power, the first dismemberment of territory in the cession of Florida to the United States, and the contract with Moses Williams, a native of Connecticut, by which he obtained the right to settle lands in Texas with three hundred foreign families, and from which followed such important results both to Mexico and the United States. Iturbide's "Plan of Iguala" did not contemplate a Republic. It was framed with the view of combining the support of all parties and races. The "three Guaranties," called "Independence, Roman Catholicity and Union," under a limited monarchy, formed the gist of the "Plan."

Article 8 reads as follows:

> "His Majesty Ferdinand VII. shall be invited to the throne of the Empire, and in case of his refusal the Infantes Don Carlos and Don Francisco de Paula."

The plan of Iguala did not meet with that unanimous support its authors anticipated. Nevertheless, it had the effect to completely and forever sever the connection between Mexico and Spain. Apodaca, paralyzed in the Capital, was speedily deposed; and Iturbide, having seized a large amount of money, and being sustained by Guerrero and other patriot chiefs, obtained, for a time, general control of the country. Spain, of course, refused to acknowledge the plan of Iguala, and sent out Juan O'Donoju to fill the place of Apodaca as Viceroy. Finding the whole country united against him, O'Donoju, in the name of his master, recognized the independence of Mexico.

The first Mexican Congress met on the 24th of February, 1822, and here appeared the germs of all those evils which, from that period, have continued to afflict Mexico. No sooner was the power of Spain cast off, than bitter, internal dissensions commenced. After various disgraceful bickerings, Iturbide, on the night of the 18th of May, 1822, was proclaimed Emperor, in front of his palace, by a band of *leperos.* Receiving his cue from this nauseous source, Iturbide assumed imperial power under the title of Agustin the First. His reign was brief.

The following November, Gen. Garza in the North, headed a revolt. Santa Anna, Governor of Vera Cruz, now appears prominent for the first time in Mexican history, as pronouncing against Iturbide—and to Santa Anna, more than any one else, probably, may be ascribed the system of pronunciamientos so prevalent in Mexico. Guadalupe Vittoria, the rebel patriot, a second Nebuchadnezzar, in his mountain fastness, naked and hairy, subsisting on roots and berries, now came forth and took up arms against the Emperor, who, unable to stem the torrent, abdicated March 8, 1823. On attempting to re-enter the country clandestinely, in July of the following year, the ex-Emperor was encountered and recognized by Garza, who dispatched him to the authorities of Tamaulipas, where he was immediately executed,—two balls taking effect in his brain and two in his heart. Thus ended the career of Iturbide who so suddenly and unexpectedly shifted the royal power of Spain to his own shoulders.

After much labor and manœuvering on the part of those who now appeared as republican leaders,—such as Vittoria, Bustamente, Bravo, Santa Anna, Pedaza, Guerrero and others,—a Federal Constitution, framed partly upon the model of that of the United States, was brought forth on the 4th of October, 1824; and early in 1825, the first General Republican Congress assembled in the City of Mexico, and proclaimed Guadalupe Vittoria President, and Nicholas Bravo Vice-President.

We have now come to a period in the history of Mexico to which all who take any interest in the country ought to give their particular attention. We find Guadalupe Vittoria, after strange vicissitudes of fortune, elected President by a Republican Congress of the country in accordance with a federal constitution. The insurrection in 1810, headed by Hidalgo, having in view the extermination of the Gachupins, had resulted in a general struggle for independence, which appeared to be crowned with final success on the elevation of Vittoria to the Presidency. It is true, independence of Spain and a monarchy had been gained, but not independence of deep-seated and powerful elements of evil. A rich, bigoted and vicious Church remained to the exclusion of all others. The Gachupins and other *monarquistos* remained. Slavery, against which a decided opposition existed, remained and was tolerated. The federal constitution of 1824 found the Mexican nation heir, politically and socially, to the worst vices of Old Spain. The new country cut adrift from the old, but not until after the poison had taken effect in every artery of the body politic and social. Disaffected priests and monarchists, army officers worse than useless in their ripeness for any thing like anarchy and revolt, were found at all points. The commerce and trade of the country were prostrate, and the public finances at the lowest ebb. The foundation of the great national debt which now bears so hard upon the country had been laid. Two loans with the houses of Goldsmit and Barclay, of London, were consummated in the years 1823 and 1824, for which Mexico issued her evidence of indebtedness to the extent of $32,000,000, receiving only therefor the net sum of $11,294,314.

Vittoria soon found himself, so to speak, in a hornet's nest. It was discovered in 1826 that party leaders were hatching unconstitutional schemes in the secret halls of Masonic institutions, and both parties eventually ranged themselves within rival lodges, known as the Escoceses and the Yorkinos. The former lodge included those in favor of a limited monarchy, the dignitaries of the Church, opulent landowners and miners, and the higher officers of the army. The Yorkinos were the most numerous. They included the great body of the people scattered throughout the country, who had, from the commencement, struggled for independence and a pure republican government. Here the foundation of parties, as they exist at the present day, was laid. Through all the different governments Mexico has had from that day to this, numbering between thirty and forty, through all their somersaults, tergiversations and thimble-rig performances, the lines between the two parties have been clearly and distinctly maintained. The concentration of wealth and power in the capital of the country, have given the old Escoceses, or Centralists, the advantage, and, except at slight intervals, they have ruled the country, or rather maintained a state of anarchy, up to the present time. The Yorkinos, or Liberals, though strong in numbers, and comprehending about all the honesty and patriotism to be found in the country, have been unsuccessful solely through the lack of union.

Vittoria, of course, belonged to the Yorkinos. He was powerfully supported by Santa Anna and Guerrero. But at the close of Vittoria's administration in 1827, the Escoceses prevailed. Their candidate, Gomez Pedraza, was elected by two votes over his Yorkino opponent. This result led to greater political animosities than ever, and Spain, who had been closely watching the internal dissensions of Mexico, now conceived the project of reconquering her ancient colonies. For this purpose, forces were organized in Cuba, but the attempt was speedily and successfully crushed by the distinguished American, Commodore Porter, whose services the Mexicans had secured, as commander of the Mexican fleet in the Gulf.

Mitla.

Gov. McWillie, of Miss., has appointed a delegation of 307 to represent that State in the convention which assembles at Vicksburg on the 9th of May.

RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS.

The Late Right Rev. Bishop Doane.

COMMEMORATIVE DISCOURSE BY THE REV. V. BRUCE, OF HOBOKEN.

The Rev. V. Bruce, Rector of St. Paul's Church, in Hoboken, last Sunday delivered a discourse commemorative of the late Right Rev. Bishop Doane. His text was taken from Exodus, 33d chapter and 14th verse: "My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest." These words, said the speaker, were the voice from on high which sustained and comforted Moses in his work of love for the Israelites. They enabled him to persevere and to surmount all difficulties in performing the arduous task imposed upon him. Strive as we may to repress it, the announcement can no longer be kept back that "the Bishop is at rest." Though none may attempt to do full justice to the work accomplished by the one who for years had been the annointed Bishop of this Diocese, each can tell of the glimpses he has caught of the chief Pastor that the gathering together of their separate views hereafter may reveal a vision which otherwise would have been unenjoyed. More than a quarter of a century ago Bishop Doane left an opulent parish in the City of Boston, where he was admired and loved, and entered upon the rectorship of St. Mary's Church in Burlington. At the same time he was consecrated as Bishop of this Diocese Then it contained less than one-fourth its present number of parishes, ministers and communicants. Church fellowship and principle were alike unknown. Despite the difficulties with which he had to contend, Bishop D. entered upon the discharge of his duties fearlessly. Obloquy and resistance met him at every step, but he acted out the motto which he had chosen—"Right onward." Discovering that he could not be faithful to his parish if he were faithful to his diocese, he transferred the duties and emoluments of the former to an assistant, and gave himself up entirely to the latter. The most beneficent results were the consequence of his energetic labors. Five years after his consecration, being convinced that a principle which he had long cherished—the evangelization of the people—could not be put in practice through the instrumentality of adults alone, Bishop D. established St. Mary's Hall, an institution designed for the education of young ladies. God's blessing rested upon the institution. But the Bishop was not yet satisfied. Labors which would have pressed heavily on two ordinary men were borne lightly by him. Fourteen years after his consecration as Bishop he laid the corner stone of Burlington College, wishing to apply to boys the same principles he had so successfully applied to girls. For sixteen years the College has been doing its work. Its graduates are now in every calling of life, and they all thank God that he intrusted to a mere man ability for so much good. While all these works were going on, Bishop D. accomplished the enlargement of the old and subsequently the erection of a new parish Church. But were these things accomplished without prayer to God? without trial? without labor and love? No! The Ruler of all permitted His living child to be tried. Obligations assumed by the Bishop matured during an unanticipated illness. No one but himself could attend to them, and bankruptcy came upon him. All that he had he gave up. He even mortgaged his wife's life annuity. Noble men stepped forward. They contributed largely of their own means to relieve Bishop D.'s embarrassments, and by their munificent liberality enabled him to continue the Christian education of his sons and daughters. the pupils of St. Mary's Hall and Burlington College. Never, during the whole course of his labors was he absent from a General or Diocesan Convention; nor did he ever fail in an appointment, save through providential interposition. In the House of Bishops he was a leader. He originated modes of improvement, checked innovations, or enforced the observance of neglected duties with a readiness and ability which almost always insured the success of his cause. Mr. Bruce then alluded to the prominent characteristics of Bishop Doane, as set forth in public and private life; his frankness both with clergy and people; the fidelity of his friendship; the clearness and conciseness of his mode of sermonizing, and the mildness of his disposition, never allowing himself to be betrayed into an unkind remark with reference to those who opposed him and cast obloquy upon him. All he feared was that in this life the joy might be taken from him of teaching his people to live holily here, and then to enter into Paradise. The Reverend speaker then related some interesting incidents of Bishop Doane's last illness.

Two weeks ago, while he was engaged in the southern portion of his diocese, he was prostrated by illness. His body became so enfeebled by pain that it ceased to be the faithful informant of his mind. Then it was he imagined himself in the presence of his Convention. He made an address to them—an address in the opinion of those who heard it which was excelled by nothing but inspiration. Soon after he thought that the son came to him who had renounced his allegiance to the Episcopal Church. "George," said he, "you have killed me twice." He imagined then that his enemies had triumphed and secured his degradation. "I stood up," said he, "until Judge Ogden and Condit deserted me, and then I gave up." Judge Ogden a moment afterward, during the hallucination, came to testify his love. "Judge Ogden," said the Bishop, still laboring under the sad impression, "I receive you as a friend receives a friend." So vigorous was his mind when it resumed its sway that hopes were entertained one week ago on Saturday of his recovery. The physicians perceived on the Wednesday following that his strength was failing, and intimated the fact to him. "Gentlemen," he replied, "I understand you. Call the family; call the clergy; call all that can come. Minister me the Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Christ." It was done. He then desired his children to bow their heads towards him. Extending his hands he invoked and pronounced the blessing. The last word was scarcely uttered before his hands descended gently, and the Bishop of New-Jersey fell asleep in Jesus. "My presence,"—even in the instance of Moses was it more graciously fulfilled?—"My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest."

Annual Meeting of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions.

The annual meeting of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church was held on Sunday evening, in the Presbyterian Church, corner of Fifth-avenue and Twelfth-street. The attendance was quite large, and much interest was evinced during the preaching of the Anniversary Sermon, by the Rev. Dr. Hall, of Princeton. The twenty-second annual report was read by the Rev. Dr. Lowrey, of which the following is an abstract:

Missions—These are found among seven of the Indian tribes; in South America, at two important cities in different countries; in Western Africa, at several places in Liberia, and near the equator; in North India, at three stations; in Siam; in China, at three large cities, with a mission to the Chinese in California; among the Jews; and in Europe, by means of pecuniary aid furnished to Evangelical Societies, in France, Belgium, Holland, Geneva, and the Waldensian Synod. Connected with these missions, but not including the European, there are 73 ordained ministers, 27 lay assistants, 101 female assistants, 52 native assistants, 1,158 communicants, and 2,310 scholars. The actual number of native assistants, church members and scholars are larger than these returns—reports not having been received from some of the stations.

New Missions.—Three new missions are to be formed in South America, in Western Africa and in Japan. For Japan, a medical missionary and his wife have embarked within a fortnight, and they will be joined by a minister and his wife from one of the missions in China. For Brazil, which is also a new field of missionary labor, and for new stations in Africa four ministers will go forth in a few weeks.

Missionaries Sent Out.—The missionaries and assistant missionaries sent out last year were in all twenty six—seven of whom were returning to their stations with improved health. Of the whole number seven were ministers, four laymen, and fifteen the wives of missionaries, or teachers.

Finances.—The receipts from all sources, including special funds for India are $230,030 57

The expenditures 222,244 75

Balance $7,765 82

being unexpended special funds for India.

In view of the severe pecuniary pressure which has been felt in a large part of the country, the financial position of the Board is a very gratifying one. It is free from debt; and the self-denying liberality which most of the churches making donations have shown, gives the promise of continued and increased pecuniary support.

Enlarged Efforts.—The settlement of late disturbances in India places the missionary and the native Christian on more advantageous ground than was ever before within their reach, for the spread of the Gospel among the dense masses of the people of that country. The late treaties with China have given entrance to a country, which is a world in itself. The empire of Japan no longer closes the door against foreigners. In Africa and South America, new ground should be occupied. In ending one missionary year, and entering upon another, therefore, the Church represented by this Board is called and encouraged to make vigorous, hearty, and hopeful efforts to extend the knowledge of the Gospel among all nations.

Annual Sermon and Sunday School Anniversary at Dr. Tyng's Church.

The Rev. Dr. Tyng, Sunday morning, preached his Annual Sermon, at St. George's (Episcopal) Church, before a very large congregation. He took his text from Acts xxvi., 16: "But rise and stand upon thy feet, for I have appeared unto thee for this purpose to make thee a minister and a witness both of these things which thou hast seen and of those things in the which I will appear unto thee." Thirty years had elapsed, he said, since he was called from a pastoral charge in the country, eight years after he first entered the pulpit in the District of Columbia, to the cares of a City ministry. In 1829 he was called to the pulpit of St. Paul's Church in Philadelphia, where he preached for four years and a half; then he was pastor of the Church of the Epiphany in Philadelphia, to his connection with which Church he should always look back with pleasure; and in 1845 the pastor of St. George's Church having died, he was unexpectedly called to this Church. Here he had troubles and trials and toils, but the storm which at the time their present edifice was built frowned heavily, had cleared away, and he had around him a congregation in whose midst he rejoiced to be, and not one member of which, so far as he knew, regarded him with other than feelings of love. He recapitulated the confirmations, baptisms and marriages solemnized by him since he first entered a City pulpit, and the total amount of collections made under his ministry during the thirty years. Time would not permit him on this occasion to enunciate the principles which had guided him in his ministry, but this he promised to do next Sunday morning.

In the afternoon the Tenth Anniversary of the Sunday Schools of St. George's Church was celebrated. The building was crowded with people. In the body of the house were the Sunday school children and their teachers, and their friends occupied the galleries. The exercises consisted of singing by the children, and an address to the little ones by the Rev. Dr. Tyng. He stated that there were 1,564 children with their teachers present, attached to the Sunday-School and the various Mission Schools. He related several incidents illustrating the Providence of God, and bade them remember that his protecting hand was always over them. After the hymn which followed, children delegated from each of the Schools came forward bearing missionary offerings contributed for the erection of a new Mission Chapel at the corner of Nineteenth-street and First-avenue, built entirely at the expense of the children of these Sabbath Schools. Most of the contributions were buried in bouquets, and attached to them were labels announcing the amount contributed, and inscribed with selections from Scripture or appropriate stanzas, which the Pastor read aloud as he received them. The largest amount contributed by any one School was $200, and the least $3. The whole amounted to $3,719 53. Next the distribution of books presented to the children by Dr. Tyng, took place, and the interesting exercises were closed with a benediction.

Programme of the Anniversary Meetings for 1859.

SATURDAY, MAY 7.

American Baptist Free Mission Society.—In Metropolitan Hall, Jersey City, at 10½ o'clock A. M. To continue three days.

SUNDAY, MAY 8.

P. E. Church Missionary Society for Seamen in the City and Port of New-York.—In St. George's Church, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Home Missionary Society.—Sermon by the Rev. William T. Dwight, D. D., of Portland, Me., Madison-square Presbyterian Church, at 7½ o'clock A. M.

American F. G. Society and Home of Friendless.—At 7½ o'clock P. M., Dr. Parker's Church, corner Fourth-avenue and Twenty-second-street. Dr. Asa D. Smith, Dr. Hague and others will address the meeting. The children will be present.

MONDAY, MAY 9.

New-York Magdalen Society.—At the Asylum, Eighty-eighth-street, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Union Theological Society.—In the Mercer street Presbyterian Church, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Seamen's Friend Society.—Presbyterian Church Fourteenth-street, corner of Second-avenue, the Rev. A. D. Smith's, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Baptist Free Mission Society.—The Rev. George B. Cheever will preach before the Society at 7½ P. M., in Metropolitan Hall, Jersey City.

TUESDAY, MAY 10.

American Anti-Slavery Society.—In the City Assembly Rooms, Broadway, above Canal street, at 10 o'clock A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M. William Lloyd Garrison will preside.

American and Foreign Christian Union.—In St. Paul's M. E. Church, Fourth-avenue and Twenty-second-street, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Baptist Consolidation Convention.—Oliver-street Baptist Church, at 10 o'clock A. M. To continue two days.

New-York Institution for the Blind.—Exhibition in Academy of Music, Fourteenth street, at 4 o'clock P. M.

Ladies M. E. Home Mission in Five Points.—Academy of Music, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Congregational Union.—Sermon by President Woolsey, of Yale College, in Tabernacle, Broadway and Thirty-fourth street, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

New-York State Colonization Society.—In Reformed Dutch Church, Lafayette-place, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

New-York Sunday School Union.—General Anniversary in the Cooper Institute, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11.

American Tract Society.—Academy of Music. Business meeting for election of officers etc., at 9 o'clock A. M. Public meeting same place at 10 o'clock A. M.

Church Anti-Slavery Society.—Church of the Puritans, 10 o'clock A. M. Addresses by Dr. Cheever and others.

American Anti-Slavery Society.—Second day.—City Assembly Rooms, at 10 o'clock A. M.

African Civilization Society.—Church of the Puritans, at 3½ o'clock P. M. Addresses by the Rev. Henry Wilkes, D. D., Theodore L. Cuyler, H. H. Garnet and others.

American Temperance Union.—Hall of the Union, Cooper Institute, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

American Home Missionary Society.—Anniversary Exercises in Church of the Puritans, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

New-York Young Men's Christian Union.—Dodworth's Hall, Broadway, near Grace Church at 7½ o'clock P. M.

THURSDAY, MAY 12.

American Bible Society.—Anniversary in the Academy of Music, at 10 o'clock A. M. The officers, members, and delegates meet in the Bible-House, Astor-place, for business, at 9 o'clock A. M.

American and Foreign Bible Society.—South Baptist church, Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue, at 10 o'clock A. M. Business meeting at 9 o'clock A. M. Sermon by Dr. Bowling in the evening.

American Tract Society of Boston.—Church of the Puritans, Union-square, at 10 o'clock A. M. Addresses expected from the Rev. Dr. Kirk, Henry Ward Beecher, and others.

American Congregational Union.—Meeting for choice of officers and other business, 3 o'clock P. M., at the City Assembly-Rooms, No. 448 Broadway.

New-York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.—Exhibition in Academy of Music, at 4 o'clock P. M.

Five Points House of Industry.—Academy of Music, at 7½ o'clock P. M. Good speaking and singing expected.

Congregational Collation.—City Assembly-Rooms, Broadway, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

National Womans Rights' Association.—Mozart Hall, Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity streets, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

FRIDAY, MAY 13.

American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.—Academy of Music, Fourteenth street, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

American Baptist Home Mission Society.—Calvary Baptist church, Twenty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, at 10½ o'clock, A. M. Three days.

New-York Young Men's Christian Union.—Social meeting in Lodworth's Hall, Broadway, 7½ o'clock, P. M.

SATURDAY, MAY 14.

American Baptist Historical Society.—Tabernacle Baptist church, Second avenue, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., Dr. Hague in the chair. Oration by the Rev. S. S. Cutting, on "The Province and Uses of Baptist History."

SUNDAY, MAY 15.

American Baptist Publication Society.—Tabernacle Baptist church (Dr. Lathrop's.) Sermon by the Rev. Robert Turnbull, D. D., of Conn., at 3 o'clock P. M.

MONDAY, MAY 16.

American Baptist Publication Society.—Business meeting in Tabernacle Baptist church (Dr. Lathrop's) at 10 o'clock A. M.

TUESDAY, MAY 17.

American Baptist Missionary Union.—Meeting of Board of Managers in First Baptist church, Broome-street, at 10 o'clock A. M.

THURSDAY, MAY 19.

American Baptist Missionary Union.—Annual meeting, First Church, at 10½ o'clock A. M.

LAW REPORTS.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Judges Roosevelt, Pratt and Ingraham.

Nelson Plate vs. J. Spaulding Reynolds et al.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

In re the Appeal of Emma A. Cunningham.—Order of Surrogate affirmed with costs.

CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Clerke.

TWO HUNDRED POLICE CASES IN COURT.

The People ex rel., Patrick Daly and two hundred others vs. The Board of Police.—On the application of Messrs. Beebe, Dean and Donahue, counsel for a large portion of the old Police, the Court issued two hundred writs of alternative *mandamus*, to compel the restoration of the relators to their offices as Policemen and the payment of their salaries as such, or to show cause to the contrary.

James B. Wilson et al. vs. Ann Stryker.—Motion for injunction denied without costs or prejudice to plaintiffs' right to renew application on amendment of complaint.

John Macgregor et al. vs. James Dunn.—Motion denied without costs.

Caroline Dunn vs. George Dunn.—Judgment of divorce granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Slosson.

D. W. Corbin vs. James M. Smith.—Case settled.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Hilton.

McLeod vs. Westervelt.—Motion granted.

Recent Cases.

FORFEITED RECOGNIZANCES—WHEN FORFEITURE WILL BE REMITTED.

The People vs. Peter Hefferan and Mary Ann Smith.—(Common Pleas, Special Term.)—This was a motion to remit a forfeiture of recognizance.

Hilton, J.—The defendant, Hefferan, entered into a recognizance for the appearance of Mary Ann Smith for trial in the Court of Sessions upon an indictment for grand larceny. She failed to appear, and the recognizance was forfeited. Judgment having been entered thereon, this Court is asked by the defendant Hefferan to remit the forfeiture, upon the ground that since her failure to so appear he has made efforts to find her, but cannot—*but he has no doubt that he will be able to do so*; and in his affidavit it is further said he does not believe her to be guilty of the charge.

I do not think that the papers show sufficient reasons for granting this motion. Those urged might exist in any case. He undertook to hold Mary Ann Smith for trial, and should have taken precautionary measures to prevent her escape; and his relationship to her is such that it leads me to presume that he might have prevented it had he so desired. Upon these applications the Court does not inquire as to the supposed guilt of the party indicted—nor as to whether the amount of bail required and given was unusually large, as is claimed in this case. The Court only looks to see whether the circumstances, as shown, are such as would justify the exercise of its discretion in remitting the forfeiture. Motion denied.

PRACTICE—VERIFYING ANSWER.

Wolcott et al. vs. Winston et al.—(Supreme Court, Special Term.)—This was an action to set aside an assignment as fraudulent. The complaint averred that some five years ago the defendants failed and made an assignment of their property, representing that it would be sufficient to pay all their debts, instead of which the assigned property had never yet produced anything; and charged that the assignment was fraudulently made. The complaint was duly verified; but defendants served an unverified answer, claiming that the averments of the complaint amount to a criminal charge, in respect of which they would be excused from testifying.

Roosevelt, J.—The defendants, I think, were bound to verify their answer. The matter of the complaint involved no charge of felony. And even if it might be construed, as I think it could not, into a criminal misdemeanor, yet as the Code (§157) provides that no pleading in a civil suit can be used in any criminal prosecution as proof against the party, the defendants would incur no risk, if their statements were true, in swearing to them. Their oath could only be used in this action. And 2 R. S., 405, provides that a witness shall not be excused from answering on the ground merely that his answer may subject him to a debt or civil suit. The act of 1854, therefore, which gives the defendants the privilege of witnesses, does not exempt them from the obligation to verify their pleading.

The answer objected to must be stricken out, (and judgment rendered for plaintiffs,) unless it be duly verified, or another in its stead, in ten days from the service of this order.

Buckham, Smales & Greene for plaintiffs; Tracy, Wait & Olmsted for defendants.

THROWING SNOW OFF OF HOUSETOPS—LEGAL LIABILITY FOR INJURIES DONE.

Althof and Warner vs. Wolf.—(Common Pleas, General Term.)—This action was brought by the representatives of one Warner, to recover damages under the statute for his death, as caused by the unlawful act or neglect of defendant.

The facts were that, on the day of Mr. Warner's death, the defendant, who was a householder in this City, directed his servant, Michael Fagan to clear the snow off of his (the defendant's) house. Fagan procured another man, named Cashan, to help him, and the two commenced shoveling the snow from the roof, throwing it into the street. Some of the snow, or snow and ice, thus thrown fell upon the head of Mr. Warner, as he was passing along on the sidewalk below, and killed him. It appeared that Cashan went about the work merely to oblige his friend Fagan; but it could not be ascertained, which of the two men threw the identical shovelful which caused the death.

At the time of the accident Mr. Warners's life was insured for the benefit of his wife, and she has since been paid the proceeds of the policy, $2,400.

The defence made chiefly three points—

1. That, if the Jury should find for the plaintiff, they should take into consideration, in assessing damages, the money received from the Insurance Company.

2. That, as the defendant did not authorize Fagan to employ Cashan, he was not liable for the act or negligence of Cashan. The burden of proof was on plaintiffs to show that the death was caused by Fagan and not by Cashan, and, if they were in doubt as to this, they must give defendant the benefit of the doubt.

3. That defendant could not be held liable even for the act or neglect of Fagan, his servant, he himself was privy to it, and directed or knowingly assented to the particular mode adopted by his servant of removing the snow from the roof.

Held by the Court, Brady, J. delivering the opinion:

1. That the jury ought not, in assessing damages, to take into consideration the insurance money received by plaintiffs. Maisen vs. Simsoury, 3 Dougl., 61; Clarke vs. Inhabitants of Blything, 2 Bam. & Co., 254; Yates vs. Whyte, 4 Bingh., N. C., 272. Without reference to these adjudications, there were principles springing from the relations of the parties and the statute creating the right of action in favor of the plaintiffs, which forbade the consideration of any benefit elsewhere received. Jane C. Warner was entitled to the whole benefit of the policy of insurance. It was for her benefit alone, and it was secured by the payment of a premium to which the defendant did not contribute. But the benefit, growing out of the right of action now sought to be enforced, were not given to her by the statute, but were given to the widow and next of kin, and did not arise upon any common law liability. They were, therefore, *res inter alios acta*. The case was very different from that which would be presented for an injury to a chattel, and it rested upon a statute, the object of which was to punish the wrong-doer, who, by his carelessness, destroyed life. There was no privity between him and the insurance company; and they could not repair the injuries caused by the defendant. They could not restore to the widow and next of kin of the deceased, the society, advice, and protection which he could have afforded them, aside from the pecuniary losses incident to the deprivation which his death occasioned.

2. That the defendant was liable in damages whether the death of Warner was caused by the act of Fagan in throwing snow, or by that of Cashan. Fagan was engaged in removing the snow from the defendant's house, and by his express direction, when Warner was killed. It was true that Fagan had asked Cashan to help him, but this did not change defendant's responsibility—(I Blackstone Com. 431.) The following cases illustrate the doctrine that where the master has intrusted a servant with the performance of a service, it is no answer in an action brought to recover damages resulting from the manner in which the service is performed, that the servant acted improperly in the performance of it; the master must respond because he has put it in the power of the servant to do the injury. (Bush vs. Steinman, 1 Bos. and P., 404; Randleson vs. Murray, 8 Ad. and E., 109; Stone vs. Cartwright, 6 T. R., 411; Sloath vs. Wilson, 9 Carr and P., 607; Borth vs. Mista, 7 Carrs and P., 66.) The defendant here did not part with the control of the work. Fagan was his coachman, and was directed to remove the snow. He was intrusted with the duty and the manner of doing it, no specific directions having been given. He sought the aid of another, with whom he acted in concert, both being engaged at the same time and acting in the same manner in removing the snow. It was wholly immaterial whether the death of Mr. Warner was occasioned by either Fagan or Cashan. The employment and direction was general, and it was not necessary to show that the master was privy to the negligence of his servant, nor need the manner in which a service is performed, under a general direction, be assented to by the master, in order to charge him for injuries resulting from the manner adopted.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Friday, May 6, 1859—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce, since our last, have been 132 bbls. Ashes, 6,034 bbls. Flour, 120 bbls. and 802 bags Corn Meal, 450 bushels Malt, 5,199 pkgs. of Provisions, 177 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are selling, in lots, at $5 75 for Pots and Pearls. ꝑ 100 ℔s.

COFFEE.—Sales, to-day, 100 mats Java, at 15c.; 433 bags Maracaibo, at 11c.@12¼c.; 300 bags Rio, at 11¾c.@12c.; and 600 bags skimmings do., at 10¼@10¾c. ꝑ ℔.

COTTON.—A very limited business has been transacted, to-day, at irregular prices, pending the receipt of the *Niagara's* mails.

FISH—Dry Cod are in pretty good request, at $3 75@$4 12½, chiefly at $4, ꝑ cwt. Massachusetts Mackerel are attracting more attention, including large No. 1 at $16 75 ꝑ bbl. Other kinds are in moderate demand at previous quotations.

FIRE CRACKERS—Sales have been reported of 2,000 boxes Canton, No. 1, 40 packs, at $2 10 ꝑ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market is quite active, to-day, for desirable lots of State and Western Flour. The demand is brisk for home use. A good speculative inquiry also prevails. The current receipts are very moderate, and the available supplies are diminishing. Holders are getting, to-day, an advance of 5c.@15c. ꝑ bbl. on yesterday's rates, and generally manifest no remarkable eagerness to sell even at the improved prices, as they anticipate a further rise. The better qualities of State, superfine and extra, as well as extra Ohio, and medium grades of extra St. Louis, have been the favorites with buyers to-day. Sales have been reported since our last of 19,500 bbls

Unsound Flour, ꝑ bbl	$3 50@$5 20
Poor to good Superfine State	5 30@ 5 85
Very good to very choice do	5 90@ 6 25
Extra State	6 55@ 6 80
Superfine Western	5 50@ 6 20
Fancy Western	6 25@ 6 35
Extra Indiana and Michigan	6 50@ 7 75
Low to very choice Extra Ohio	6 80@ 7 85
Fancy Genesee	6 60@ 6 70
Extra Genesee	7 15@ 8 25
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	7 20@ 9 00

Referring to our highest quotations for very choice superfine State, we may here remark that only small lots have been sold thereat. The bulk of the sales of shipping brands of regularly inspected round-hoop extra Ohio, to-day, were quoted within a range of from $6 90@$7 15 ꝑ bbl. Southern Flour is in lively demand to-day, at improved prices. Sales since our last, 6,700 bbls., in lots, at $6 50@$7 for mixed and straight brands, and $7 05@$8 75 for low fancy to very choice extra brands, ꝑ bbl. Canadian is selling in small lots, at $6 60@$7 50 for extra, ꝑ bbl. Rye Flour is in request, at $3 75@$4 65 for fine to superfine, ꝑ bbl. Corn Meal continues salable and firm, at $3 95@$4 for Jersey; $4 35@$4 40 for Brandywine, ꝑ bbl., and $19 75@$20 for the latter. in puncheons.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in fair demand, at full and buoyant prices for really sound lots. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 26,500 bushels, including good White Michigan, at $1 65; prime mixed Illinois, (a small lot.) at $1 46; good red Western, (Winter.) at $1 52@$1 53; unsound Chicago Spring, at 90c.; and (250 bushels) very choice White Kentucky, at $1 98 ꝑ bushel. Corn is sparingly offered and is in request, at a shade firmer prices. Sales have been reported of 16,500 bushels, at 89c.@90c., chiefly at 89c. for Red mixed Western; 90c. for fair White Northern; 92c.@93c. for good to prime yellow Northern; and (nominally,) 91c.@93c. for Yellow Jersey and Southern, ꝑ bushel. The latter is nearly out of market. Rye is scarce and wanted, at 88c.@90c. ꝑ bushel; holders ask more. Barley is in fair request, at 60c.@78c. for inferior to choice State, Canadian and California, ꝑ bushel; sales 15,000 bushels. Oats are in lively demand, at improved prices, including Canadian, at 61c.@62½c.; Western at 60c.@62c.; State at 57c.@59½c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 53c.@57c.; Southern at 50c.@55c. ꝑ bushel Mr. Wm. G. Cutting notices the week's business in Breadstuffs, thus: "State and Western Flour has been in lively demand throughout the week. Light receipts and diminishing supplies have increased the confidence of holders, who have advanced their prices materially for all the principal brands. The demand has been chiefly for the home trade, but to some extent on speculation and for shipment. Yesterday's transactions were to a liberal extent, the market closing buoyant at a further advance. Southern Flour has advanced materially, and with an active demand closes buoyantly. The supply of Canadian Flour has been light, and prices remain nominal. Rye Flour remains steady, with a fair demand. Corn Meal has been in moderate request, and closes firmly. The market for Wheat was more animated during the week past, and better prices have been realized. The demand has been mainly for the local and interior trade. The available supply of desirable lots has become very much reduced, and holders are demanding extreme prices. The improvement in flour has tended to increase their confidence. The transactions yesterday were to a fair extent, the market closing firmly. Corn has been more active, and prices have advanced 3c. to 5c. ꝑ bushel. The supply is limited, and the demand fair for the regular trade, with a moderate inquiry for speculation. The market closes firm. Oats have been in better demand at advancing prices, closing buoyantly.

HIDES—The warlike news from Europe has had a tendency to depress the market, and to effect sales lower prices would have to be accepted. The stock is increasing and the receipts continue heavy. The stock on hand is 63,100 Hides. Imports this month, 270,000 Hides. Sales 2,000 Dry Buenos Ayres, 21½ ℔s., at 27c.@27½c., 8 months; 4,000 Dry Montevideo, 20 ℔s., at 26c.@26½c., 8 months; 2,500 Dry Orinoco, 21 ℔s., at 24c., 8 months; 1,000 Dry Bogota, 21 ℔s, at 23½c., 6 months; 500 Dry Bogota, 20 ℔s., at 23c., 6 months; 500 Dry Savanilla, 25 ℔s., at 17c., 6 months.

IRON—Small sales of Scotch Pig have been made to-day at $24@$25 ꝑ ton.

LEATHER—The inquiry for Sole has been quite limited, and prices favor buyers. Desirable tannages are scarce. The week's movements have been as follows:

	SOLE. Hemlock.	SOLE. Oak.
Receipts, sides	61 900	4,380
Sales, sides	51 800	3,620
Stock at the close, sides	63,100	7,880

MOLASSES—Sales to-day 200 bbls. New-Orleans, at 39c.; 100 hhds. Porto Rico, at 33c.@36c; 25 hhds. do., (by auction) at 32c.@34c., and 100 hhds. Clayed Cuba, at 24c. ꝑ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been less active; sales have been reported of only small lots of common, in small-sized barrels, at $1.60, which price affords no fair indication of the market value of regular lots, of which trifling sales have been made at $1 70 ꝑ 310 ℔s. Prices of most kinds are sustained. Tar is inactive. Crude Turpentine is dull. It was last sold at $3 75 ꝑ 280 ℔s. Spirits Turpentine have been purchased to the extent of 270 bbls., in lots, part at 52c. ꝑ gallon, and some to arrive at lower, but not reliably reported rates.

OILS—The principal kinds are in demand at uniform quotations.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been unsettled to-day; sales having been reported of 3 500 bbls., in lots, at $16 18¾@$16 25 for new Mess, here; $16 50 for do. deliverable in June and July; and $12 62½@$12 87, chiefly at $12 75, for Prime, ꝑ bbl. Cut Meats are in demand, including Ham, at 9c.@9½c.; and Shoulders at 6c.@6½c. ꝑ ℔. Bacon is in request, at from 8c.@10½c. ꝑ ℔. Lard is doing better. Sales 450 tcs. and bbls., at 11¼c.@11½c., ꝑ ℔. Beef continues active and buoyant. Sales 750 bbls., in lots, at $10@$12 for repacked Western Mess; $13@$14 for extra do.; $7 50@$8 87½ for Country Mess; $6@$7 for do. Prime, ꝑ bbl; Prime Mess Beef, $17 50@$22 ꝑ tc.; Beef Hams, $14@$17 ꝑ bbl. Butter is in limited demand at 8c.@12c. for old Ohio; 11c.@14c. for new do.; 12c.@20c. for common to prime old State; and 18c.@22c. for new State, ꝑ ℔. Cheese is quiet at 7c.@11c. for new State, ꝑ ℔.

RICE—Sales have been made to-day, of 2 000 tcs. in lots, at, according to quality, from $3 25@$4 50 ꝑ 100 ℔s.

SOAP—Sales, to-day, 2,500 boxes Castile, to arrive, on private terms.

SUGARS—Have been in good demand, to-day, and sales have been made of 725 hhds. Cuba, at 6¼c.@7¾c.; 250 hhds. New Orleans at 7¾c.; 35 hhds. Porto Rico, at 7c., and 46 boxes Havana, at 6⅞c.@7¼c. ꝑ ℔.

TEAS—The public sale, to-day, was neither as spirited nor as successful as the last preceding sale. Greens brought former rates. Blacks were less firm.

TOBACCO—Is sparingly sought after, at unchanged rates. Sales since Monday last, 13 hhds. Kentucky, at 11c @12c.; 173 cases Seed Leaf, at 6c.@12c.; 50 bales Havana, with 91 bales Cuba, on private terms.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 350 bbls., in lots, at 27c.@28c., chiefly at 27¾c., ꝑ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 150 bales Cotton at 3-16d. ꝑ ℔; 380 bbls. Pork, at 1s. 6d.; and 300 tcs. Beef, at 2s. 3d. For London, 1 000 bbls. Crude Turpentine. at 2s.; and 400 bbls. Resin, at 2s. 3d. For other ports, the engagements were not important.

FAMILY MARKET PRICES CURRENT

Washington Market, Friday, May 6, 1859.

MEATS.

The demand has improved during the week Supplies, however, have been ample, and the change in prices have been unimportant.

Beef, roasting pieces, ꝑ ℔	15 @ 20
Beef, chuck roast, ꝑ ℔	10 @ 12
Beef, second cut chuck, ꝑ ℔	7 @ 10
Beef, porter-house steak, ꝑ ℔	18 @ 20
Beef, sirloin, ꝑ ℔	14 @ 16
Beef, rump steak, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 14
Beef, corned, ꝑ ℔	8 @ 12
Mutton, hind quarters, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 15
Mutton, fore quarters, ꝑ ℔	9 @ 12
Mutton, chops, ꝑ ℔	14 @ 16
Lamb, Spring, ꝑ quarter	1 25 @2 00
Veal, hind quarters, ꝑ ℔	10 @ 14
Veal, fore quarters, ꝑ ℔	5 @ 8
Veal cutlets, ꝑ ℔	15 @ 18
Pork, fresh, ꝑ ℔	11 @ 13
Pork, salted, ꝑ ℔	10½ @ 11½
Pork, jowls, ꝑ ℔	10 @ 11
Roasting Pigs, each	1 25 @2 25
Soup Meats, ꝑ ℔	6 @ 8
Smoked Beef, ꝑ ℔	13 @ 14
Bacon, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 13
Hams, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 13
Shoulders, ꝑ ℔	9 @ 10½
Tongues, each	63 @ 75
Lard, ꝑ ℔	12½ @ 14
Lard, by the tub, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 13
Sausages, City made, ꝑ ℔	12 @ —
Tripe, ꝑ ℔	6 @ —

POULTRY AND GAME.

This branch of trade continues dull. Supplies are fair, while the inquiry is restricted. Chickens are lower. Ducks rather less valuable; Broadbill Ducks and English Snipe are higher, to day, than they were a week ago.

Fowls, Bucks' County, ꝑ ℔	16 @ 20
Fowls, ꝑ ℔	14 @ 16
Chickens, broilers, ꝑ pair	75 @1 25
Turkeys, ꝑ ℔	16 @ 20
Geese, ꝑ ℔	15 @ 18
Wild Geese, each	1 00 @1 25
Ducks, ꝑ ℔	24 @ 27
Ducks, Black, ꝑ pair	75 @1 25
Ducks, Broadbills, ꝑ pair	1 00 @1 25
Ducks, Brant, ꝑ pair	1 50 @2 00
Capons, ꝑ ℔	26 @ 30
Snipe, ꝑ dozen	1 25 @1 75
English Snipe, ꝑ dozen	3 50 @4 25
Robins, ꝑ dozen	1 00 @1 25
Pigeons, Squab, ꝑ dozen	3 25 @3 75
Pigeons, Wild, ꝑ dozen	1 75 @2 75

FISH.

Trade is less active. Salmon and Trout are much cheaper. Prices of most other kinds also favor buyers.

Salmon, Nova Scotia and Ken'bec, ꝑ ℔	50 @ 62
Brook Trout, ꝑ ℔	44 @ 50
Salmon Trout, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 15
Shad, each	25 @ 37
Mackerel, each	15 @ —
Codfish, ꝑ ℔	5 @ 6
Blackfish, ꝑ ℔	8 @ 10
Pickerel, ꝑ ℔	— @ 12
Eels, ꝑ ℔	— @ 12
Flounders, ꝑ ℔	6 @ —
Striped Bass, ꝑ ℔	8 @ 10
Black Bass, ꝑ ℔	12 @ —
Sea Bass, ꝑ ℔	8 @ —
Perch, ꝑ ℔	— @ 8
Porgies, ꝑ ℔	8 @ —
Halibut, ꝑ ℔	10 @ —
Haddock, ꝑ ℔	6 @ —
Oysters, ꝑ 100	50 @1 50
Oysters, pickled, ꝑ 100	1 00 @2 00
Crabs, ꝑ dozen	25 @ —
Clams, ꝑ 100	25 @ 50
Lobsters, ꝑ ℔	6 @ —
Salmon, City smoked, ꝑ ℔	18 @ 20
Salmon, pickled, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 15
Codfish, pickled, ꝑ ℔	4 @ 5
Codfish, dry, ꝑ ℔	4 @ 5
Mackerel, smoked, ꝑ ℔	11 @ 12
Sounds and Tongues, ꝑ ℔	8 @ 10

VEGETABLES.

A good demand prevails for the principal varieties, at our revised quotations.

Potatoes, ꝑ bbl	1 37 @2 50
Potatoes, ꝑ bushel	50 @ 87
Potatoes, ꝑ half peck	12 @ 16
Sweet Potatoes, ꝑ bbl	— @4 50
Sweet Potatoes, ꝑ half peck	— @ 37
Potatoes, new Bermuda, ꝑ bbl	5 25 @5 75
Potatoes, new Bermuda ꝑ hf. peck	44 @ 50
Turnips, ꝑ bushel	56 @ —
Turnips, ꝑ half peck	12 @ —
Turnips, ꝑ dozen bunches	75 @ —
Parsnips, ꝑ bushel	75 @ —
Carrots, ꝑ bushel	75 @ —
Beets, ꝑ bushel	50 @ 56
Onions, ꝑ bushel	1 62½ @1 75
Onions, ꝑ peck	62½ @ 75
Cabbage, new, ꝑ dozen	1 25 @1 50
Cranberries, ꝑ quart	18 @ 20
Tomatoes, new, ꝑ box	1 25 @1 50
Tomatoes, ꝑ quart can	25 @ —
Radishes, new, ꝑ dozen bunches	15 @ 31
Green Peas, ꝑ bushel	1 75 @2 25
Pumpkins, new, each	50 @ 75
Salad, ꝑ head	4 @ 7
Parsley, ꝑ bunch	2 @ 4
Watercresses, ꝑ quart	5 @ 6
Oyster Plant, ꝑ bunch	6 @ —
Rhubarb, ꝑ bunch	7 @ 10
Asparagus, ꝑ bunch	18 @ 37
Leeks, ꝑ bunch	6 @ —
Garlic, ꝑ bunch	6 @ —
Spinach, ꝑ peck	20 @ 25

FRUIT.

The inquiry is moderate; prices are generally unchanged. Strawberries from the South are more plenty, but not much cheaper this week.

Apples, table, ꝑ bbl	7 50 @10 00
Apples, cooking, ꝑ bbl	4 00 @7 00
Apples, ꝑ half peck	25 @ 75
Apples, dried, ꝑ ℔	8 @ 12
Strawberries, ꝑ quart box	75 @1 00
Citron, preserved, ꝑ ℔	20 @ —
Oranges, ꝑ dozen	25 @ 50
Lemons, ꝑ dozen	10 @ 18
Bananas, ꝑ bunch	37 @5 00
Bananas, ꝑ dozen	12 @1 25
Pineapples, ꝑ dozen	1 00 @2 50
Cocoanuts, ꝑ doz	31 @ 75
Figs, ꝑ ℔	12 @ 15
Dates, ꝑ ℔	16 @ —
Raisins, ꝑ ℔	— @ 12
Currants, ꝑ ℔	6 @ 12
Prunes, ꝑ ℔	6 @ 12
Almonds, soft shell, ꝑ ℔	16 @ 18

FLOWERS.

Dealers report a good business in this line this week. Prices are sustained.

Roses, Camelia, each	50 @5 00
Roses, Japonica, each	25 @1 00
Roses, Malmaison, each	25 @— 75
Roses, Lamarque, each	25 @3 00
Roses, Baron Prevost, ꝑ pot	37 @1 00
Roses, Lion of Combates, ꝑ pot	37 @1 00
Roses, La Reine, ꝑ pot	37 @1 00
Roses, Prince Albert, ꝑ pot	37 @1 00
Roses, Prince Eugene, ꝑ pot	37 @1 00
Roses, Hermosa, ꝑ pot	18 @ 50
Tea Roses, Cloth of Gold, each	50 @1 00
Tea Roses, Giant of Battle, each	37 @1 00
Tea Roses, Saffrano and Sylvain, each	25 @ 37
Rose of Sharon, ꝑ pot	12 @ 37
Fabiana, each	12 @ 50
Running Roses, each	12 @ 50
Oleanders, each	37 @1 00
Zinnia, each	37 @ 62
Acacia, each	37 @1 00
Burchellias, each	25 @1 00
Spiræas, each	25 @ 50
Fuschia, each	20 @ 50
Wallflowers, each	12 @ 25

Polyanthus, each	6	@	8
Honeysuckles, each	12	@	50
Stockgillies, each	8	@	50
Geraniums, each	8	@	50
Pinks and carnations, ℘ pot	25	@	50
Geraniums, Zachary Taylor, each	18	@	50
Geraniums, Lady Washington, each	18	@	50
Geraniums, horse-shoe, each	8	@	50
Geraniums, Rose, each	8	@	50
Geraniums, Lemon, each	12	@	25
Geraniums, Oak-leaved, each	12	@	25
Tulips, each	18	@	25
Cinerarias, each	12	@	25
Violets, each	12	@	18
Mignonette, each	8	@	13
Dahlias, each	8	@	12
Verbenas, ℘ dozen	62½	@	1 25
Daisies, ℘ bunch	6	@	8
Pansies, ℘ bunch	6	@	8
Orange Trees, each	25	@	1 00
Lemon Trees, each	25	@	1 00

DAIRY PRODUCE, EGGS AND HONEY.

Butter and Cheese are in somewhat better request, but at easier prices. Eggs are a trifle dearer, with less inquiry for them.

Butter, State, new, ℘ lb	24	@	26
Butter, State, ℘ lb	18	@	23
Butter, Ohio, ℘ lb	12	@	16
Cheese, ℘ lb	9	@	11
Cheese, English, ℘ lb	16	@	17
Eggs, eight for	12	@	—
Eggs, seventeen for	25	@	—
Eggs, sixty eight for	1 00	@	—
Honey, ℘ can	—	@	50
Honey, ℘ bottle	25	@	28
Honey, ℘ lb	18	@	28
Maple Sugar ℘ lb	14	@	16

PICKLES, PRESERVES, &c.

Pepper Mangoes, ℘ doz	—	@	37
Mangoes, each	—	@	4
New-York Peppers, ℘ 100	37	@	62
Gherkins, ℘ 100	31	@	37
Pickled Onions, ℘ quart	12	@	—
Horse Radish, ℘ pint bottle	15	@	—
Horse Radish, dry, ℘ lb	12½	@	—
Sauer Kraut, ℘ quart	6	@	—
Sardines, ℘ box	20	@	25
Sweet Oil, ℘ quart bottle	31	@	37
Catsup, Tomato, ℘ pint bottle	12½	@	—
Catsup, Tomato, ℘ gallon	—	@	58
Catsup, Mushrooms, ℘ gallon	—	@	2 58

The foregoing report is based on information obtained, to-day, mainly from the following parties: THOMAS B. WAY, stand No. 21; FULLER & BAKER, stands Nos. 128 and 160; PACKER & KNAPP, stands Nos. 289 and 290; J. D. HISCOX, stands Nos. 306 and 307; JOSEPH FORSYTH, stands Nos. 262 and 263; J. WILCOX, stands Nos. 358 and 359; S. LICHTENSTEIN, stands Nos. 445 and 446; MRS. CRONIN, stand No. 156; J. LYNCH, stand No. 3; J. CAMERON, stands Nos. 146 and 147.

MISCELLANEOUS.

KEEP COOL! KEEP COOL!! KEEP COOL!!!

ICED WATER! ICED WATER!! ICED WATER!!! "STIMPSON'S" DOUBLE WALL ICE PITCHERS, Richly silver-plated, warranted, and bearing the name of the Patentee, JAMES STIMPSON.

For sale by J. C. MARSH, MANUFACTURER'S AGENT, No. 22 JOHN-ST., (up stairs.) Also a full assortment of first quality silver-plated ware, and the newly invented "Barrack Cup."

Ice Pitchers, 25 per cent. lower than any other house in the City—quite an item to save—$3 on a pitcher.

TO HOTEL-KEEPERS, RESTAURANTS, DINING SALOONS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.

STIMPSON'S patent double wall ice pitchers, richly silver-plated, warranted, and bearing the name of the Patentee, James Stimpson.

Suits for infringement of the Patent have been issued against several manufacturers. The genuine Stimpson Pitcher for sale by J. C. MARSH, manufacturer's agent, No. 22 John-st., up stairs.

A saving of 25 per cent made by buying Ice Pitchers at J. C. MARSH'S; $3 on a Pitcher.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR,
No. 17 Nassau st.
Residence No. 235 West 30th st.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIRSSON, No. 5 Wall-st., New-York.
A pamphlet of information sent free.

PASSPORTS.—HAVING BEEN FREQUENTLY requested by friends to obtain Government Passports, the subscriber has decided to make this a portion of the business of his office.

$3 will be the charge for procuring a passport, and $1 the charge for obtaining the *visé* of a Foreign Minister upon a Passport. On the receipt of the requisite fee the necessary papers, accompanied by full directions, will be promptly forwarded by mail. Attention is called to the subjoined extract from an official circular.

Z. C. ROBBINS,
OFFICE FOR PATENTS, WASHINGTON, D. C., May, 1859.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, August, 1857.

Citizens of the United States visiting foreign countries are liable to serious inconvenience, if unprovided with authentic proof of their national character. Their best safeguard is a passport from this Department, certifying the bearer to be a citizen of the United States.

THE "BANCO INDUSTRIAL PECUARIO" of Havana, Cuba, is now ready to enter into contracts for the importation into the Island of Cuba of all descriptions of Cattle, both for market use and for breeding; and in order to give all parties a fair chance, the said Banking Company will admit proposals from parties who may be able and willing to furnish such Cattle (bulls, cows, sheep and hogs) and transport them to the said Island either by steam or sailing vessels. Such parties may address the Banking Company as above, clearly specifying all particulars as regards description or quality, number, size or weight, prices and terms of payment, &c., or else send or appoint an agent to the city of Havana with full authority to enter into a contract. It being understood that the Company would prefer to make contracts at a fixed price per head, or by the weight for, free from all risk or loss, delivered at the point or place where the Company will designate. For further particulars, apply to EDWARD FLASH, No. 52 Broad-st.

STEAMERS FOR SALE.
ONE STEAMER 220 feet long by 30 feet beam.
ONE STEAMER 248 feet long by 32 feet beam.
ONE STEAMER 116 feet long by 18½ feet beam.
ONE STEAMER 130 feet long by 25 feet beam.
ONE STEAMER 125 feet long by 21 feet beam.
ONE STEAMER 110 feet long by 19 feet beam.
ONE SEA-GOING SCREW-STEAMER, about 600 tons burden.
ONE PROPELLER TOW-BOAT.
For further information, inquire of
CHAS. W. COPELAND, No. 66 Broadway.

GLENFIELD PATENT STARCH—EXCLUSIVELY used in Queen Victoria's laundry. The undersigned, sole agents for the United States, will be able to deliver supplies of this celebrated starch on arrival of the steamship *Glasgow*, at manufacturers' prices, in bond or duty paid. It is pronounced by Queen Victoria's laundress to be the finest starch she ever used. ISAAC BUCHANAN & CO., No. 13 William-st., New-York.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE EX-PARTE COUNCIL in the case of the Church of the Puritans, in pamphlet form, can be had at the rooms of the Congregational Union, No. 348 Broadway. Persons residing out of the City can procure single copies by inclosing two postage stamps, with their address, to Mr. N. A. CALKINS, No. 348 Broadway.

METAL SASHES AND SHOW-CASES.—Persons about opening new stores, or refitting old ones, will find it advantageous to call on F. A. HOWELL, No. 247 Canal-st., between Broadway and Centre-st., where they can select such as they require on advantageous terms. An assortment of mahogany and walnut show-cases on hand.

REGALIA JEWELS AND JEWELRY OF every description required for lodges, chapters and encampments; also, all Masonic books and diplomas, at the American Masonic Agency, No. 424 Broadway.

SHOW CASES.—HOOFMAN & FERSCH'S Show-case warerooms, No. 44 Chatham-st., near the City Hall. A general assortment of Show Cases kept constantly on hand. Old cases taken in exchange.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

HYATT'S PATENT LIGHTS.
A CARD HAVING BEEN ISSUED
TO THE PUBLIC

By parties who frankly confess that they do not pay me for my invention, I avail myself of this opportunity to advertise the names of those who do. The following persons, only, are licensed under my patents in this City:
George R. Jackson & Co.
J. B. & W. W. Cornell & Co.
S. B. Althause & Co.
Ingalls & Case.
Theodore Hyatt.

The law is that a person who purchases or uses a patented article is equally liable for infringement with the maker of it. The "makers" having fairly notified the "users" of their intention not to pay, the "users" have only themselves to blame if I collect my tariff of them.—as I shall certainly do. THADDEUS HYATT.
NEW-YORK, January, 1859.

ESTABLISHED 1850.
GEORGE R. JACKSON & CO.,
EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,
Nos. 199 and 201 Centre-st.,
Nos. 1, 3 and 5 Howard st., and
Nos. 117, 119 and 121 Elm st.,
New-York.

Manufacturers of iron railing of all kinds for dwellings, cemeteries, parks, stores, offices, &c.
Bank doors, safes and window shutters.
Patent Prismatic Lights for vaults, areas, skylights, &c.
Enameled grates and fenders.
Corrugated iron roofs.
Having added a foundry to our works, we are prepared to furnish
Iron columns, beams, girders, and all kinds of castings for building purposes.
Specimens of our work can be seen in the *Times* Building, American Exchange Bank, Wilson G. Hunt's store, Park-place; Thomas Hunt's store, College place.
United States Custom houses at Buffalo, Oswego, Cleveland, Detroit, Newark, New-Haven, Pensacola and Richmond; United States Marine Hospitals at Detroit and Portland, and United States Assay Office, New-York.

121. IRON WAREHOUSE. 121.
SAMPSONS & BALDWIN,
NO. 121 GREENWICH-ST.,
Have in store and offer for sale a full assortment of
Swedes and Hammered Iron.
Refined and English Iron.
Band, Scroll and Hoop Iron.
Oval, Half-oval and Half round Iron.
Angle and T Iron: Wrought Iron Beams.
Horse-shoe Iron, Peru Stitts and B B H.
Horse-nails Rods, T V F and other good brands.
Plow, Spring, Tire, Cast and German Steel.

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THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
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IMPORTANT
TO
EVERY DRY-GOODS MERCHANT
IN THE UNION.
DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.

Are now receiving their Spring Importations, and are exhibiting at their

SALESROOMS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-ST., N. Y.,

the most extensive, elegant, varied and complete stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS ever before offered for sale by them, and presenting attractions and advantages to the trade generally, and from all parts, such as are to be met with in very few places. Their extensive stores on Chambers-st., which they occupy entire, enable them to appropriate to each class of goods a separate department. and to have, in fact, so many distinct stocks in their Warerooms, each of which will be complete. Without specifying the articles embraced, they would name the departments, viz:
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
WHITE GOODS AND LINENS,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
FLANNELS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
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DRESS TRIMMINGS,
PARASOLS,
DOMESTICS AND PRINTS.

To their Domestic and Print Department they call particular attention, embracing all the leading makes and styles, which will be sold at the very lowest rates. They have the entire production of the

WARREN PRINTS,

A print which has done more good to the retailer through the country, last season, than perhaps any other low price print. Their Merrimack, Cocheco, Sprague, Garner, Dunnell, and PACIFIC AMARANTH PRINTS, are of the very best selections.

CLINTON, GLASGOW, LANCASTER, and SCOTCH GINGHAMS, in every variety.

Their

DOMESTICS

embrace the following brands:

Wamsuttas,	Hill Manufacturing Company,	
Bate's Mills,	New-York Mills,	Merrimack,
Lonsdale,	Arkwright,	Pocasset,
Naumkeag,	Paterson,	Pepperill,
White Rock,	Hebron,	Cabott,
Metamora,	Lawrence,	Atlantic,

All the well-known makes of TICKS, STRIPES, and DENIMS, such as York, Hamilton, Pemberton, &c.

Soliciting trade on liberal terms, they invite notice to their House—street and number as above.

GORGEOUS
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c., &c.,
IMPORTED FROM
THE MOST CELEBRATED FACTORIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.
NOTE
THE EXTRAORDINARY REDUCED PRICES:
English Velvets, $1 12 to $1 50.
Real English Brussels, 75c. to $1 25.
Imperial 3-plys, 90c. to $1 12½.
Extra Super Ingrains, 75c.
Good Wool Ingrains, 37½c. to 50c.
Oil cloths, 31c. to 75c. per yard.
Crossley's Superb Medallion Carpets,
Druggets, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, &c., &c., &c.
HIRAM ANDERSON,
No. 99 Bowery.

AS THE TIME IS APPROACHING FOR
LAYING DOWN CARPETS,

We would respectfully call attention to HARRINGTON'S PATENT CARPET LINING, a substitute for paper, straw, or any other article used under carpets, oil-cloth or matting. It is warranted to add fifty per cent. to the durability of carpets, &c., and its cheapness puts it within the reach of every householder. To be had of any of the principal carpet stores in the cities.

We would also direct attention to HARRINGTON'S NEW MILLINET WADDING. Patent applied for—a substitute for glazed Wadding. Please call and examine at the salesroom of the NEW-YORK CARPET-LINING COMPANY,
NO. 62 WARREN-ST., CORNER COLLEGE-PLACE.
HARRINGTON'S PREMIUM BATTS constantly manufacturing. J. R. HARRINGTON, Agent.

NEW AND ELEGANT PRINTS,
THE
WAMSUTTAS,

To which we beg to call the attention of the TRADE. The best designers and printers are engaged in producing these CALICOES and the great success which has attended the sale of our WARREN PRINTS, will be followed up by giving the WAMSUTTA PRINTS to the public.

The COLORS are WARRANTED FAST—the STYLES BEAUTIFUL, and the PRICE JUST RIGHT.

We shall sell these Prints by the PACKAGE or PIECE FOR CASH OR ON TIME.
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WINDOW SHADES,
CORNICES,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,
For sale by
291. KELTY BROTHERS & LUM, 291.
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GENIN'S BAZAAR, NO. 513 BROADWAY.
IMMENSE SALE OF PARASOLS!!
TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE!!!
10,000 FINE FRENCH PARASOLS
50 PER CENT. BELOW MANUFACTURER'S COST.
ALL COLORS, ALL QUALITIES, ALL LINED, ALL IVORY HANDLES.
3,000 at $1 25, worth $2 50!
2,000 at $1 50, worth $3!!
1,000 at $2 50 worth $5!!!
2,000 at $3, worth $6!!!!
2,000 at $4, usual price $8 and $10!!!!!
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

GENIN'S BAZAAR,
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

The lady patrons of the Bazaar will find our stock of Bonnets—both of Parisian and home manufacture—unsurpassed, for variety of styles and taste in finish. In CHILDRENS' BONNETS We claim to be able to suit any taste, and at prices sure to give satisfaction.
No. 513 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

GENIN'S BAZAAR, No. 513 BROADWAY.
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
Neat! stylish! cheap!
LA BAZAARINE.
A Spring bonnet, just suited to the popular trade. The price places it within the reach of everybody.

CONSIGNMENT OF SILKS SELLING OFF.

In order that the owner may have returns in 30 days he has put the prices of these Silks at the following ruinous rates:
100 Chene Chintz Robes a Lez, $16 50 worth $30.
20 pieces extra rich Chene Chintz, $1 75 worth $3.
75 pieces Chene Bayadere, $1 12 worth $1 50.
100 pieces Plaid and Bayadere, $1 worth $1 25.
50 pieces Dress Silks, 75c. worth $1.
100 pieces India Foulard, 56c. per yard.
On sale at C. & J. MOWBRAYS,
No. 269 Grand-st., corner Forsyth-st.

WINDOW SHADES.
HARRISON BARNET,
No. 126 William-st.,
between Fulton and John sts.,
Offers for sale, at reduced prices,
a large assortment of
GOLD AND PAINTED SHADES,
Cornices, Bands, Cords, Tassels, &c., &c.,
At wholesale and retail.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS:
COLUMBIAN HALL,
No. 281 Grand-st.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets	75c.	to	$1 10
Imperial 3-ply Carpets	95c.	to	1 10
Superfine Ingrain Carpets	70c.	to	90
Fine Ingrain Carpets	45c.	to	55
Cotton and Wool, and Hemp Carpets	25c.	to	45

All goods warranted as represented. Call and see.
ADAMS & SPENCER.

STRAWBONNETS,
RIBBONS BY THE PIECE,
For Bonnets and Dress Trimmings of every variety style and quality. FRENCH FLOWERS, BLACK AND COLORED ENGLISH AND FRENCH CRAPES,
with a general assortment of Millinery Goods.
L. & A. UNDERHILL, No. 297 Broadway.

CACHEMIRES AND LACE.
HOUSE IN PARIS, No. 80 rue Richelieu. HOUSE IN BRUSSELS, No. 94 rue Royale.
COMPAGNIE DES INDES. Manufactories of Lace at Alençon, Brussels, and Chantilly; House at Kachmyr. All the patterns of Lace belonging to this House are of rare value, from their artistic designs. They possess also a whole species of India Cachemire Shawls, unknown in the trade in general, and the superiority of which is incontestible. Every article sold at manufacturer's prices. PRICES FIXED AND MARKED IN KNOWN FIGURES.

BAYLES & LAMBERT,
MERCHANT TAILORS, NO. 710 BROADWAY,
Have an elegant assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings. Their goods are all new and carefully selected for the season.
JAMES BAYLES,
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JAMES BAYLES,
Formerly of the firm of Blackwell, Bayles & Co.

CHILDREN'S STRAW GOODS.

The attention of the ladies is called to the large and elegant assortment for misses, boys and infants, unsurpassed by any. Ladies riding hats, first premium awarded. KELLOGG, Manufacturer, No. 381 Canal-st.

STRAW GOODS OF THE LATEST PATTERNS.—A large and elegant assortment for misses and children, beautifully trimmed. First premium awarded. KELLOGG, Manufacturer, No. 381 Canal-st.

S. CHAMBERS HAS OPENED A LARGE assortment of Ladies' and Children's Clothing, of the newest style and best make. Also, Ladies' and Children's under-linen, all of the best quality, and sold at reduced prices, by S. CHAMBERS, No. 503 Broadway, near St. Nicholas.

SKIRTS.—TWELVE-SPRING SKELETON skirts, self-adjusting bustle, well made, $1 31; 14-spring, $1 50; and 17-spring, $2. Dealers supplied with 9-spring for $8 per dozen; 12-spring, $11; and 14-spring, for $14 per dozen. C. L. HARDING, Skirt Factory, No. 281 Spring-st., near Hudson.

BEAUMONT'S STEAM GUAGES—PERFECTLY reliable, handsomely made, and warranted, at very low prices. C. W. COPELAND, No. 66 Broadway, New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CONGREGATIONAL UNION ANNIVERSARY.—ANNUAL SERMON by President WOOLSEY, of Yale College, on THURSDAY EVENING, at the New Broadway Tabernacle Church, corner of Broadway and 34th st.

Business meeting for election of officers, etc., on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, at the City Assembly Rooms, No 448 Broadway, to which all members of the Union are invited.

Annual Collation at the same place on THURSDAY EVENING. Doors open at 6 o'clock. The Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who will preside, will take the Chair, and make the opening address at 7 o'clock. Other eminent speakers will take part in the services.

Instrumental Music by Dodworth's Select Band. Vocal music by the congregation. The entire hall will be thrown open and seated for this occasion. Arrangements are made to furnish all with refreshments, and to each lady will be presented a handsome bouquet of flowers.

Tickets, (the number of which will be limited to the capacity of the room,) 50 cents each, to be had at the office of the American Congregational Union, over Appleton's bookstore, and at the office of the *Independent*, over the Park Bank. To insure admission they must be obtained before the evening of the collation, as the demand thus far has been larger than ever before, and the Committee of Arrangements are determined that the room shall not be uncomfortably crowded.

THE FIRST REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN Church, Duffield-st., Brooklyn, between Myrtle-av. and Willoughby-st., which has been in course of erection for some time, will be opened for Divine Service on SABBATH, the 15th inst. Preaching in the MORNING by the Rev. G. R. McMILLAN, Pastor elect; in the AFTERNOON by the Rev. JNO. N. McLEOD, D. D., of New-York; and in the EVENING by Prof. T. W. J. WYLIE, of Philadelphia. Preaching in the lecture-room on TO-MORROW, (Sabbath,) by the Rev. G. R. McMILLAN, Pastor elect, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. The public are respectfully invited. N. B.—Sabbath School meets at 9 and 2 o'clock.

NORTH DUTCH CHURCH, CORNER OF FULTON AND WILLIAM STS.—Divine Service EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.; a prayer meeting in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School and Bible Class at 8 A. M. and 2 P. M. TUESDAY EVENING—Lecture, and FRIDAY EVENING, Prayer Meeting, at 7½ o'clock. A daily prayer meeting from 12 to 1 o'clock. All are invited, and seats will be furnished.

THE FIFTEENTH ANNIVERSARY OF the "Protestant Episcopal Church Missionary Society for Seamen in the City and Port of New-York," will be celebrated SUNDAY EVENING next, 8th inst., in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant-square, when the Annual Report of the Board of Managers will be read, and a sermon preached by the Rev. SAMUEL COOKE, D. D. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. A collection will be made in aid of the funds of the Society.

LEE-AVENUE CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—The Rev. J. B. ALLIGER, of Jamaica, will (D. V.) preach TO-MORROW, A. M. and P. M.; the Rev. Mr. NORTHRUP, of New-Haven, May 15; the Rev. Mr. STREET, of Philadelphia, May 22; the Rev. Mr. VAN WYCK, of West Farms, May 29. Sabbath School Meeting every SUNDAY NIGHT. Boys' Meeting every THURSDAY NIGHT. Dr. WERTEBAT, the eloquent Syrian, will deliver his second lecture next THURSDAY NIGHT.

DEDICATION.—THE FIRST CONGREGATIONAL Methodist Church, in the village of Yonkers, (the Rev. J. G. WATERS, Pastor,) will be dedicated on SUNDAY, May 8, 1859. Services to be conducted as follows: MORNING, by the Rev. B SHERWOOD; AFTERNOON, by the Rev. P. WEAVER, and in the EVENING, by the Rev. J. FOWLER, from Illinois. Time of service 10½ A. M. and 3 and 7½ P. M. Dedicatory sermon in the afternoon.

CHORAL SERVICE.—MORNING AND EVENING Prayer (Prot. Episcopal Church) will be celebrated Chorally in the large Chapel of the Rutgers Female Institute, No. 264 Madison-st., TO-MORROW, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The sermon will be delivered by N. W. CAMP, D. D., or some other clergyman. Seats Free. All are invited.

SENIOR VETERAN CORPS OF 1812—WILL meet at the corner of Broadway and 9th-st. on SUNDAY, May 8 at 10 o'clock A. M., to attend divine service in a body at the Central Reformed Dutch Church, in 9th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., the Rev. A. B. VAN ZANDT, Pastor. Let every Veteran be present. Remember the resolution. By order. H. RAYMOND, Colonel.
ISAAC M. PHYFE, Adjutant.

NEW-YORK BIBLE SOCIETY.—THE ANnual Sermon before the New-York Bible Society will be preached, in the Academy of Music, on SABBATH EVENING, May 8, by the Rev. WALTER CLARK, D. D., of the Mercer-st. Presbyterian Church. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. A collection will be made. By order. HENRY G. DE FOREST, President.
J. C. HOLDEN, Recording Secretary.

HOME OF THE FRIENDLESS.—THE ANniversary of the American Female Guardian Society and Home of the Friendless will take place TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the 4th av., Presbyterian Church, corner of 22d st. Dr. ASA D. SMITH, Dr. Hague, and others, will address the meeting. The children will be present.

SERMON TO THE YOUNG.—SEVENTH Presbyterian Church, corner of Broome and Ridge sts.—TO-MORROW (Sunday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, the Pastor, the Rev. T. RALSTON SMITH, will preach (Providence permitting) a sermon addressed chiefly to young people. Subject—*Our Popular Literature in its Relations to Christianity*; or, *The Disguises of Infidelity.*

UNITARIAN LECTURES, BROOKLYN.—The Rev. Dr FARLEY's next lecture will be given at the Church of the Saviour, Pierrepont st., corner of Monroe-place, Brooklyn, TO-MORROW (Sunday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*The Atonement.* Seats free. The Rev. Dr. OSGOOD, of the Church of the Messiah, New-York, will preach at this Church in the MORNING.

THE REV. P. McMENAMY, D. D., AND THE friends of a free Bible will consider the claims of the Romish Viaticum and Extreme Unction for the sick and the dying, and answer objections, in Spring-st. Hall, No. 185 Spring st., TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. All are invited.

THE UP-TOWN SABBATH AFTERNOON service, under the auspices of the Norfolk-street Baptist Church, will be continued hereafter in the Union Chapel, cor 39 h-st. and Broadway, EVERY SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. (excepting the first in each month). The Rev. N. B. BALDWIN, of Philadelphia, will preach for Dr. ARMITAGE TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.

AMERICAN HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—The annual sermon in behalf of this Society will be preached by the Rev. WILLIAM T. DWIGHT, D.D., of Portland, Me., in the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, (the Rev. Dr. ADAMS',) on SABBATH EVENING next, at 7½ o'clock.

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST Church (corner of Bleecker and Downing sts.) The Rev. E. S. JENKINS will preach in this church TO-MORROW MORNING, and the Rev. E. W. REYNOLDS in the EVENING; services commencing at 10½ A. M and 7¾ P. M. Subject of the evening discourse—*The Argument for Immortality.*

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN CHRISTIAN UNION.—The Rev. Dr. BEMAN, of Troy, will preach the Annual Sermon before this Society on SUNDAY EVENING, 8th inst., in the 13th-st. Presbyterian Church (Dr. Burchard's) instead of the Mercer-st. Church. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS, UNION-SQUARE.—A discourse will be delivered by Rev. Dr. CHEEVER, TO-MORROW EVENING, in the Church of the Puritans, before the American Peace Society, on the *Eminent Character and Public Services of the late Judge Jay.* Services at 7½ o'clock.

CHURCH ON THE HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN.—The Rev. ALEXANDER JACK, of Newburgh, will preach in this church (in Pierrepont-st., near Monroe-place,) TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING. Evening service will commence at 7½ o'clock.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL METHODIST Church, State-st., near Hoyt, Brooklyn. Preaching TO-MORROW, May 8, by the Pastor, Rev. S. A. BAKER, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. And by the Rev. GEO. ROBINSON, formerly of First-place M. E. Church, at 3 P. M.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL MISSION CHURCH—Clinton Hall, Astor-place, in charge of the Rev. ROBERT G. DICKSON. Divine service EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. All are invited. Seats free throughout.

THE REV. B. T. WELCH, D. D., WILL preach in the South Baptist Church, 25th-st., between 7th and 8th avs, SUNDAY, May 8, at 10½ A. M., and the Rev. ISAAC BUTTERFIELD, of Davenport, Iowa, at 7½ P. M.

THE TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF the Sabbath-School of the Berean Baptist Church, corner of Bedford and Downing sts., will be held on SABBATH EVENING, May 8, at 7½ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by the Pastor, the Rev. J. DOWLING, D. D., and the Rev. A. KINGMAN NOTT. Singing by the children.

FEMALE BIBLE PATRIOTS.—THE FIFTH of the series of discourses on Bible Women will be delivered TO MORROW EVENING, in the Lebanon Hall, No. 593 Hudson-st., (No. 10 Abingdon-square,) at 7¾ o'clock. Subject—*Jochebed, the Faithful Mother.* Preaching at 10½ A. M. Sabbath School at 2 P. M. Seats free.

SPIRITUALISM.—MRS. CORA L. V. HATCH will speak in the trance state, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, at Musical Hall, Brooklyn, and in Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, commencing at 8 o'clock. Admission, 15 cents.

SABBATH EVENINGS IN STANTON-STREET Presbyterian Church, corner Forsyth-st. The sermon TO MORROW EVENING, will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. LILLIE. Services at 7½ o'clock. Preaching by the Pastor, the Rev. JOSEPH SANDERSON, at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.

ENGLISH LUTHERAN SERVICE—TO-MORROW at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Rev. WM. HULL will preach at No. 182 Washington-st., Brooklyn, in the rooms of the Juvenile High School. Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

BEECHER'S AND CHAPIN'S SERMONS are published every week in the *Telegraph and Preacher.* For sale at all the periodical depôts. Price five cents. Yearly subscription $2. Address E. PARTRIDGE, No. 428 Broadway.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, BROOKLYN Heights, corner of Henry and Remsen-sts., the Rev. Dr. STORRS, Pastor. The services of Public worship in this Church will continue to be held on each Sunday in the morning, at 10½, and in the evening, at 7½ o'clock.

THE REV. B. H. NADAL, OF THE BALtimore Conference, will preach TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING in the St. Paul's M. E. Church, corner 4th av. and 22d-st. Service in MORNING at 10½, and EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

M. E. CHURCH, IN EIGHTY-SIXTH-STREET, (YORKVILLE.)—The Rev. JAMES PORTER, D. D., will preach in this Church TO-MORROW, (Sunday,) at 10½ o'clock A. M. The Rev. N L ATWOOD at 3 o'clock P. M., and the Rev VALENTINE BUCK, in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

THE REV. T. L. CUYLER WILL PREACH every SUNDAY MORNING in the Market st. Church, and on SUNDAY EVENINGS at 7½ o'clock in the Home Chapel for the Friendless in 29th-st., between 4th and Madison avs.

UNION METHODIST CHURCH, NO. 149 WEST SIXTEENTH-STREET—Preaching by the Pastor, S CURRY. Subject in the MORNING—*The obligations of Christians to Labor for Christ.* EVENING—*The Shaking of the Nations.* Love Feast at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAMSBURGH.—BISHOP POTTER WILL preach and administer the rite of Confirmation in Grace Church, corner of Conselyea and Lorimer sts., on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, the 8th inst. Service to commence at 3 o'clock. Seats free.
ALVAH GUION, Rector.

THE REV. N. F. LUDLUM, RECTOR OF the Church at Hopkinton, N. H., will preach (D. V.) TO-MORROW EVENING in the Free Church of the Holy Martyrs, No. 39 Forsyth-st., near Canal. Seats free throughout.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE FIRST FREE-WILL BAPTIST CHURCH.—The Rev. D. M. GRAHAM, Pastor, will remove from 28th-st. to HITZELBERGER'S HALL, in 8th-av., near 20th st. where they will Worship for the next two or three months, until their new Church (in process of erection in 28th-st., near Broadway,) is completed. Preaching TO-MORROW, Sunday, at 10½ and at 7½.

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—ELDER GEO. STORRS will preach TO-MORROW in Bleecker Building, corner Bleecker and Morton sts., at 10½ A. M., and at 3 P. M., a funeral sermon. Seats free. Bible Class in Hebrew and English at 2 P. M. It is desired that all who favor the efforts of this Association unite in sustaining religious worship by the above Society.

JOHN-ST. FIRST M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHing at 10½ A. M., by the Rev. M. B. BIRD, English Wesleyan Missionary in Hayti, West Indies; at 3 P. M. Sacramental Services. Christian strangers are cordially invited to commune with us. Preaching at 7½ o'clock P. M., by the pastor, the Rev. E. L. JANES. Seats free.

A SLAVERY INVESTIGATION MEETING will be held at the Church No 18 East 11th st., near 4th av., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 11. Both sides to have a hearing. Opening Address by J. C. UNDERWOOD, of Virginia.

ADVENT MISSION CHURCH, REMOVED to Cooper Institute, Room No. 21. Preaching on SABBATH, May 3, by Elder D. J ROBINSON, at 10½ A. M. and 3 P. M. The public are affectionately invited to attend. Seats free.

THE LATE EXCITING TRIAL AND TRAGEDY in Washington will be considered in a discourse at Union Hall, No. 195 Bowery, on SUNDAY, the 8th inst., to commence at 3 P. M., precisely; to be followed by a discussion free to all.

MEMORIAL CHURCH.—THE REV. J. B. FLAGG, of Brooklyn, will preach TO MORROW (Sunday) EVENING in the Church, corner of Hammond-st. and Waverley-place. Services, 10½ A. M. and 3½ and 7½ P. M. Seats free.

THE NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will hold its Anniversary MONDAY EVENING, May 9, at 8 o'clock, in the Church of the Puritans, (on Union-square, corner of 15th st) Addresses from interesting speakers, may be expected.

ORCHARD-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—The Rev Dr. SAWYER, Pastor, will preach TO MORROW MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, on the *History of Universalism in New-York*, and in the EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, from the text, St. John, chap. 8, v. 21.

LAIGHT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, corner of Laight and Varick sts. The Pastor, W. S. HALL, will preach on SABBATH MORNING at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and the Rev. N. P. BALDWIN of Philadelphia, at 7½ P. M.

THE REV. DR. FURNESS, OF PHILADELPHIA, will officiate morning and evening, TO-MORROW, Sunday, May 8, at the Hall of the Third Unitarian Society, (Rev. O. B. FROTHINGHAM'S,) northeast corner of Broadway and 32d-st.

REV. DR. VAN ZANDT, BY REQUEST, WILL repeat a sermon on *The Analogy between the Old and the New Creation*, next SUNDAY EVENING, May 8, at 7½ o'clock, in the Reformed Dutch Church, Ninth-st., near Broadway.

THE REV. LYDIA A. JENKINS, WILL preach in the Universalist Branch Sunday School Rooms No. 274 Cumberland st. Brooklyn, every SUNDAY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock, and EVENING at 7½ o'clock, during this month.

SPIRITUALISM.—R. P. AMBLER IS ENGAGED to speak at Dodworth's Hall, No. 806 Broadway, SUNDAY, May 7; MORNING, 10½ o'clock; EVENING, 7¾. Subject announced for EVENING—*The Circumstance and the Man.*

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY, STANTON-st., between Essex and Norfolk sts. The Rev. JOHN C. JACOBI Missionary to the Jews will preach next SUNDAY EVENING. Services, 10½ A. M., 3½ and 7½ P. M. Seats free.

THE REV. N. B. BALDWIN, OF PHILADELPHIA, will preach, on LORD'S DAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, for the Bethesda Baptist Church, in 23d-st., east of the 3d av. Pastor, the Rev. J. BRAY, in the AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock.

THE REV. MATHEW HALE SMITH WILL preach, as usual, in the N. W. Presbyterian Church, 50th-st., near 8th-av., SUNDAY, May 8, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ELM-PLACE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, BROOKLYN.—Preaching by the Pastor, the Rev. W. A. BARTLETT, at the Polytechnic Institute, SUNDAY, May 8, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

AT LAMARTINE HALL, CORNER 29TH-st. and 8th-av., new Church. Preaching by the Rev. SILAS JONES every SABBATH, at 11 A. M. Seats free.

THE TWENTY-SECOND ANNIVERSARY of Union Theological Seminary will be held at the Mercer-st. Presbyterian Church on MONDAY EVENING, May 9, at 7½ o'clock.

THE REV. GEO. C. ROBINSON WILL preach in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Fleet-st., near Fulton-av., Brooklyn, TO-MORROW MORNING at 10½ o'clock, and EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

THE REV. WILLIAM H. MILBURN WILL preach in the Clinton-st. M. E. Church, Pacific-st., corner of Clinton, Brooklyn, TO-MORROW, 8th inst., at 10½ A. M. and 7¾ P. M.

PREACHING TO-MORROW BY THE REV. SPENCER L. FINNEY, in the Second Reformed Presbyterian Church on Mulberry, near Grand-st. Services at 10½ and 3½ o'clock. The public are invited.

THE REV. SIDNEY A. COREY WILL preach in the 18th-st. Baptist Church, one door west of 5th-av., TO-MORROW MORNING and EVENING.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE 5TH (AND LAST) VOLUME
OF
IRVING'S WASHINGTON,
Will be published
(OCTAVO EDITION) ON MONDAY, MAY 9.
Price $2.
12MO. EDITION, ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 11.
Price $1 50.

Agents and Canvassers supplied with 8VO. EDITION on SATURDAY, MAY 7.
G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher,
No. 115 Nassau-st.

THE SABBATH-SCHOOL BELL.—A NEW collection of choice hymns and tunes, original and standard, carefully and simply arranged as solos, duets, trios, semi-choruses and choruses, and for organ, melodeon, or piano. This book contains nearly 200 hymns and tunes, and is one of the best collections for Sabbath-schools ever issued. Price 12 cents, $8 per hundred, postage 1 cent. Elegantly bound, 20 cts., $15 per hundred, postage 3 cts. Among the large number of new and popular tunes may be found "Kind Words can Never Die," "The Voice from Heaven," and "God is There." These were sung to some five thousand children and teachers at the Sunday school Celebration and United States Teachers' Convention at Jayne's Hall, Philadelphia, by the Misses Laura and Nettie Tremaine, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and were highly appreciated. Nearly twenty thousand copies have been sold within ninety days. They have been introduced into some of the largest schools in New-York and Brooklyn. Among the number are Dr. Tyng's, Dr. Hutton's, Dr. Gillette's, and Dr. McLane's. Just published by HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway, N. Y.

$15—WORTH OF MUSIC FOR 25 CENTS—The success of the GENTLE ANNIE MELODIST is unprecedented. More than 40,000 copies have already been sold, and from present indications, the sale will reach 100,000 copies this year. Encouraged by this success, the publishers have issued the *Gentle Annie Melodist No. 2*, containing the words and music of fifty of the very best songs, among which will be found songs from Il Trovatore—Agatha—Long, Long Weary Day—We Met by Chance—Beautiful Venice—Berry Havens—Ellen Bayne—I'm Not Myself at All—Charity—Widow Macree—Massa's in the Cold Ground—Old Play-Grounds, &c. &c. Gentle Annie Melodist, No. 1, 25 cents; Gentle Annie Melodist, No. 2, 25 cents. Sent by mail, postage paid, to any address. Sheet music, music books, superior violin and guitar-strings, sent by mail and postage prepaid, where the price is sent with the order.
FIRTH, POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway, New York.

NEW MUSIC.—"SARAH JANE LEE"—SONG AND CHORUS.—A very beautiful flowing melody, with easy accompaniment; can be sung by children as well as adults, and will soon become one of the most popular songs of the day; sentiment of the words excellent Price 25 cents; mailed free. Just published by HORACE WATERS, No. 333 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of CAMPBELL, HALL & CO., expires this day by its own limitation. Either partner will sign the name of the firm in liquidation.
JOHN CAMPBELL,
AUGUSTINE SMITH,
GEO. W. DUBUISSON,
NEW-YORK, April 30, 1859. JOHN H. HALL.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name of CAMPBELL, HALL & CO., for the purpose of transacting the paper business in all its branches.
JOHN H. HALL,
GEO. W. DUBUISSON,
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1859. RICH. L. CAMPBELL.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of R. T. & E. DOUGLAS, manufacturing jewelers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
ROBERT T. DOUGLAS,
MAY 5, 1859. EDWARD DOUGLAS.
R. T. DOUGLAS only is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

NOTICE.—The business will be conducted hereafter by R. T. DOUGLAS, in Lafayette, corner of Carlton-av.
BROOKLYN, May 5, 1859.

REAL ESTATE.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE this day entered into copartnership, under the firm of MOORE & PLATT, for the purchasing and selling of real estate, negotiating bonds and mortgages loans, contracts, &c., would respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the public with the assurance that our attention will be exclusively devoted to the prompt and faithful execution of their business.
EDWARD D. MOORE,
WARNER PLATT,
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1859. No. 32 Pine-st.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into partnership under the name of HASTINGS & EARLE, as dealers in a general assortment of paper at No. 40 John-st.
P. C. HASTINGS,
NEW-YORK, May 2, 1859. T. L. EARLE.

GAS CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HALL AND OTHER PENDANTS, &c., &c.—The subscribers, returning thanks to their friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on them, respectfully beg leave to say they are now fully prepared to furnish the above articles in every variety on the shortest notice and most liberal terms. Being manufacturers, they are enabled to offer such inducements to purchasers as will well repay them for a call at their manufactory previous to purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Churches and public buildings fitted with gas-pipe and fixtures throughout, on the most moderate terms and with all possible dispatch. J. & T. DONALDSON, No. 85 Leonard-st., near Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—FOR TWO EXPERIENCED AND HIGHLY-recommended Protestant servants (sisters) situations either in City or country, one as good cook and superior washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and nurse or waitress; are girls of the most respectable appearance and excellent references. Also, situations wanted for several other superior servants of different capacities, of undoubted character and experience. At MANNING'S, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn. Established ten years; under the most distinguished patronage. Our selection of cooks, nurses and waiters are unsurpassed.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY SEVERAL GERman, English, Irish and other girls of known respectability, waiting now at the Broadway Institute, No. 414 Broadway, up stairs. This institution, seven years' established, is now conducted by an English lady and gentleman on strictly honorable principles, and supplies a class of servants for respectability of appearance and reliability of character unsurpassed by any other agency in the City. German and Protestant girls on hand.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; would take care of one or two growing up children; is willing to go to the country the Summer months. Has the best of City reference. Call for three days at No. 316 8th-av., between 24th and 27th sts.

WANTED—BY A STEADY, SCOTCH WOMAN, A Protestant, a situation as nurse and seamstress in a respectable private family; can cut and fit children's dresses; can take care of a baby from its birth; she is fully competent; has always lived in that capacity; no objection to family boarding; the best of City reference can be given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 107 East 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, CLEAN AND EXPERIenced Protestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and laundress, or cook, washer and ironer; is competent and willing to fill either situation, or to be generally useful if required; able and willing to work, and of a good disposition and kind to children; has superior reference; no objections to the country. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A MOST FAITHFUL, CAPABLE girl, highly recommended, a situation to cook, wash and iron; will be found economical, very willing, neat and obliging servant; a situation also wanted for a most respectable, capable girl, to do chamberwork and waiting or laundress; can give the highest references, and has no objection to go to New-York. Apply at No. 58 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation; is a first-class laundress; understands French fluting; has lived in the best of families; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 11 Union-court, between 11th and 12th sts., University-place, for two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO SISTERS IN A gentleman's family as cook and chambermaid; are girls of respectability, thoroughly experienced in their duties and well recommended from their last place; will take pleasure in trying to please their employers; wages moderate. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTAble Protestant girls, one as nurse and seamstress; understands embroidery in all its branches; the other as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 257 7th av., between 26th and 27th sts. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MIDDLE-aged Protestant woman, a situation as good plain cook; is a first-rate washer and ironer; or would do general housework in a private family; is tidy and neat in her habits. Call at No. 226 Mulberry-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN WOMAN a situation in a private family to do light chamberwork, plain sewing, or any other light work about the house; no objection to going out of the City. Good City reference given. Can be seen for one day at No. 114 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid in a good family. Can give the best City reference of the best families of the City. No objection to go into the country. Apply at No. 371½ 2d-av., between 21st and 22d sts., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK, WASHER and ironer, in a small private family; would prefer the country; has three years' reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 80 West 26th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; understands the care of children; good City reference from her last employer. Call, for two days, at 85 East 5th-st., in the fancy store, between 3d and 4th-avs.

WANTED—BY A GOOD LAUNDRESS, A SITUAtion in a private family; she understands all kinds of fine muslin and French fluting; has lived with some of the best families of this City for the last ten years. Call or address No. 98 Greenwich-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG woman, as seamstress, and to dress a baby and take it out; has reference from her last place. Apply No. 226 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a respectable private family; best City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 146 West 36th st., for this day only.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as laundress; is willing to assist with chamberwork if required. Call at or address to the residence of her present employer at No. 68 9th-st., second door east of 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTAble girl, as good cook, washer and ironer; has the best of City reference. Can be seen until suited, by applying at No. 207 Jay-st., Brooklyn, first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT girl, to do waiting and chamberwork in a small private family. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 237 West 22d-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman a situation as chambermaid or to do general housework in a small family. Apply at No. 64 Charlton-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, family washing and house-cleaning. Reference given, if required. Address M. A. U., No. 46 Clinton-st., in the rear.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SCOTCH PROTestant cook, with the best of City reference, a situation in a respectable family. Inquire at No. 13 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WOman, to cook and assist in washing and ironing in a private family. Good City reference. Apply at No. 153 13th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as cook, who understands making pastries and jellies. Reference given from her last place, if required. Call at No 60 Gouveneur-st., rear building, first floor.

WET NURSE.—A LADY WHO HAS LOST HER child, wishes to procure a situation for a thoroughly competent English woman, whom she can recommend very highly. Apply at No. 98 West 13th-st.

GOOD FRENCH, GERMAN, AND EVERY other kind of servants may continually be had at the rooms of the Employment Society, No. 13 and 14 Bible House, 8th-st., between 3rd and 4th avs. French and German spoken. A lady in attendance.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A THOROUGH gardener, who has a superior knowledge of hot and cold grapery, greenhouses, and vegetables; is willing to take the entire charge of a place; is a good propagator; has the highest City reference from his former employers, for sobriety, industry and attention to business; can lay out a new place with good taste, and intends giving satisfaction. Inquire of Mr YOUNG, No. 9 John-st., or address G. C., same place, for three days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN IN A private family by a competent man; he perfectly understands his business in all its branches, to the care and management of horses, and is a steady, careful driver. Has five years' recommendation, and is of a most obliging disposition. Will get the best City reference from his last place. Address T. H., Box No. 204 *Times* Office, or Mr. Charles Coxhead, Saddler, No. 704 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a single young man of experience and steady habits; has lived in some of the best families in England and this country for the last six years; has the very best of City references; no objection to the country or to travel; is a good valet. Address W. E., at Mr. Green's drug-store, corner of Broadway and 14th-st., for two days, or No. 124 Clinton-place, near 6th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, BY A first class coachman, in a private family; is leaving in consequence of the family going to Europe, will be disengaged on Tuesday, May 12. Has the very best of City reference. Can be seen or addressed at his present employer's 8 5th-av., corner of Clinton-place until May 11.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A STEADY, honest, sober, faithful man, as gardener or coachman, who understands the care and treatment of horses, and also the treatment of flowers; is willing to go to any part where he can make a good home; the best City and country references given. Address J. B., for two days, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN; HE understands his business, with the care of horses and carriages, and is a steady driver; has no objection to go in the country. Apply to N. B. Lane, No. 94 Broad-st., for JAMES, or to No. 181 Avenue C, on second floor, for JAMES McNALLY, where he can be seen till hired.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman, by a Protestant young man; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference; would make himself generally useful to his employer if required. Address, for three days, B. O., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GARDENER who thoroughly understands the cultivation of grapes and stove and green-house plants; he is a single man, and can give good references. Address GARDENER, Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GROOM AND coachman by a Protestant young man; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference, and would make himself generally useful if required. Address, for three days, B. C., Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant man, as coachman and gardener, and the care of horses and vegetable garden. Best City reference. Address a note to T. C., Box No. 208 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PORTER IN A wholesale store, by an American. The best of City references given. Address A. T., Box No. 201 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man, a native of England; has had twenty years' practice in this country; good references. Address J. P., at Bridgeman's seed-store, 876 Broadway.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—AN EXPERIENCED ARtist, who can come well recommended, and give ample proof of good work, should like to do the retouching and coloring of photographs for a first-class establishment. Address W. R., Box No. 148 *Times* Office.

TO THE TEA TRADE.—WANTED—BY A young man who thoroughly understands the business, a situation in a wholesale warehouse. Address THOMAS FELTON, Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

A FIRST-RATE PRACTICAL GARDENER is now ready for an engagement. Apply to C. M. SAXTON, Publisher, No. 25 Park-row.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY AN ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT young man, 19 years of age, who is well acquainted throughout the City, employment of some kind, in a store or office; is an excellent penman and accountant and has had considerable experience in mercantile affairs; can furnish good City references, and security, if required. Address J. O. S., Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young man as coachman and groom; has a thorough knowledge in the care and management of horses and to the breaking and training of young horses to the saddle; can produce the best of City and country reference as to character and capability; is capable of taking charge of a vegetable garden if required; is willing and obliging. Address N. P., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, AS BOOK-KEEPER; one who writes a good hand, and has some knowledge of the paint business, and can come well recommended. Address Box No. 3,892, stating salary and references.

WANTED—EITHER A PROTESTANT OR COLored person to do housework; must be a good, plain cook, and particularly a good ironer, and come well recommended. Apply at the southwest corner of 33d-st. and 2d av.

WANTED—A FARMER AND GARDENER—MUST be a practical man, understand his business, be well recommended, and be willing to make himself useful in any way. German or Scotch preferred. Apply at No. 149 Grand-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A YOUNG PROTESTANT GERMAN girl, to do general housework of a small private family; must be a first-rate washer and ironer, and well recommended. Apply, for two days, at No. 52 State-st., above Hicks, Brooklyn.

WANTED—SHIRT MAKERS, TO BASTE AND FIT shirts for sewing machine. To good, neat sewers, good prices and steady employment. Apply at No. 374 Bridge-st., 3d door from Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

WANTED—TRACY, IRWIN & CO. WANT FOR their cloth department, a first rate salesman. Apply by letter, with name and reference, Nos. 234 and 236 Broadway.

WANTED—A NEAT, TIDY GIRL TO DO THE general housework of a small family; must be a good cook and laundress, and produce good recommendations. Apply to-day only at No. 88 Bank-st.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN, WILLING TO WORK and make himself generally useful, in a drug-store; he must be sober, and have the best references as to honesty, &c. Apply between 1 and 4 at No. 615 Broadway.

MUSICAL.

WONDERFUL IMPROVEMENT IN GRAND PIANOS.

STEINWAY & SONS invite artists and the public in general to call and examine their newly-invented OVERSTRING GRAND PIANO, which, for power and quality of tone, is pronounced superior to any other grand piano by all who have examined it, among whom are the best musical judges of the country, such as R. GOLDBECK, TH. HAGEN, (Ed. of the *Musical Review*,) U. C. HILL, W. A. KING, W. MASON, R. C. TIMM, H. A. WOLLENHAUPT, A. H. WOOD, O. SAAR, and many others.
STEINWAY & SONS,
Manufacturers, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker st., New-York.

CHICKERING & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS,
Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway.
C. & SONS have been awarded 35 prize medals for the superiority of their manufacture for the past 35 years.
ALSO FOR SALE,
MASON & HAMLIN'S SUPERIOR
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS.
For parlors, churches, vestries and lodges.
At wholesale and retail.
PIANOS TO RENT.

MASON & HAMLIN'S
MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS,
OF ALL KINDS.
Ranging in price from $60 to $450, equally adapted for the church, vestry, school room, lodge-room, or parlor.
Messrs CHICKERING & SONS are the sole Agents for these superior instruments for the State of New-York.
Warerooms, No. 694 Broadway, New-York.
Dealers supplied at regular factory prices.
Descriptive catalogues sent on application.

THE DRIGGS' PATENT PIANO-FORTE,
OR THE VIOLIN PIANO.

It is built upon an iron frame, or bed plate, entirely separate from the case, thus relieving the sound-boards and every other part of the instrument from the strain.

It will remain in tune for many months, and when the strings are settled even for years.

It has convex sounding-boards above and below, like the Violin, which are connected together in the same manner, thus making the entire instrument a vibratory shell.

It has greater depth and fulness of tone, and its sostenuto, or power of sustaining the tone, has never been equaled, except by instruments of the violin class.

It improves with age and use, becoming more vibratory, and the tone purer and more sonorous.

It is the best piano-forte existing, and is recommended by Gottschalk, Thalberg, and many other celebrated artists and professors. Sole agents,
WM. HALL & SON, No. 543 Broadway,
Between Spring and Prince sts.

LADD'S SUPERB SQUARE PIANOS CAN be BOUGHT or RENTED at
JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 722 Broadway.

ÆOLIAN, GRAND, BOUDOIR AND SQUARE Pianos, Harmoniums and Melodeons, new and second-hand, by Gilbert, Chickering, Prince & Co., and Mason & Hamlin, in plain and carved cases, cheap for cash; sold on installments or for rent, with rent applied if purchased. Rosewood melodeons for $35; rosewood pianos for $100; piano stools, $2 50. American and foreign music, and music books, in every variety, forming the largest stock in the City, at wholesale or retail.
S. T. GORDON, Music Publisher, No. 706 Broadway.

PIANOS, MELODEONS AND ALEXANDER Organs, of superior make, at great bargains; second-hand pianos at extremely low prices, ranging from $25 to $150; one of the largest Catalogues of Music in the United States; musical instruments and musical merchandise of all kinds, at the lowest possible rates; pianos and melodeons for rent, and rent allowed if purchased; monthly payments received for pianos and melodeons.
HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

A LARGE STOCK OF ELEGANT NEW piano-fortes for sale at WALKER'S warerooms, Clinton Hall, Astor-place and 8th-st. Also, second-hand pianos of every description for sale or for hire, at very low prices. N. B.—If required, arrangements can be made by which the hire will be allowed in case of purchase.

LIGHTE & BRADBURYS' NO. 421 Broome st., near Broadway, have a splendid assortment of the celebrated piano-fortes, in all styles, constructed with the patent Arch West Plank. Purchasers in want of a superior instrument will find it for their advantage to call.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS.—STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 82 and 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, New York, have always received the first premium where and whenever in competition with the best makers of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Every piano warranted for three years. Prices moderate.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, OR TO RENT.—Agency of Hallett & Cumston's well known improved Pianos and S. D. & H. W. Smith's first prize Melodeons. Pianos and Melodeons for rent. Rent allowed on purchase.
A. M. KANOUSE, No. 435 Broadway.

HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S GRAND, PARlor grand and square pianos. The best pianos made. Second hand pianos made by Chickering, Gilbert, Hallet, Davis & Co. Prices from $30 to $200. Melodeons very low. Pianos and melodeons to rent. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner Grand-st., marble building.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano forte Manufacturers; wareroom No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

T. H. CHAMBERS—SUPERIOR PIANOS, Bible House, Astor-place. An unlimited warrantee given with every instrument of his own manufacture. Second-hand Pianos from $50 upwards.

HAZLETON BROS., PIANO-FORTE MANufacturers, No. 209 Centre-st., offer a fine assortment of brilliant and full-toned Pianos, at the lowest rates. Warranted to give satisfaction; guaranteed for 3 years.

LADD'S PARLOR GRAND PIANOS CAN be bought at JUDSON & MUNGER'S,
No. 722 Broadway.

CARHART & NEEDHAM'S MELODEONS can be BOUGHT or RENTED at
JUDSON & MUNGER'S, No. 722 Broadway.

ALTO SINGER WANTED—IN AN UP-TOWN Presbyterian Church; salary, $100 to $150; one accustomed to singing in quartette. Address, with reference, J. A. B., Box No. 3973 Post office.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.
E. WHITEHOUSE, SON & MORISON
Have removed to
NO. 38 WILLIAM-ST.,
Merchants' Exchange.

REMOVAL.
KEROSENE OIL COMPANY
Has removed to
NO. 93 PEARL-ST.

THOMAS DIXON,
BANKER,
Removed to No. 49 William-st., near Pine.
Sterling Bills on sale.

S. BISSELL & M. A. DODGE—DRESS-MAKERS—Have removed from No. 12 Greene-st., to No. 14 West 11th-st., six doors from corner of Broadway, where they will continue the dress-making business, and are ready to receive orders as formerly, which will be executed with punctuality and at the shortest notice. Paris and London Modes received every month.

JONES & SMITH, MANUFACTURERS OF paper hangings, have removed their stock from No. 12 Cortlandt-st. to No. 89 Liberty st., 3d door west of Broadway.

REMOVAL.—JOHN A. BAKER, MANUFACTURER and dealer in military equipments, has removed from Fulton-st. to No. 63 Walker-st., near Broadway.

W. P. TALBOYS HAS REMOVED TO NO. 46 Exchange-place. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission at the Broker's Board.

REMOVAL.—MISS CALHOUN WILL REOPEN her School on MONDAY, May 9, at No. 208 West 20th-st.

COAL OIL.—TO THE TRADE.—THE AMERICAN Coal Oil Company are now prepared to negotiate with any responsible parties for the exclusive sale of their oils, and also of Tucker & Tift's burners and wicks, in towns, villages and cities of the United States and Canadas.
TUCKER & PADDON, Agents,
No. 42 John-st., New-York.

PARIS-MADE TRAVELING AND SHOPping bags for ladies' and gentlemen's use; sole leather trunks, dress trunks, &c., for European and American traveling. JOHN CATTNACH, Manufacturer and Importer, No. 86 Broadway, corner Wall-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) is published every morning:—Price Two Cents served at 12½ cents a week; mailed Six Dollars a year.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Three Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Five Dollars.

The NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies to one address for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times," New-York City.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Matinee, 1 P. M.—Lucia di Lammermoor—La Serva Patrona.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE—Medea—Still Waters Run Deep.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—A Midsummer Night's Dream.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Bride of Lammermoor—Love Chase.

WALLACK'S THEATRE—As You Like It—Box and Cox.

BOWERY THEATRE—Youthful Brigand — Magic Trumpet—French Spy—Wauricb.

NATIONAL THEATRE — Amalderio—Irish Tiger—Happy Man—Progress of a Scamp.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—Our Irish Cousin.

WOOD'S BUILDINGS—Select Negro Minstrelsy—The Gent of the Lake.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas..........3½ P. M.
North and West Way Mail..........5½ A. M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad..5¾ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South and Southwestern Mail.....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, by Railroad......5¼ A. M. and 2 P. M.
East for Boston, by Steamboat..........4 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland, via St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.,) to Placerville, via Salt Lake City, leaves St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland via St. Joseph."

Ocean Mails.

The European Mails by the steamship *Ariel*, hence for Southampton, will close at the New-York Post-office today, May 7, at 10½ o'clock.

☞ J. P. Pope, Fall River, Mass., will supply those who want the Daily, Semi-Weekly, Weekly, or the California Times. Can be procured by the single copy, or by the week or month.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The R. M. steamship *Niagara*, whose advices we published yesterday morning as telegraphed from Sackville, N. B., arrived at Boston yesterday afternoon. Her regular mails reached this City at midnight, over the New-Haven Railroad, and will be ready for delivery this morning. We give elsewhere all the details of interest relative to the impending European War which we find in our private files.

The report relative to the character of the interview in Paris between Lord Cowley and Count Walewski is confirmed by dispatches received at the French Legation in Washington. Strong language was used relative to the course of the British Cabinet on the War question. The French Emperor, however, while he distrusts the faith of the Cabinet, relies upon the British people to prove, at the approaching Parliamentary elections, that they will never sanction the subjugation of Italy by Austria.

A remarkable case of forgery has just been brought to light at Salem, Mass. In the year 1853 a petition was presented to the Secretary of the Treasury praying for the appointment of Dr. Geo. B. Loring as Collector of the Customs at that port. At an investigation held on Monday by two agents of the Treasury Department, an ex-inspector testified that over five hundred signatures attached to the petition were forged in his presence by Dr. Loring and G. W. Pike, the latter of whom is now Collector. Dr. Loring did not obtain his collectorship in 1853, but was appointed Postmaster instead. It is not yet known what action will be taken by the Department.

William B. Bishop, ex-member of Congress from Connecticut, yesterday received his appointment of Commissioner of Patents, in the place of Mr. Holt, appointed to the Postmaster-Generalship.

In the United States Court at Savannah, yesterday, the men Selvis and Mares, on trial for fitting out the bark *Angelita* for the slave-trade, were acquitted.

The deficiency which has for some time existed in the class of Third Assistant Engineers in the Navy can now be supplied, as twenty-six have recently passed the usual examination, and have now received their warrants.

A dispatch from Baltimore announces the loss of the bark *Aerial*, from Wilmington for Havana. She sprang a leak in a gale on the 22d ult., and capsized. The crew were rescued, after clinging to the wreck two days. A dispatch from Cincinnati announces the total loss of the steamer *Jacob Traber*. She sank at the wharf in ten feet of water, and subsequently took fire.

The Republican Central Committee held a special meeting last evening at their room No. 618 Broadway, at which arrangements were made to pay the honor of an escort to Senator Seward, who will leave for Europe to-day. A Committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements, who reported that the steamer *Josephine* had been chartered for the purpose, and would leave Castle Garden at 10 o'clock this morning. The Committee then called on the distinguished Senator in a body, at the house of Mr. Isaac Bell, Jr., in Twenty-second-street, where he was addressed by the President of the Young Men's Central Committee, and made a brief speech in response.

There was an extraordinary change in the weather, yesterday. The temperature of the atmosphere was like that of July; the air was thick and murky, the sun looked fiery red, and the usual moon at night had the appearance of burnished copper. If the signs had happened on the day appointed by the Millerites for the destruction of the world, they would have caused some alarm, but now they only portend a Spring drought.

A well-attended meeting of the Bar was held yesterday, to express the regret of the profession in view of the death of the late Nicholas Hill, Esq. Judge Nelson was called to the chair, and addresses made by Messrs. O'Conor, Brady, and others. A report will be found in another column.

The acting Superintendent of Police, yesterday was informed through a telegram from New Orleans, of the arrest in that city of Felix Sanchez, accused of murdering in the early part of January last, in Sullivan-street, Harmon Curnan his father-in-law. An officer was immediately dispatched to Albany to obtain a requisition from Gov. Morgan, with which he will proceed to New Orleans to secure the alleged murderer to bring him to this City for trial.

The trial of James Glass, for the murder of Richard Owens, in Elm-street, on the 15th of January last, was resumed yesterday, in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. At the opening of the Court, Ex-Judge Whiting proceeded to sum up for the defence. His address, with that of the District-Attorney in reply, and Judge Davies' charge to the Jury, occupied four hours. The Jury retired to consider their verdict about 2 P. M., and had not agreed at a very late hour.

Yesterday, in the Court of General Sessions, Louisa Williams, a colored woman, charged with arson in the first degree, in setting fire to the premises of Mr. G. A. Devreitas, in whose family she was employed as cook, pleaded guilty to the indictment, and was sentenced to ten years in the State Prison. Elizabeth Brown, another colored woman, associated with Louisa Williams, in the charge of arson, but entirely under her guidance, pleaded guilty to an attempt to commit arson in the fourth degree, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year. John Smith, convicted of stealing 60 yards of cloths, the property of Wm. W. Herbert, was sentenced to the State Prison for three years. John Johnson was convicted of burglary in the third degree, in stealing a clock and other articles from the warehouse of Barnes & Burr, and was sentenced to three years in the State Prison. There were other convictions for minor offences, the prisoners being remanded for sentence.

The absence of the *Niagara's* mails, yesterday, had the effect of checking operations in Cotton, which was quite unsettled. Flour was brisker and dearer. Wheat, Corn and Barley were in fair demand. Oats advanced. Pork was in request, but at irregular rates. Cut Meats, Lard, and Beef, were pretty freely dealt in. Sugars were in good demand, at full prices. A moderate business was transacted in Coffee and Molasses. Rice was quite active. The movements in other branches of trade were restricted.

For Europe.—Senator Seward leaves to-day in the *Ariel* for Europe. He does not expect to return until the opening of the next Session of Congress, in December.

Origin of the War in Europe—Austrian Rule in Italy.

Like most other great international conflicts, the approaching collision between France and Austria has a double origin. It has been brought about in the first place by the operation of certain recognized causes of which diplomacy can take cognizance, and which will constitute the ostensible ground of war; and in the second place, by the logic of a historical necessity, not the less real that no Ministry will allude to it, and no protocols discuss its bearings. In the near imminence of the final crash, it is desirable that the people of this country should clearly understand both aspects of the case; for, although nothing can be more unlikely than that the United States, extended as our commerce is, should in any way become involved in the progress of hostilities, it is extremely important that the sympathy and the moral support of so great and free a nation should be given to the side of nationality and independence in a conflict from which it may be well permitted us to hope for vast and permanent good to the liberty of mankind. It has been common with a large class of English journalists, to speak of the disturbances of the last few months as "provoked" by the "restless ambition" of Napoleon III. Let us see whether some more satisfactory cause cannot be found for convulsions which have so deeply agitated the world. It is certainly far from probable that in the present age the mere petulance and personal passion of any one monarch, however powerful, should be found able to shake Europe to its centre, unless the question agitated by that monarch were really and of itself inherent in the very constitution of European affairs. Thus much it would be safe for any disinterested observer to assume at the outset.

The words addressed by Napoleon III. to the Austrian Envoy at Paris on New Year's Day, were few and simple. They referred to negotiations of some standing, and expressed the regret of the French Sovereign that these negotiations should continue to be in so unfavorable a state. Why did these seemingly harmless phrases carry terror to every Exchange on the Continent? Why are they bearing fruit, it may be upon this very day, of open and deadly war between the two greatest Empires of the Continent? Because they were at once understood to mean that Napoleon III. was dealing seriously with the Italian question; because all Europe knew, and for years has known, to borrow the language of the London *Times* itself, that there can be no stable peace in the world while Austria can defer a settlement of her pretensions in Italy; and because the French Emperor has established a character for resolution and far-reaching policy which makes his bitterest enemies feel that whenever he calmly undertakes a piece of political work, he will infallibly accomplish it to the uttermost of his ability. What then are these Austrian pretensions in Italy, and why is France in especial called upon to insist that they shall be summarily and decisively dealt with?

The Italian Peninsula, with an area about equal to that of New-York and New England combined, and a population of nearly twenty-five millions, occupies such a position in Europe that were it united under one authority, or leagued in one interest it must carry with it the command of the Mediterranean, and balance in the South the power of Germany in the North. Were the Italian States free and independent, no Power could successfully undertake to arrogate to itself the dominion of Southern Europe. Were the Italian States subject to any one of the great Powers, that Power might undertake the accomplishment of the dream of universal European dominion, at least as safely as France in the time of Napoleon I., or Spain in the days of Charles V.

When exhausted Europe fell back in 1815 from its victory over Napoleon upon the reconstruction of "principalities and powers," it was felt to be imperatively necessary not only that Italy should be put beyond the reach of any of the parties to the Holy Alliance, but also that she should be prevented from aspiring to any unity of her own. No ruler could trust his brother-ruler with what Richelieu called the "Key of the World," and all the rulers were resolved that the Italian people should not hold it. Italy was, therefore, divided as follows: To the restored King of Naples was given his old realm, the Italian inheritance of the Spanish Bourbons. Upon an area nearly equal to that of New-York this sovereign was to rule over ten millions of subjects, and the whole Southern region of the Peninsula. To the Pope was confided an area equal to that of Maryland and Massachusetts with three millions of people, in the centre of Italy, and stretching from sea to sea. An Austrian prince, of the young branch of the House of Hapsburg, held Tuscany, with two millions of people; and a fertile region on the west, fully as large as Massachusetts, locked in upon its northeastern borders by the smaller States of Parma and Modena, also ruled by princes of Austrian extraction and alliance, and with a combined population of about a million souls. Northern Italy was finally divided by the river Ticino and the Lago Maggiore between the Houses of Savoy and Hapsburg, the former as Kings of Sardinia, possessing a dominion to the West about as large as South Carolina, with a population twice as large as that of New-York; the latter as Kings of Lombardo-Venetia, holding a region half as large as Maine, with a population of about five millions. In these arrangements it pleased the Congress of Vienna to see a sure guarantee of the impotence of Italy to menace the peace of the world.

But the House of Hapsburg had not forgotten its ancient motto, and was determined not only to retain Lombardy, which had descended to it from the inheritance of Charles V., and Venice, which had fallen into its hands in the chances of the last Napoleonic war but also to use Northern Italy as its lever for making all the Peninsula its own. It lost no time in beginning operations. It has never ceased to prosecute them. The most formidable engines of Austrian influence have been the systematic attempts of the Italian sovereigns to crush their people back into the recognition of "Divine Right," and to kill the hydras of "liberty and law" throughout their States. The ink was hardly dry on the Conventions of Paris, when in July 12, 1815, Austria signed a "secret treaty" with Naples, binding the King of Naples to "rule his dominions in accordance with the views of the Austrian Government." Five years later, in 1820, Naples forced her King to grant her a Constitution. Austria then appealed to this secret treaty, and by virtue of it marched an army into "independent" Naples, suppressed the Constitution, and established that Austrian tutelage which has endured, with the brief interval of a few months in 1848, up to this time. In 1821, Sardinia demanded a Constitution. Into Sardinia, likewise, Austria marched *without* a secret treaty, and restored despotism there also. An outbreak at Bologna brought Austria into the Papal States, one or another point of which she has never since ceased to occupy. The Grand Duke of Tuscany is strictly Austrian by family, and has therefore been left comparatively uncomplimented by the armed presence of his kinsmen. With Parma and Modena, in 1847, Austria concluded treaties allowing her to take armed possession of these States whenever "military prudence" should require it. Within the last forty years, therefore, Austria, from ruling five millions of Italians in one corner of the Peninsula, has advanced to a practical control over the whole Peninsula, with the single exception of Sardinia, in which State Liberty has established itself, and has held its own with incomparable spirit and good sense.

On formal grounds, then, Napoleon III. has clearly been right as a European sovereign in protesting against the steady infractions of the balance of power in Italy of which Austria has been guilty. In these protests he has simply echoed the less-determined language held from time to time by his predecessor Louis Philippe, and by the English Government. His right to protect Sardinia from any invasion of Austria is demonstrable on these overt grounds alone.

As a French sovereign, Napoleon, however, has other and even stronger reasons for his present action, not the less respectable that they need not be diplomatically put forward. The course of Austria in Italy, while it threatens all the Powers concerned in the freedom of the Mediterranean, bears directly upon the future welfare of France. France has nothing to fear from Italy, if the Italian States defined by the treaties of Vienna be really *independent*. From Italy, as a fief of Austria, France has everything to fear; and the French monarch would be recreant to his trust who could suffer the process begun in 1815 with Naples to be consummated with Sardinia in 1859. Should Austria, in the war which she now incites, be wholly driven beyond the Alps, it is idle to suppose that Italy would be transferred to the dominion of France. The same reasons which forbid Italy to be Austrian forbid her to be French, and Napoleon III. is not the man to throw himself madly against the combined feeling of Europe. It would be rash indeed now to speculate upon the consequences of such a strife as impends in Europe; but we may feel more than confident that the result of a thorough humilition of Austria in Italy *must* be the inauguration of such a career of independence and nationality for the rest of Italy as has been so gloriously begun by the gallant people of Sardinia and Piedmont.

The Presidential Question.

Both political parties seem to be in a state of hopeless confusion, as to both principles and candidates for the coming Presidential contest. The Democrats are in rather the worst predicament, because they are divided among themselves upon fundamental questions, whereas the Republicans are only doubting as to the policy of fighting the battle on their own ground, or sacrificing something of the advantages of their position for the sake of obtaining reinforcements from the Americans, Old Whigs and Conservaties generally. The *Tribune* is vehemently exhorting its "Men and Brethren" of the Republican persuasion to clothe themselves in the spirit of meekness and conciliation,—to remember that *success* is the one thing needful, and to stand ready to unite upon any candidate, North or South, Republican, Whig or American, whose nomination offers the best chance of defeating the Democrats. The *National Era* at Washington protests against such a policy with great vehemence. It treats it as a proposal to "disband the Republican Party," and substitute for it a union of all the opponents of the present Administration;—and objects, on the ground that it will win no Southern votes, while it will alienate and estrange thousands of Anti-Slavery men at the North, and will, even if successful, afford only a barren victory. It calls attention to the fact that not a single Southern press has accepted the *Tribune's* proposition, which was regarded, moreover, in other quarters, as merely a confession of weakness and an appeal for aid. The *Era* prefers that the Republican Party should maintain its integrity, put forward its platform, nominate its candidates, and then leave Americans, Whigs and Conservatives of all kinds to choose, upon their own responsibility, between that and the Democratic Party.

The Democrats, meantime, seem to be wandering further and further from any common ground on the subject of Slavery in the Territories. The Southern leaders and Gov. Wise, who has put himself at their head, insist that neither Congress nor the Territorial Legislature has any right to prohibit Slavery, and that the Federal Government is in duty bound to interfere for the protection of Slave property in the Territories against the action of their laws and their people. The Northern Democrats, with Douglas at their head, insist that Congress has nothing whatever to do with the subject, and that the Territorial Legislature may make precisely such laws concerning slave property as it sees fit—subject only to the Federal Constitution. The Administration organ tries to evade the difficulty by saying that neither Congress nor the Legislature of the Territory has anything to do with the subject,—but that *the Courts* must be left to settle all controversies that may grow up concerning property in the Territories. It is not easy to see how these conflicting sentiments and views are to be reconciled,—or how the Democratic Party is to build any platform upon which it can stand on this subject. It seems probable, however, that Popular Sovereignty in Territories will be eventually held to commence upon the formation of a State Constitution, and that previous to that time Slave property must be under the protection of the Federal authority. The Charleston Convention is quite likely to adopt this view, and will then seek to nominate a candidate not too openly or actively committed to it. In spite of the protests and rebellion of Northern Democrats, this seems to be more nearly the position of the party at large than any other thus far taken. According to present appearances, they cannot openly avow it without losing ground throughout the North and West, for the people of those sections, without distinction of party, repudiate and abhor the doctrine that Congress cannot prohibit, but must establish by protecting, Slavery in the Territories.

The Republicans do not seem to be agreed upon a platform any more than upon candidates. Some of their leaders are for repudiating the decision of the Supreme Court, denying the power of Congress to prohibit Slavery in the Territories. Others, like Mr. Eli Thayer, are for abandoning a position already captured by the enemy and for giving battle on the field of the foe's own choosing, of Popular Sovereignty. They insist merely on the plain and literal interpretation of the words, and declare their readiness to leave the whole contest between Freedom and Slavery to be decided on that basis by the people of the Territories themselves and by the natural progress of emigration. It is not at all unlikely that as the Democrats abandon the ground of Popular Sovereignty, because it does not answer the purposes of the South, the Republicans may encamp upon it for the same reason. As to a candidate, the choice will probably lie between Governor Seward and some Old Line Whig. The remains of the American Party will support almost any candidate but Governor Seward; their favorite, Senator Crittenden, has somewhat injured his prospects by advocating the election of Mr. Bell, Opposition candidate for Governor of Kentucky, who has taken the ultra Southern ground on the question of Slavery in the Territories. But the Republicans proper, as a party, will scarcely consent to commit suicide even from the increased chances of success, which the *Tribune* promises as the reward of such an act of self-denial.

A Hymn to Morton.

We sing Morton, the man of mud! While tar-barrels are cheap and the emptyings of straw-beds abound, let us illuminate the City in his honor, and meanwhile rehearse what he has done for all trades and men. The memorable *régime* of this last of City Inspectors has bred several new departments of labor and enterprise, and fostered into competence whole professions that were starving and fast falling into the contempt that in all well-regulated communities attaches to poverty. Whoever saw a boot-black in the streets before Morton's day? Now they swarm in the streets, are becoming a necessity, are retiring from business upon their fortunes. While men walked on dry pavements, shoe-leather was the rhetorician's emblem for toughness and durability. Now, since we always walk over shoe in mud, and leather is as rotten as wet paper, Ferry-street makes a man a competence in a year or two. The price of beef has gone up. The Western prairies, responding to the enlarged demand, blossom as the rose, and stand a goodly figure higher in the market for every acre. So cobbler, butcher, drover, grazier and land-agent blesses Morton. Morton's mud on the sidewalks besmouches the costly dresses of ladies, and makes hoops necessary to distend and support them, whence come the hoop-skirt makers, quickening the fleets of whalemen in all seas to supply the call for whalebone, calling into the market new and cheaper sewing-machines by the score, and employing troops of shop-girls. Morton's mud bedrabbles silks and delaines, delicate slippers and dainty hose, stimulating the dry-goods market and enriching retailers, jobbers and importers.

When Morton's mud is thoroughly dried it is a plague of dust, permeating all crannies of houses and entering all avenues whereby the mucous membrane lines the approaches from the outer to the inner man. The human machine wants more frequent oiling—and the bar-rooms swarm with a thirsty crowd all of a color for dust. Spoiling the rich man's furniture and begriming the poor woman's tidy apartments, Morton's dust has stimulated cabinet-making, upholstering, tailoring, and millinery. It has kept wash-women in constant employ, and turned the balance of trade of several departments of dry goods against us. Honor to Morton! Soap sells higher than of old,—not that soap-fat is scarcer, but that every cleanly man needs twice as much soap as formerly to maintain a decent freedom from cutaneous tarnish. Opticians are a growing class, for Morton's dust in everybody's eyes makes ophthalmia as common as in Egypt. When Summer sets in, Morton's garbage, soaked in the rain which formerly ran off through gutters and emptied into subterranean sewers, steams up a miasm as potent and as deadly as any that poison the air of the tropics. Furnishing all the conditions of a natural marsh, where vegetable and animal decay emit an atmosphere of death, our metropolis for agues, intermittents and nervous fevers is acquiring the reputation that miasmatic Michigan was running off with. Our stalwart young men fall into strangely malignant fevers that the Faculty were strangers to, and the infant cellar population perish with convulsions and marasmus, as if our latest Christian policy were to prevent crime by nipping in the bud all that portion of our population which will be most tempted to become criminals. Doctors meanwhile grow rich, and ride in their gigs at a very rapid pace to wealth. When it gets fairly out, all that army of physicians that has been for a dozen years back marching with their saddle-bags stuffed with quinine to the West, will retreat to this Morton-ridden town, the metropolis of early mortality, and of lingering disease.

But, except his deathless memory, Morton, we take it, is mortal, like the rest of us; and when he has ceased to draw pay, and is estopped, who will administer upon his great estate? He owns the City, else how could he keep it for a great compost-heap? He owns our taxes, else by what rule could he pocket such a jolly portion of them? He owns the Aldermen—their patriotism, their pluck, boots, breeches and all. He was confessed to own the American portion of the late Legislature, and seemed to have a large lease on some of its Republican elements. When he is dead, may be some new theories of comfort will prevail hereabouts. Then Surveyors will go about with measuring-rods, and old women with twigs of witch-hazel, indicating here the spot where the Bowery formerly ran, and here the vicinity of ancient Fulton Market. We would like to be alive, and see what Hercules will come to cleanse the Metropolitan stable. If the Quarantine Commissioners of that future age are still puzzled for a place to put their Quarantine establishment on—still hunting for some spot below the Narrows, neither in Kings, Queens, nor Richmond Counties, nor yet in Jersey, Hercules may come to their relief, and, dumping the vast accumulations of Morton's mud upon the West Bank, create an island for their use. But the stench of the new island, dropped into the sea, would certainly endanger the fisheries. The very shad would taste of Morton; and the citizen summering in Suffolk and sniffing the perfume of decaying moss-bunkers, with which the farmers dress their growing crops and pasture-fields, would recognize the ancient odor of the Metropolis—the true smell of Morton.

THE WEATHER—CANAL NAVIGATION—THE CROPS—WAR IN EUROPE.—So far, we have had a backward season. The first week of May is near its close, and "Winter still lingers," especially in the cool mornings and evenings. It is a critical period for the agricultural interests. Corn, wheat, potatoes, and fruit, must depend much upon what this month does for them. We all wish the farmer well, not so much out of philanthropy, perhaps, as from selfishness. Broadway and Wall-street may not be fully conscious of their indebtedness to the furrowed fields of Ontario and Chautauque, but the obligation exists none the less, and a short crop or two would be quite sufficient to arouse those busy marts to a realizing sense of the interdependence of city and country. New-York is the exponent of the nation's growth. Not a bushel of maize, nor a bale of cotton, is anywhere produced, but adds to the greatness of this emporium. We stretch forth our iron ways and lines of water communication to the remotest States of the South and West, over which, back and forth, course in ceaseless career whatever ministers to the comfort of civilized man.

Canal Navigation, which opened seasonably, has as yet but a sombre prospect. The break at Holley causes a vexatious delay, but a worse misfortune to the forwarders is the insane policy of the Railroads, in carrying freight below cost. True, that game cannot last long, but while it continues the transportation interests must suffer. Theirs is always a precarious business, involving large investments, much labor, heavy risks, and too often serious losses. Shippers can, indeed, have their goods carried very low in the existing state of things, and are immediate gainers thereby, but no class can be really benefited in the long run by unremunerative business. The Spring trade, therefore, promises badly for the boatmen—perhaps their compensation may come after harvest.

Producers of breadstuffs and provisions will look for profit, and probably not in vain, from the war into which Austria and France are about to lead the rest of Europe. Doubtless this country, favored by position and other circumstances, will reap a harvest from the misfortunes of our brethren across the Atlantic. The war can hardly fail to cause a brisk and steady demand for the surplus products of our soil, though we ought not to look for extravagant prices. Our husbandmen, from the seaboard to the plains, should plant largely—not more so, indeed, than they are able to cultivate thoroughly,—but to the extent of their ability; and if Providence favors them with a propitious season, they have a year of prosperity before them—unless, indeed, they shall be tempted to extravagance. Nothing can withstand that fatal vice. Let them be industrious, enterprising, and, above all, economical. Debt should be shunned as if it were cholera and yellow fever combined.

Our Merchant Navy—Its Present and Future.

The shrewd policy that bids the commercial nation abstain from wars, into which its headlong neighbors plunge madly, is the one which raised Venice to the pinnacle of grandeur, and which will do as much for the United States should they continue to pursue it. We had occasion yesterday to allude to the important impulse lent to the American shipping interest by the Crimean war. It was not only realized in the extraordinary demand for transport ships, and in the employment of numberless bottoms in the carriage of the munitions of war, the provision and the multitudinous supplies required by armed multitudes in the field; but, still more decidedly, in the momentary enjoyment, amounting almost to a monopoly, of the trade of mankind, resigned to us by the caution of the contending nations. How largely and how beneficially this prosperous influence would have been felt had not the unhappy crisis of 1857 intervened, it is impossible to conjecture. Even in spite of that event, the enterprise of the American shipper was never more splendid and far-reaching than it is today; never was the race for the commercial supremacy of the world's waters so assured to Yankee competition; never was our great rival so painfully sensible of the danger in which trembles her old maritime renown. Adherence to the same passive system was rewarded with equal prodigality in the late operations against China. Neutral Russia obtained gratuitously all that England and France paid for so dearly, and a vast body of privileges incident to her territorial contiguity as the additional consideration of her temperate forbearance. The forbearance of the United States was also repaid with the utmost the Chinaman had to give, that they were in a position to take. The fruit thus gathered, not rudely shaken, from the tree is in our hands. The commerce of China with the world is rapidly becoming an American monopoly. Already our tonnage from the leading ports exceeds that of Great Britain; it must presently exceed that of all the maritime world put together. Let us look at the facts and figures.

Hong-Kong, the insular colony obtained by England from the Chinese at the close of the Opium War, is admirably calculated to engross the better portion of the commerce of Southern China, situated as it is at the mouth of the Canton River. It was accordingly destined to be the seat of the British Commercial Empire in the China Seas; the local instrument for monopolizing the trade of China, as that of India had been prescriptively monopolized; and the fear probably never occurred to any of those who laid the foundations of the City of Victoria, that while Victoria yet reigned, the port should effectually pass into the possession of the American trader. This result has been substantially achieved. The latest report of the tonnage actually loading at Hong-Kong reads thus:

VESSELS LOADING AT HONG KONG.

Nation.	Tonnage.	Nation.	Tonnage.
American	16,850	Spanish	1,200
British	3,480	Siamese	950
Dutch	1,400	Oldenburg	500
French	1,250	Total	25,630

Or in words, *sixty-five per cent. of the carrying trade between the Chino-British port of Hong Kong, and all parts of the world, including the entire British Home and Colonial Empire, is conducted in American ships.* Of the remainder, less than one-half is retained by English merchantmen. An analysis of the destination of these out-going cargoes is no less startling and instructive.

DESTINATION OF THE CARGOES.

	Tons.	
Australia	826	British
	3,650	American
San Francisco	7,550	American
England	760	British
New-York	1,600	American
Siam	450	Siamese
	1,500	American
Havana	2,550	American
	800	French
	1,200	Spanish
Singapore	1,200	British
	700	Dutch
Bombay	600	British
Mauritius	500	Siamese
Shanghae	700	Dutch
	500	Oldenburg
Cochin China	450	French
Calcutta	500	British

Observe that between the British colonies of Hong Kong and Australia less than twelve *per cent.* of the trade is in the hands of the British shipper; while the balance, exceeding eighty-eight *per cent.*, is engrossed by Americans. Observe, furthermore, that of all the freight embarking for ports other than British, not one ton is taken by a British ship. And of the cargoes carried to English or British colonial ports, only the smaller tonnage goes upon British bottoms.

The growth and development which these returns unmistakably bespeak for American marine intercourse at the antipodes are as startling as they are gratifying. Startling, however, only for their extreme rapidity. That such results would of necessity flow from the prudent abstinence we have persistently observed in respect to foreign combinations, it was impossible not to foresee. But no one, we venture to say, could have anticipated that the overthrow of English predominance in the East India and China trade would be so sudden, and that a half-dozen years would have achieved a task that might reasonably have been imposed upon a century. And from the stand-point thus acquired, the prospect is even more encouraging. In the actual European contest, England, our leading mercantile competitor, may not at the outset involve herself. But with war so near her that her white cliffs reverberate the *coup-de-canons* in Italy, it will be out of the question for industry and trade to pursue the ordinary tenor of their way as at epochs of peace; enterprise will stand still in doubt; the ardor of maratime rivalry must be abated. A fresh incitement and momentum will thus be given to our shipping interests in every quarter of the map, the effect of which in the nearer and remoter future cannot be exaggerated. And when the moment arrives for England, with the instinct of self-preservation strong within her, to play her part in the great war-drama of the Continent, the triumph of the American neutral policy will be completed in the inevitable supremacy of our merchant navy upon the seas

THE VOTES OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.—Quite a commotion has been excited among politicians by the proposed amendment to the Constitution of Massachusetts, requiring naturalized citizens to reside two years in the country before exercising the right of suffrage. The proposition is to be submitted to the people at the coming election:—but it is vigorously opposed by many leading Republicans within the State and by still more in other sections of the country. Senator Wilson has written two letters in opposition to it. Gov. Banks is understood to be against it, and earnest protests have been entered in various sections of the country against its passage.

The principal reason urged in opposition to it, as will be observed, is its probable effect upon the Republican Party. Senator Wilson, who treats the matter with the utmost frankness, does not hesitate to assign this as the controlling consideration with him. He considers the success of the Republican Party as of the utmost importance to the welfare of the country. The indorsement of this amendment by the Republican State of Massachusetts, he thinks, will create a very strong prejudice against the party, and seriously diminish its vote and jeopardize its success. He thinks it would, therefore, be very unwise to pass it. He believes that thousands of foreign-born voters, who are inclined to vote for the Republican ticket upon general grounds, would be repelled by such an instance of illiberality, and that the party would thus lose much more than it would gain by accessions from the ranks of the American Party.

This movement is significant, as an evidence of the declining power and influence of the Know-Nothing organization,—though it must be confessed that nowhere out of Massachusetts have they taken ground in support of the proposed amendment. But it also shows how completely *party* interests predominate in political affairs. Scarcely any of our public men trouble themselves about the *principle* of the proposed amendment,—its intrinsic justice and fairness;—their main concern is its effect upon the prospects of the political party to which they belong. If this would be disastrous, they are opposed to it;—if not, they are prepared to consider it.

The strong ground of objection to it is that it draws a broad line of distinction between those citizens who are *native-born* and those who are *naturalized*. All *citizens* are presumed to stand upon an equal footing. Citizenship of itself implies an equality of political rights;—and it is evidently good policy, as well as simple justice, to accord to all precisely the same powers and the same privileges. If it is desired to restrict the numbers of foreign votes, and thus to diminish the relative weight of that element of our political system, the true way to accomplish that object is by enlarging the qualifications for citizenship The check should be applied *before* they become citizens, and while they have no claim to any share of political power. To permit them to become citizens, and then deny them the rights of citizenship, is an invidious and offensive way of attaining the object sought. It is quite possible, as General Wilson concedes, that a majority of the people of Massachusetts may ratify the proposed amendment;—but we presume they will find few imitators in other sections of the country.

OUR MUNICIPAL MACHEATH.—In the opening chapter of Dickens' new story, which, we may be pardoned for mentioning in a parenthesis, is in as fresh, vigorous and elastic a spirit as any of his earlier works, he dashes in a few of the characteristic events of the period at which the action commences, and takes us at once back to the year before the Declaration of Independence and surrounds us with the remote atmosphere of London, when George III. was yet a youthful King. The most startling of these events, which shows in the most striking manner the difference between now and then, is the circumstance of "that illustrious creature the Lord Mayor," having been robbed by a foot-pad on Turnham Green, and made to stand and deliver in the presence of all his retinue. Looking at what London is now, it is hard to believe that such a startling event as the robbery of the Lord Mayor by a highwayman, in broad day, while his retinue were looking on, could have happened even eighty-four years ago.

But, looking at home, at our own Municipal Chief, we see a much stranger sight. Our modern Macheath does not ride up valiantly to our Mayor, and, putting a horse-pistol to his ear, politely request him to hand over his watch and portemonnaie, but he approaches that functionary in a much more formidable, but much less picturesque and romantic manner, with a *mandamus* in his hand, and commands him to show cause for not assisting him in picking the public pocket of the amount of a quarter's salary, for services he had no right to perform. And the retinue of our Mayor stand and look on, as the retinue of that "illustrious creature," the Lord Mayor of London, did on Turnham Green, without attempting to interfere to prevent the robbery. Instead of doing anything to prevent it, the retinue of our "illustrious creature," are, in fact, the confederates and abettors of the "gallant captain" of our Turnham Green. Some future Dickens, in looking back for an illustration of the changed condition of corporation management, supposing that such a time should ever arrive, will hardly be likely to find a more striking example of the utter demoralization of our municipal managers, and the inefficiency of our public servants, than is exhibited in the remarkable case of our usurping City Inspector, who not only holds on to a place to which he has no legal claim but commences a suit to recover pay for services he cannot perform. Though we cannot award any praise to Mayor Tiemann for his conduct towards Mr. Morton, yet he is entitled to some credit for refusing to sign the check for that modest gentleman's salary. The *mandamus* will settle the question; for, with all his attachment to the City Inspectorship, we do not believe that Mr. Morton and the friends of his Aldermanic supporters whom he has appointed to office, will care about serving the public any longer, if they cannot get paid for their devotion to the public interests; though the "loot" of a new contract for what is called "street cleaning" may be a sufficient inducement for them to hold on, until a new Board of Aldermen can be elected with enough honest men in it to compel him to vacate his office.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Felix Sanchez, the Murderer, Arrested in New-Orleans.—A telegraphic dispatch was received yesterday morning, from New-Orleans, by acting Police Superintendent Carpenter, announcing the arrest in that city of Felix Sanchez, accused of murdering his father-in-law, Harmon Curnan, on the 6th of January last. On the receipt of the dispatch Sergeant Lamb, of the Eighth Ward, was dispatched to Albany to obtain the proper requisition from Gov. Morgan, with which, as soon as obtained, he will proceed to New-Orleans. Sanchez, it will be remembered, lived with his father-in-law, at No. 154 Sullivan-street, having married Mary Jane Curnan, the daughter of the later, a few weeks before the alleged murder. Sanchez became jealous of his wife, and did not live on amicable terms with the other members of the family. On the night of the murder he came home late, had an altercation with his wife, when the old man interfering, he drew a sword-cane and run him through the body, killing him instantly. Sanchez afterwards attempted to take the lives of his wife, Mrs. Curnan and an unmarried daughter, but after receiving slight wounds they fled to an upper room, and locked themselves in. A reward of $500 was offered for his arrest. He had been a waiter in several hotels up-town. He was a Cuban mulatto. His father was a wealthy Cuban planter and he was the son of a favorite slave. The murdered man was a worthy colored man, and at the time of his death was in the employ of Messrs. Haughwout & Co.

The Weather.—The sunshine and balmy air of the past week should call forth grateful acknowledgments from all, but more especially from the shifting particles of humanity that, as the moving season, each year, comes around, change places in this Metropolitan kaleidoscope. Not merely because dry weather is better suited to their purposes in a business point of view than the falling rain, should they be thankful, but for the genial spirits that are begotten, the smiles that dimple the faces of men, women and children, the good humor, in short, which presides over every undertaking and makes it as light as their hearts are when the skies are blue and zephyrs blow. Incalculable is the saving of money, and of trouble and vexation, in every mundane transaction, when the hearts of men are softened and disposed kindly toward one another as they are in such amiable weather. All agree that the "etherial mildness" of this first week of May is welcome, seasonable and propitious.

Funeral of the Late Hon. J. Phillips Phoenix.—The funeral services of the late Hon. J. Phillips Phoenix were held yesterday at 1 P. M. At half-past 12 the Whig General Committee, of which Mr. Phoenix was a member, met at No. 41 Astor House. Hiram Ketchum, Esq., occupied the chair, and read a series of resolutions expressing the high estimation in which the deceased was held by his associates. The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the committee proceeded in a body to Trinity Church, where the funeral services were held. After they were concluded the remains were conveyed to Morristown for interment.

The General Admiral.—This immense frigate now lies at the Collins dock, foot of Canal-street, in the *Adriatic's* berth, the latter steamer having been hauled to the head of the dock in order to let her in. The first engineers' trial trip was made without going outside the Hook, and consisted of two trips from the Narrows to the Southwest Spit. The working of her engines was entirely satisfactory. At a future day, a more extended trip will be made, when she will also be tried under canvas. The preparations for her final departure to Russia are progressing, and it is expected she will be ready to sail between the first and middle of June. Her complement will be about one hundred and fifty men, all told.

Death from Violence.—A middle-aged Italian, giving his name as James Machee, died yesterday at the City Hospital, from fracture of the skull. He was found a few evenings since in the street, intoxicated, and taken to the Hospital. He said he had taken poison, but the statement proved to be untrue. His skull was fractured, and he was otherwise injured; but he refused to tell how he had received the injuries. He gave his name as Oliver, and said that he lived at No. 80 Elm street. On making inquiry, yesterday, at the number in the street mentioned, it was found that no one bearing his name or description had lived there. The Coroner will hold an inquest in the case to-day.

Mr. Lord's Lectures.—On Thursday evening, Mr. Lord gave a lecture at Clinton Hall, on *Luther and the Reformation.* He sketched the life and labors of the great Reformer, bringing to view those features and facts least familiar to the general student; depicting in glowing colors the heroism, and the originality of his character. The lecture, altogether, was one of the finest of the series. On Monday evening, Mr. Lord lectures on *Cranmer, and the English Reformation.* These lectures are well worth hearing.

Reception of the Delegates to the Printers' Convention.—A meeting of Printers was held at Tammany Hall last evening, for the purpose of making arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the Delegates to the late Printers National Convention. Messrs. Innis, Glasby, McNamara, Sloan, La Faye, Dack, Taylor, Sen., Smith, Colburn and Austin, were appointed a Committee of Arrangements, and the meeting adjourned.

Missing Boy found Drowned.—The body of Charles A. Concklin, a boy nine years old, who had been missing over a week, was found yesterday in the North River, foot of Twenty-sixth-street. He was supposed to have fallen off one of the docks while fishing. An inquest was held and a verdict of supposed accidental drowning was rendered.

Fatal Fall from a Window.—Thomas O'Neil, a youth sixteen years old, while washing a second-story window of Florence's Hotel, in Broadway, accidentally fell to the pavement, sustaining injuries which caused his death. Coroner Jackman held an inquest on the body, and a verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Child Fatally Scalded.—Abraham Field, four years old, whose parents reside at No. 240 Second-street, was fatally scalded yesterday, by a pot of boiling soup being accidentally upset upon him. An inquest was held and a verdict rendered accordingly.

Hudson River Railroad.—A change of time-table, particularly affecting local trains, will be made on Monday next, May 9. The starting time from New-York of the through trains will not be changed.

Police Reports.

Auction Furniture Sold at Private Dwellings.—Dr. J. T. Burdick, of Thirty-sixth street, attended what purported to be a sale of the furniture of a private dwelling in Twentieth street. He bought some carpeting represented to be all wool, and some furniture represented as solid rosewood. His purchases amounted to about $150, and, according to custom, he was required to make a deposit, which he did by leaving a draft for $200 of the Burnett Bank of Syracuse upon the Bank of the Commonwealth of this City. Upon examining his purchases, the Doctor says he found he had been sadly taken in, the carpet being part cotton, and the rosewood furniture a wretched botch of veneer work. The Doctor says he had a good deal of trouble in recovering his draft, so, by way of compensation, he retained a portion of the furniture, and, consequently, was arrested on a charge of theft. An examination is to take place, to-day, before Justice Quackenbush, at the Jefferson Market Police Court.

A Long and Expensive Nap.—Wm. Henry, a U. S. soldier, having received a few days' leave of absence, thought he would enjoy himself. Entering a disreputable house in Water-street, he commenced drinking with one of the female inmates. He does not know how many times he drank, but he made affidavit yesterday, before Justice Welsh, that he remained asleep four days, and on awaking, he found his money, $190, minus, and a bill footed up against him of $51 12 for drinks. He threatened to enter a complaint, when finally his bill was receipted, and $26 of his money given back to him. Still unsatisfied, he preferred a complaint before Justice Welsh, and thereupon Frederick Koffman, the proprietor of the house, and twelve girls, were arrested. Koffman was required to give bail in $1,000, to answer a charge of keeping a disorderly house, and the girls were locked up as witnesses.

The Chain Gang Chained.—A number of young girls, comprising the "chain gang," were yesterday sent to the Penitentiary, as vagrants, for three months each. Their head-quarters were at No. 47 White-street, kept by Mary Ann Burton, who was also arrested, but discharged, upon her promise to vacate the house. The "chain gang" were successful in their robberies, and in the division of their booty, it is said, they rarely took advantage of one another.

Passing False Tokens.—Margaret Kline, *alias* Mary Jones, was yesterday committed by Justice Quackenbush, on a charge of attempting to pass what purported to be a two-dollar bill on the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank of Indiana, at a store in Wooster-street. As the clerk went to look at the Detector, Margaret went out of the door. She was arrested, but previously threw away several similar bills, which were found in the street.

Attempted Robbery.—Wm. Williamson, who drives an ice-cart, attempted on Thursday evening to snatch a gold watch and chain out of the pocket of Luke Williams, a resident of Utica, who was on a sight-seeing tour. The chain gave way, and Williams gave an alarm, which brought a Policeman to his aid, who arrested the robber. The ice-cart driver was committed to the Tombs by Justice Connolly.

Stealing Silk.—Mary Stiller, a young girl who was employed in the sewing-silk manufactory of Thomas C. McRay, No. 33 Greene-street, was arrested, yesterday, on a charge of purloining silk belonging to her employer. She confessed the robbery, and said that she sold the silk to Herman Rurade, a tailor, at No. 72 Grand-street, in whose place a portion of the property was found. Rurade was arrested and gave bail. The girl was locked up.

Ticket Swindling.—Frank Fowler was yesterday brought before Justice Welsh, on a charge of having swindled Erasmus Cook out of $125, in selling him three steerage tickets in the steamer *City of Washington*, instead of second cabin tickets, as bargained for. Fowler's case was sent before the Grand Jury, and in less than half-an-hour an indictment was found against him.

All that Glitters is not Gold.—Henry Brown complained yesterday before Justice Welsh of having been victimized to the extent of $71 through the purchase of a galvanized watch, which was represented as being gold. The seller of the watch, Isaac Pitzer, who keeps a jewelry store in Canal-street, was arrested and held to answer on a charge of swindling.

Caught.—A woman, giving her name as Mary Risper, was caught yesterday rummaging the bureaus and clothes closets of the dwelling of Morris Grodjinski, corner of Bleecker and Minetta-streets. She was committed to answer a charge of attempted house robbery.

A Card from Officer Howell.

New-York, Friday, May 6, 1859.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your notice of the disgraceful riot in Jackson-street, near Cherry, on Sunday last, my name occurs in such a manner as to leave an impression on the minds of those who do not know the circumstances that I at least showed a very timid regard for my own safety; in fact, some of my old friends after reading your notice of the affair came to the conclusion that I displayed the white feather in the transaction. I, therefore, wish you to give publicity to the following facts in respect to myself: At about 5½ o'clock P. M., I saw men and boys gathering rapidly in the vicinity of No. 32 Jackson-street, a low groggery; I hastened to the spot and crowded my way into the store. I then arrested one of the principal leaders in the riot, Hussey's wife, and without any serious molestation, marched her to the Station-house. I then informed Capt. Cameron of the nature of the riot and the probable need of all his available force, and immediately returned and assisted in conveying Hussey to the Station and faithfully and fearlessly performed my duty in quelling the riot and dispersing the mob. By giving the above a place in your columns, you will oblige, yours respectfully,

W. M. HOWELL,
Police Officer, Seventh Precinct.

Card from Mr. Brennan.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Sir: In regard to the statement in your paper of the 5th inst. of a charge against me for renting premises which I had no right to do, and that the party I rented to had been dispossessed therefrom by the owner, &c., permit me to say that the charge is entirely groundless. First, because I was acting as agent for the lessee of the premises, who built the house thereon with his own money, and who has had possession thereof for many years, and not for myself. Secondly, because the person to whom I rented has not been dispossessed, nor have any proceedings been taken against him for that purpose. Thirdly, because the owner of that property admits that my principal is still entitled to the possession of said premises, and that the person claiming them is mortgagee, and not the owner, and has no right to the possession. Fourthly, if the parties interested in this matter will wait till it is decided, they will find that, not only there is no truth in the statement, but that I have done no wrong, as it is far from my mind and heart to do any wrong to any human being.

May 6, 1859. THOMAS BRENNAN.

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

The Way to Do It.—The Board of Aldermen is composed of *ten* Democrats and *nine* Opposition members. Several of the Democrats, however, the leaders dare not trust. At the first call by the Mayor for a meeting, on Monday night last, all the Democrats kept away. A meeting was called for Thursday evening. Several caucus meetings were held, at which each member of the majority was sworn to vote the ticket prepared in caucus. Not satisfied with this, the Ward was printed on the back of each ticket to be voted, and a Committee was appointed to watch the ballots. Thus secured, the leaders marched their men into the Board on Thursday evening. By order of the Mayor every person except members of the Board, Clerks and Reporters were excluded from within the rail. This was done to prevent lobbying. The balloting commenced and proceeded satisfactorily for a while, until the vote was taken for a Meat Inspector—an office worth about as much as the position of a day laborer in Central Park. When this vote was taken it was found that one Democrat had bolted and voted for the Opposition candidate. The Special Committee appointed to watch the ballots, were baffled in their attempt to discover who the delinquent was, by one of the Tellers, who threw the ballots upon the floor with others as soon as counted. This result caused great excitement among the majority. The Chair decided that the Opposition candidate was elected. An appeal was taken from the decision of the Chair, and the Chairman's decision was reversed by his own vote. The majority, finding that there was a risk even with all the safeguards thrown out, finally adopted a motion requiring each Alderman to rise in his seat and announce his vote. In this manner the Democrats secured the election of all their nominations. Several of the Opposition members refused to submit to this manner of voting.

Disturbance in a Colored Church.—The service at the Concord-street Baptist Church of Christ ended in a disturbance last Sunday morning, which called for the interference of the Police, who finally restored order and closed the house. The difficulty originated about who should preach. One party wanted Brother Harrington, and others desired to hear Brother Sampson White. Brother Harrington commenced the service, when a scene of confusion ensued. He, being a man of peace, upon a portion of the congregation, headed by Brother White, approaching the pulpit in hostile array, abandoned his place, and was attempting to arrange the discordant elements, when the Police were called in. The result is a suit for assault and battery, which will be disposed of before Judge Culver, in the City Court, on Monday next.

Improvements on Remsen-street, W. D.—Thomas Hunt, Esq., has recently erected on Remsen-street, near Henry, three private residences, with brownstone fronts, at a cost of about $7,500 each. They will be occupied by himself and two married daughters. On the same street there are fourteen other houses nearly completed, varying in cost from $12,000 to $25,000 each.

Sudden Death.—Coroner Horton held an inquest yesterday upon the body of a boy named Michael Mahoney, who dropped dead in President-street on Thursday last. A verdict of death from disease of the heart was rendered. The deceased was 18 years old, and resided at the corner of Luqueer and Columbia streets.

Another Elopement.—The wife of a rope-maker residing in the Fifteenth Ward, eloped one day the present week with a neighbor who is an engineer on one of the Sound steamboats. Both parties leave children and partners, who, from all appearances, think that they got rid of the disgraceful pair cheap.

A Woman Burned to Death.—Yesterday morning at Flatbush, L. I., Mary, wife of John Trotter, and daughter of Henry Parkerson, of Westport, Connecticut, was burned to death by camphene which caught fire while she was using it. The accident occurred at 11½ o'clock, in the morning, and at 9 o'clock last evening she died.

Military.—The National Grays, (Company C, 14th Regiment,) Captain Morgan, reached home early yesterday morning, after a visit of three days in Hartford, Conn., where they were hospitably entertained by the Colt Guard, under the command of Captain Alden. They express themselves as much pleased with their visit.

Academy of Music.

"Don Pasquale" was played here last night in a very spirited and acceptable manner. The joyousness of Mlle. Piccolomini's *Norina*, though verging on downright rompishness, is a pleasant relief to the late severe prevalence of sterner emotions. She sings, too, with decided skill; throwing off Donizetti's florid music with "neatness and dispatch." The caste was good in other respects. Signor Barili, although not great, is a pains-taking artist, and that is, perhaps, the highest praise that can be bestowed on an Italian vocalist. Signor Brignoli's *Ernesto* presented the popular tenor in citizen's dress, and gave occasion to a series of black angularities. The gentleman was in good voice and was of course loudly applauded. It is a managerial mistake to suppose that the public is indifferent to the quality of a tenor's voice. When Brignoli does sing well (a feat of which—at long intervals—he is capable,) a visible thrill of delight agitates the audience. Once or twice last night Mr. Brignoli narrowly escaped being exceedingly fine, and, as it was, distinguished himself sufficiently to divide the applause with Mme. Piccolomini. The *rôle* of *Don Pasquale* was sustained by Signor Magiorotti—a buffo of the old school—funny by rule and not to be seduced from the traditions of the part. The orchestra, under the direction of Signor Muzio, was again excellent. Signor Muzio is the best conductor of Italian opera now in the country, and a tremendous improvement on the negligent gentlemen who have lately tortured the public ear.

To-day there will be a *matinée*, at which two entire operas will be performed—"Lucia di Lammermoor" and "La Serva Padrona." All the best artists of the company are in the castes.

Wood's Minstrels.—There will be another grand *matinée* here to-day.

Concert.—Mr. and Mrs. Leati give their farewell concert to-night at Niblo's.

DEPARTURE OF SENATOR SEWARD FOR EUROPE.

Proceedings of the Republican Committees—Senator Seward's Reception and Speech at the Residence of Isaac Bell, Jr.

The two Republican Central Committees met last evening, at their Rooms, No. 618 Broadway, having been specially called together for the purpose of tendering an escort to Senator Seward, who is about to embark for Europe. Judge Peabody presided. A Committee of five from each Central Committee was appointed to make the necessary arrangements, and, after a short conference, they reported that the steamer *Josephine* had been chartered to convey the Republican and invited guests down the Bay, and that she would be at Castle Garden at 10 o'clock this morning, precisely, to receive them on board. It was understood that Mr. Seward would go down the bay with his friends and be transferred to the *Ariel* after she reaches Sandy Hook. The Republicans of Brooklyn reported, through Mr. Brennan, that they had chartered the steamboat *Alida*, which would leave Brooklyn at 9½ A. M., and would call at Castle Garden about 10 o'clock to receive on board any person who might be there in waiting. Tickets of invitation were distributed to the delegates from the different Wards. The Committee then adjourned, and proceeded in a body, about one hundred in number, to the residence of Supervisor Isaac Bell, Jr., in Twenty-second-street. Mr. Bell warmly welcomed the party, inquiring, playfully, as he inducted them into his parlor, how so many Republicans dared to come to the house of a Democrat. The Committee were then introduced, one by one, to Mr. Seward, after which Mr. S. B. Dutcher, President of the Young Men's Republican Central Committee, addressed a few words to the distinguished Senator, referring to his eminent services in behalf of freedom and humanity, and expressing the hope that he would return from his tour regenerated in health, and prepared to do battle in the cause of freedom.

Mr. Seward responded in substance as follows: I need not say I have the feelings of a man, and among them is the gratitude which I experience for every act of kindness which is shown to me. And since this is so, it is proper for me to explain that I would have gladly avoided this demonstration of kindness on your part, and I have endeavored to do so. I did not wish that any personal considerations should come between me and your friendship. I did not wish to put myself forward in this great struggle. But I have been overruled by the partiality of my fellow-citizens. You find me here not in the path of the partisan. My opinions and sentiments are unchanged, and will not suffer any change during my sojourn in a foreign land. The ties which bind me to my native land may be stretched, but they may not be severed, and when absent I shall cherish the recollection of this event, and of the cause in which you are struggling, and when by the good Providence which has thus far watched over me through life I return, I trust I shall find my friends as numerous as they are here to-night, and find our country great, united and free.

Mr. Bell referred in complimentary terms to Governor King, who replied, expressing great esteem for Senator Seward, and hoped upon his return he should have the pleasure of performing an act of kindness at once for the Senator and for the country by voting to place him in the first position in the gift of this mighty nation. These remarks were received with applause. After the interchange of some friendly words the party broke up, to meet this morning on board the *Josephine*, at Castle Garden.

Parting Salute to Senator Seward.—The Republican friends of Mr. Seward, in Brooklyn, have chartered the steamer *Alida*, and will accompany the steamship *Ariel*—in which he goes passenger to-morrow—down the Bay, and give him a parting salute. The *Alida* will leave Ford's Dock, Montague Ferry, at 10½ A. M., and Castle Garden at 11 A. M.

Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia! Dyspepsia!
WHAT IS IT? HOW CURED?

Dyspepsia is our National Disease—weak stomach, feeble digestion, distress after eating, costive habit, bilious condition. How many suffer with it and its attendant symptoms of low spirits, bad taste, coated tongue, obstupified head, and attacks of headache! Yet how few know how to cure it! Generally, because the bowels are constipated, resort is had to cathartics or laxatives. But such a condition was never cured by cathartics, whose only office is to weaken the digestion and impair the integrity of the entire assimilative system.

But HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC DYSPEPSIA PILLS—a simple medicated sugar pill—have cured hundreds of the worst and most obstinate cases. This is done simply by improving the tone and restoring the integrity of the digestive organs, from which result good appetite, regular habits, a clear head and buoyant spirits. Such a medicine is a gem, and only requires to be known to be appreciated.

Price 25 cents per box, with directions. Six boxes $1.

N. B.—A full set of Humphreys' Homœopathic Specifics, with Book of Directions, and twenty different Remedies, in large vials, morocco case, $5; do. in plain case, $4; family case of 15 boxes and book, $2.

These Remedies, by the single box or case, are sent by mail or express, free of charge, to any address, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. F. HUMPHREYS & CO. No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Burglars at Work.

New-York, March 31, 1859.

Messrs. Valentine & Butler, No. 337 Broadway:

Gentlemen—During the night of the 29th inst., our office was entered by burglars, and a most determined attempt made upon our Safe, which is the Alum Patent, and of your manufacture. The burglars came fully prepared with drills, chisels, &c., and after a most severe attack, (having failed to effect an entrance,) endeavored to force the door with powder, but were equally unsuccessful. We have full confidence in your Alum Patent, and believe it to be really a Fire and Burglar Proof Safe, affording ample protection for any position in which it may be placed. Yours, respectfully,

A. DAVIDSON & SONS.

Singer's Sewing Machines.
PRICE FROM $50 TO $125.

For Families, Tailors, and all manufacturing purposes, these machines are unequaled. They are more durable, capable of doing a greater variety of work, and of earning more money than any machines in the market.

The new Family Machines, at $50 and $75 are attracting universal attention. They are much the best machines ever offered at a low price.

The prices of all our machines have been greatly reduced.

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
No. 458 Broadway.

Removal.

PENFOLD, PARKER & MOWER, Wholesale Druggists, have removed from No. 4 Fletcher-st. to No. 15 Beekman, near Nassau-st.

To the Ladies Only.—The Victoria Bandage (or periodical protector) is now ready at the well-known Truss Office of MARSH & CO., 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, where a lady is in constant attendance at their private salesroom; and at HEGEMAN & CO.'S, MILHAU'S, &c.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated
NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
NEW STYLES AT REDUCED PRICES.
No. 495 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
No. 162 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

Rogers & Raymond,
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 Fulton-st.
BOYS' DEPARTMENT.
TWO THOUSAND SPRING SUITS,
and
ONE THOUSAND
BOYS' RAGLANS, OVERSACKS, &c.
THIRTY NEW STYLES FOR BOYS,
In school, holiday and home clothing. Great variety in cut, sizes and materials.
EXTRAORDINARY CHEAPNESS.
One price, and no deviation.

Seasonable Hosiery,
UNDER-GARMENTS
AND
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
Best goods at lowest prices, at
RANKIN'S,
No. 637 Broadway,
and No. 96 Bowery.

The Prince Albert Hat,
Now the most popular Hat
In Europe, as a
Dress Hat for Young Men.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

Young Men of New-York,
Before you buy a Hat,
Call and examine the
Prince Albert Hat.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

The Prince Albert Hat,
The most brilliant Hat
For Young Men.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

The Prince Albert Hat,
The most dashing Spring Hat Out.
Come and see.
GENIN, No. 507 Broadway.

Meyer's Miraculous Vermin Destroyer
THE ONLY REMEDY IN THE WHOLE WORLD
SURE TO EXTERMINATE
Bugs, Roaches, Ants, Moths, Fleas, Mosquitoes, Rats and Mice, and all other Vermin and Insects.
For sale by the inventor, JOSEPH MEYER, practical chemist, No. 612 Broadway, corner of Houston-st.

Tiemann's Paints and Colors.
D. F. TIEMANN & CO.,
Removed to No 128 William st.,
between Fulton and John sts.

Steel Against Feathers.
HOWE'S UNRIVALED ELLIPTIC SPRING BED BOTTOMS, FROM $4 50 TO $6.
☞ AT RETAIL AT NO. 378 BROADWAY. ☜

Late Fire at Houston, Texas.

Houston, Texas, April 18, 1859.

Messrs. S. C. Herring & Co.:

Gentlemen: You have doubtless heard of the conflagration in our town on the night of the 28th February last, which consumed our entire buildings and a large amount of goods. We had our books and papers in one of your large Herring's Patent Safes, and they came out all O. K.

W. R. WILSON.

Herring's Patent Champion Safes with Hall's patent powder-proof Locks, for sale by the subscribers.

S. C. HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Stearns & Marvin's
WILDER PATENT
SALAMANDER SAFES.

These Safes are free from dampness. They have been in use for 17 years—have been tested in 253 accidental fires, and have never failed.

STEARNS & MARVIN, No. 40 Murray-st., N. Y.
No. 97 Gravier-st., N. O.

Spring Clothing, Neatly Made,
from latest styles of goods,
To order or ready made, at
DRUMGOLD & PROCH S,
No. 214 Broadway.

Looking-Glasses,
PICTURES AND FRAMES,
GOOD AND CHEAP, AT
M. P. WHITLOCK'S,
No. 366 CANAL OPPOSITE WOOSTER-ST.

Barry's Tricopherous
is the
BEST AND CHEAPEST ARTICLE
For DRESSING, BEAUTIFYING, CLEANING, CURLING, PRESERVING and RESTORING THE HAIR. Ladies, try it. For sale by all druggists and perfumers.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.
PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.
They are the favorites for families.—*New-York Times.*
We prefer them for family use.—*New-York Tribune.*
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

Lester's Sewing Machines.
LOCK STITCH. AGENTS WANTED.
Salesrooms No. 483 Broadway, New-York.
J. H. LESTER.

Shades!! shades!!
GLASS SHADES of all sizes, for covering clocks, flowers, &c., &c., &c., constantly on hand and made to order. Dépôt No 156 William-st., corner Ann-st.

Paris Soft Hats.—A choice supply received by late steamers, made expressly to order for our retail sales.
LEARY & CO.,
Nos. 3, 4 and 5 Astor House, Broadway.

French Soft Hats,
J. COUPIN'S manufacture, (Aix,) constantly receiving, by S. J. PARDESSUS, his agent, No. 156 William-st., corner of Ann.

Highly Interesting to Housekeepers.—The Polar Refrigerator, which is manufactured by BARTLETT & LESLIE, No 426 Broadway, comes the nearest to our idea of what a Refrigerator should be than any other we have seen.

The ice box is made in a wedge form of corrugated zinc, and it completely divides and forms two separate provision chambers. The ice is placed in the upper portion of this box upon a strong rack; immediately beneath the rack is a filter, through which the ice water strains as it melts, falling into the lower angle, where it is retained for its frigerific properties, or to have more water added and drawn off by a faucet for drinking or culinary purposes; an overflow pipe is arranged so that the water cannot reach the ice.

It is self-ventilating—the air being taken first through the ice, and NO ONE ARTICLE OF FOOD CAN IMPART ITS FLAVOR TO ANOTHER.

But its greatest feature is the manner and the certainty by which the moisture is taken from in and around the provisions. This is done by leaving exposed to the provision chambers the cold corrugated sides of the ice and ice water receptacle, whereon all moisture is condensed and quickly carried off by the waste pipe.

Humphrey's Homœopathic Specifics are winning golden opinions by the brilliant success they daily meet in curing the sick. Hundreds of cases of Piles, of Catarrah, of Dyspepsia, of Coughs and Colds, of old Headaches, of Fever and Agues, of old Billious complaints and long standing Leucorrhœa, are being cured weekly by the use of these simple Specifics. Each remedy is a specific for a particular disease, and in purchasing a case a cure can often be made of a most serious and long-standing ailment.

N. B.—A full set of HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS, with book of directions and 20 Remedies in large 3-drachm vials and morocco case, $5; do. in plain case, $4; family case of 15 boxes and book, $2.

The Remedies by the single box or full case sent to any address, by mail or express, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New-York.

To Restore is Better than to Dye.—The Boston *Traveller* says: "A preparation has at last been discovered which restores the natural color of the hair by acting upon its roots, and gives it back its original gloss and beauty. This no hair dye will do. If you wish to have the *real* color instead of the dull, rough look which hair dye imparts, use Heimstreet's Restorative, which invigorates the roots of the hair and makes it young again, no matter how much it may be faded. There is no doubt that the old practice of dyeing the hair will rapidly give way before the merits of this preparation. Sold everywhere. Price, 50 cents a bottle.
W. E. HAGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

Gents' Furnishing Goods at Retail.—I. U. SILLECK & CO., corner of Fulton and William sts., offer for sale Tubular, Lace, Napoleon, Scarf and all other fashionable styles of Spring and Summer Neck Ties, Stocks, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Hosiery, Dress Robes, Traveling Shirts, Plain, Cross plait, French and English Printed Shirts; Alexandre's, Bajou's and Courvoisier's Kid Gloves, &c.

Particular attention bestowed upon their custom Shirt department. Gentlemen ordering Shirts made from measure may rely upon a good fit and well-executed work.

Boots and Shoes for all Classes.—The best place to purchase your boots and shoes is at CANTRELL'S, No. 813 Broadway. He makes articles of the best quality, and sells them cheaper than any other dealer in the country. His stock embraces every description for young and old. Visit his establishment and make your selections. For great bargains call at CANTRELL'S.

Buy me and I'll do You Good.—Dr. LANGLEY'S Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters should be used by all who are complaining with the liver complaint, jaundice, weakness, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, headache, and poor blood. This is the Spring medicine that will surely do you good. Sold by druggists at 25 and 37 cents for large bottles.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—This celebrated establishment is at No. 233 Broadway. Twelve private rooms for the application of his famous Hair Dye, the best extant. BATCHELOR'S Wigs and Toupees have improvements over all; this is the only place where these are properly understood and made.

Anniversary Week.—The Clergy and their families supplied at a discount. Gent's and Children's Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, in all their variety. The first premium has been awarded
KELLOGG, Manufacturer, No. 381 Canal-st.

May and June.—Ladies, you can promenade with increased pleasure by selecting your gaiters at CANTRELL'S. Also, slippers, ties, and misses', boys and youths' shoes, all styles and moderate prices. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway.

Rupture Cured—By MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss. Also, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, supporters and shoulder-braces. Instruments for deformities made to order. No. 2 Vesey-st., Astor House, New-York. Ladies' private rooms and female attendant.

A Hundred Tastes may be Suited and satisfied from the splendid novelties in business, dress, walking, driving, smoking and voyaging caps introduced this Spring by WHITE, the Hatter, No. 216 Broadway, under Barnum's Museum.

Geo. Saunders' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop.—This inimitable article may be obtained of the sole manufacturers, J. & S. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House, and of the various agents throughout the City.

Trusses, Elastic Stockings, for enlarged veins, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, Belts, Instruments for weak ankle joints, club-feet, bow-legs, &c., with Dr. GLOVER'S new Lever Truss, which effects radical cures. No. 4 Ann-st., under the Museum.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents a Box, Black or Brown, warranted; Depot No. 1 Barclay-st. Also, sold at No. 399 Broadway and all druggists. Infallible Onguent for the growth and beauty of the hair. Floralia for the same.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs, and Toupees, surpass any in the world. A complete assortment of Ladies' long braid Fronts, Half Wigs, &c., always on hand. For sale and the Dye privately applied, at No. 6 Astor House.

Jenks' Automatic Fly and Mosquito Traps catch flies by the quart, and kills them, by machinery. The best yet introduced. For sale, at wholesale and retail, by the proprietor,
S. W. SMITH,
No. 534 Broadway.

Paris Summer Shoes—Calfskin and Patent Leather—just received. Also, constantly on hand a large assortment of my own manufacture
EUGENE FERRIS, Bootmaker, No. 62 Nassau-st.

The Phrenological Museum of Fowler & Wells, No. 308 Broadway, is an interesting place to visit, and is thronged by citizens and strangers. Examinations with charts and advice given daily.

Removal.—Defiance Salamander Safe Dépôt removed from No. 192 Pearl to No. 63 Murray-st., corner College-place.
ROBERT M. PATRICK,

McLaughlin's Improved French Yoke Shirts, ready-made, all sizes, or made to measure, upon scientific principles. A sure fit guaranteed. Store No. 229 Greenwich-st., cor. Murray.

For perfect fitting Shirts and the latest novelties in gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
GREEN, Shirt Manufactory, No. 1 Astor House.

Fishing Tackle of the best quality, and in great variety, for sale by WILLSHER & DAMBREL, No. 53 Nassau-st., near Maiden-lane.

MARRIED.

Hamilton—Davidson.—In this City, on Thursday, May 5, by the Rev. John Brash, Joseph Hamilton, formerly of Swatragh, to Ann Davidson, formerly of Innisrush, County Derry, Ireland.

☞ Londonderry papers please copy.

Stryker—Du Bois.—On Thursday, May 5, by the Rev. Mr. Tuttle, Mr. W. S. Stryker to Miss Mary R., daughter of Ira Du Bois, (formerly of Catskill.)

Cain—Hermeston.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, May 2, by the Rev. D. J. Patterson, Mr. Henry Isaac Cain to Miss Sarah Hermeston, both of Brooklyn.

Betts—Sanders.—In Jersey City, on Thursday, May 5, by the Rev. C. K. Imbrie, Frederick F. Betts to Elizabeth M., daughter of the late J. W. Sanders, of Newark, N. J.

Hill—Parsell.—At New-Brunswick, N. J., on Thursday, May 5, in the First Reformed Dutch Church, by the Rev. Samuel B. Howe, D. D., W. R. Hill, of this City, to Jeanie, daughter of N. W. Parsell, Esq., of the former place.

DIED.

Morris.—In this City, on Thursday, May 5, William Henry, infant son of Wm. H. and Maria W. Morris, aged 2 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 98 West 13th st., without further invitation.

Willis.—In this City, on Friday, May 6, George C. Willis, son of Jane B. and the late Oliver W. Willis, in the 31st year of his age.

Funeral service will be held at the house of his mother, No. 140 West 40th st., on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock precisely. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice. His remains will be removed to Long Island for interment.

Stewart.—In this City, on Friday morning, May 6, Margaret, wife of John Stewart.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Monday, 9th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., without further invitation, from his late residence, No. 34 Charlton-st.

Chalmers.—In this City, on Friday morning, May 6, James Chalmers, in the 76th year of his age, a native of Dundee, Scotland, for more than half a century a resident of this City.

His friends, and those of his son, William Chalmers, and his sons-in-law, Wm. H. Curtis and A. T. Clayton, are invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, without further invitation, from the residence of the latter, No. 46 West 27th st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

Smith.—In this City, on Friday, May 6, Elizabeth, daughter of John P. and Sarah Smith, aged 3 years, 2 months and 22 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 246 Elizabeth-st., on Sunday, the 8th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

Maynard.—On Tuesday, May 3, of jaundice, Mr. James Maynard, of London, England, aged 80 years, 2 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, May 10, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 148 Canton-st., Brooklyn.

Tinker.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 5, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Margaret B. Tinker, wife of Wm. Tinker, aged 60 years and 4 days.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, at her late residence, No. 96 Carlton av., Brooklyn.

"Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

Drake.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 5, Rowena, youngest daughter of Charles and Olive Y. Drake, aged 13 months.

De Mesa.—At Orange, N. J., on Thursday, May 5, Matias de Mesa.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, opposite Grace Church, Main-st., Orange, this day, (Saturday,) at 2½ o'clock P. M. Stages to and from Orange connect with all the Newark trains.

Knapp.—At Fordham, Westchester County, on Thursday, May 5, Mary E., wife of Henry S. Knapp, in the 57th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family, also her son, David S. Clark, her son-in-law, Benjamin F. Ferris; her brothers, William, Samuel I., and David Sherwood, her brother in-law, Lewis R. Knapp, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Saturday) morning, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, Berrian-av., Fordham.

Brandegee.—At New-London, Conn., on Monday, May 2, John Brandegee, Esq., in the 72d year of his age.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

Brown.—At Staten Island, on Friday, May 6, Emily, youngest daughter of Nathl. M. Brown, aged 17 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her brothers-in law, Joseph M. Cooper and Lewis P. Bayard, are invited to attend the funeral, on Sunday afternoon next, 8th inst., at 5 o'clock, from St. Paul's Church, Broadway, without further notice.

Peel.—In Buffalo, on Wednesday, May 5, with disease of the heart, Matt Peel.

His funeral will take place in this City, on Sunday next, May 8, at 1½ o'clock, from the Broadway House, No. 433 Broome-st. His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend; also, his Masonic brothers, as well as the Sons of Malta, to accompany his remains to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

AWFUL CALAMITY!

PEOPLE BURNED AND DROWNED!

WOMEN LEFT TO PERISH!!!

NO HELP!

THE FOLLY OF BEING UNPREPARED!

SAFETY EASILY PROCURED!

THE BURNING OF THE ST. NICHOLAS STEAMER has given rise to a great deal of horror; for, independent of the deaths by burning, there were many by drowning, and most of the latter were ladies.

One of the officers of the boat (the Pilot) describing the burning says:—* * * * * "I was unable to swim back to where I left the ladies, and tried to swim around the bow of the boat, in doing which I came across a stick of wood which was of material assistance to me. I soon managed to get around so as to obtain a view of the boat, which I found cleared of all the ladies. They had gone, and the guard was all in a blaze! That is the last I saw of them, except one"

ALL THE REST WERE LOST!

Had they been wearers of the Life Preserving Clothing made by the

DELANO
LIFE PRESERVING COAT AND VEST CO.,
No. 256 BROADWAY,

they would have been enabled to jump overboard without fear! This Clothing will save the wearers from death in any waters, and renders the wearer competent to JUMP OVERBOARD WITH PERFECT IMPUNITY!

Call and examine that Ready Made.

Just received, a splendid assortment of SAFETY BATHING DRESSES.

GENIN'S HAT STORE,

REMOVED TO NO. 507 BROADWAY.

CONNECTING WITH HIS BAZAAR.

QUICK IS ITS POWER! GREAT ARE ITS EFFECTS!!—HYATT'S LIFE BALSAM.—Rheumatism in its most painful forms, also, scrofula, old ulcers, and the worst cases of disease of the blood, great debility, liver complaint, kidneys, incipient consumption, &c., are most certainly cured by this great purifier.

RHEUMATISM.

Ask Mr. SNYDER, No 211 Gold-st., Brooklyn, if its immediate effects on his Rheumatism of 15 years' standing, was not astonishing; also, if it did not restore his distorted and tortured limbs to their natural size and form.

SCROFULOUS ULCER.

Ask Mr. E. B. HOLLY, dockmaster, No. 171 Madison-st., if in but a few weeks it did not cure his Ulcer, which had baffled the Faculty of the New-York Hospital, and caused him great suffering.

Seventy-five cents a bottle; six for $4.

Principal Dépôt No. 246 Grand-st., New-York.

McKNIGHT'S MALT WINE.

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McKNIGHT'S MALT WINE.

Made from the pure juice of the barley malt.
As a tonic it is unsurpassed.
As a beverage for nursing mothers it is unequaled.

For consumption and those suffering from general debility it is without comparison. It is recommended by the leading physicians of Albany.

The demand for McKNIGHT'S MALT WINE has been so great within the last few weeks that the subscriber has been compelled, in justice to the article, to refuse the sale in consequence of a sufficient length of time not having elapsed to give it its natural taste and lively appearance. He is now happy to inform his friends and the public that he has received, and is daily in receipt of large quantities (in stone bottles, half barrels, barrels and hogsheads,) from the brewery, and will be able hereafter to supply all the demands with a superior article of Malt Wine.

THOMAS DAVIS, Agent,
No. 99 North Moore-st., New-York.

GAS FIXTURES.
We are now opening some new patterns of
GAS CHANDELIERS
That excel anything previously offered in this market for both
BEAUTY AND CHEAPNESS.
Persons in want of gas fixtures are requested to call and examine our stock
W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
No. 631 Broadway.

FRENCH CHINA,
SILVER-PLATED WARE,
TABLE CUTLERY, &c., &c.,
In great variety and at very low prices; also, French clocks, French bronzes, Parian ware, porcelain vases, &c., &c. W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., No. 631 Broadway.

FINKLE & LYON'S
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
Warranted to give better satisfaction than any other machine in this market, or money refunded.
P. S.—Send for a Circular. No. 503 Broadway.

ELEGANT GOLD WATCHES,
AND SILVER WATCHES,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

LADIES' EAR-RINGS, PINS AND BRACELETS,
LADIES' GOLD CHATELAINE CHAINS,
GOLD GUARD AND VEST CHAINS,
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway.

SILVER WARE OF THE BEST QUALITY,
AND PLATED WARE
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway.

JEWELRY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES,
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.,
Formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

THE CELEBRATED WATCHES MADE BY
HENRY REYNOLDS LEMON,
Of Liverpool, (most perfect time-keepers,)
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, Agent for the Manufacturer,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT CURE Sores and Ulcers. BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT cures Rheumatism. BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT cures Aches and Pains. BURDSALL'S ARNICA LINIMENT for Burns and Scalds. Burdsall's Arnica Liniment for Horses and Cattle. Arnica possesses the greatest healing and soothing powers. Burdsall's Arnica Liniment is made by combining Arnica with a healing and penetrating vegetable oil; for ailments of man and beast it is without equal. Dépôt No. 24 Beekman-st., N. Y.

TRY CLARK'S SYRUP, FOR ANY DELICATE Female. BARNES & PARK, Wholesale.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway, corner of Broome-st.
STEAM-FITTERS, GAS-FITTERS AND PLUMBERS,
BUILDERS OF GAS WORKS.
Hotels, Steamboats, Stores, Public Buildings and Private dwellings fitted throughout in a workmanlike manner, and on reasonable terms.
Steam-fitting and Plumbing Factory..No. 133 Mercer-st.
Gas-fitting Factory..........................No. 438 Broome-st.
ALSO, IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES,
China, Glass, Bronzes, Clocks, Cutlery, Silver and Plated Ware, and
GENERAL HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

DR. JAMES McCLINTOCK'S PECTORAL SYRUP exercises an influence over Consumption and Bronchitis unparalleled in medical practice, allaying the cough, healing and strengthening the lungs, promoting expectoration, and inducing sleep. Price $1. Dépôt No. 5 Beekman-st., and sold by druggists.

PUMICE-STONE SOAP—A SUPERIOR ARTICLE for Scouring and Whitening the Hands—removing, as if by magic, stains of all kinds, ink, pitch, varnish, &c. No counting-house or workshop should be without it. Sold by HEGEMAN & CO.,
Nos. 161, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway.

BURT, HUTCHINSON & ABBEY
Publish THIS DAY,
THE GOOD NEWS OF GOD,
BY
The Rev. Charles Kingsley,
Author of "Alton Locke," "Hypatia," etc.
1 vol. 12mo. Price $1.
Also
MY EARLY DAYS,
BY
Mrs. Eliza W. Farnham.
1 vol. 12mo. Price $1 25.

BALDWIN'S
CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT,
THE LARGEST IN THE CITY,
Built by Wm. B. Astor, Esq., expressly for this business,
NOS. 70 AND 72 BOWERY.
THE LARGEST NEW AND FASHIONABLE STOCK
OF READY-MADE CLOTHING
EVER OFFERED.
The CUSTOM DEPARTMENT not excelled in art or taste by any establishment.
SEASONABLE GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Persons will buy goods here cheaper than at any other store in this City.
Ladies are invited to call and examine the Children's Department.

KANE'S RANGE AND HEATER COMBINED.
PATENTED SEPTEMBER, 1858.
The most useful and economical Range ever introduced. It needs no comment or puffing, as on inspection it will tell for itself at a moment's glance. It bakes equal to the brick oven, and also heats the room above. The model is very neat, and it is so simple in its arrangement that a child could understand and manage it. It is also the most substantial Family Range in the market. If you are in want of a first-class Range, you would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
CHARLES KANE, No. 319 Bowery.

NEW STYLES
OF PARIS SILK NETS AND COIFFURES,
FRENCH FANS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
FANCY COMBS AND HEAD ORNAMENTS,
and a large assortment of other
NEW GOODS,
just received per steamer *Europa*, and landing from steamer *Fulton*, for sale to the Trade at the lowest market prices, by
HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE,
No. 37 Maiden-lane.

SOMETHING NEW.
C. BARNARD'S VULCANIZED PENS—An extraordinarily easy writing pen, and far more durable than any other made from steel; for sale by the following stationers: B. F. Corlies, No. 31 Nassau-st.; W. D. Roe & Co., No. 59 Wall-st.; Bowne & Co., No. 150 Pearl-st., near Wall; Nathan Lane & Co., No. 69 Wall-st.; C. Gildersleve, No. 17 William-st.; Biglow & Bleecker, No. 18 William-st.; C. F. Sonneborn, No. 142 Nassau st.; John Armour, No. 7 Beekman-st.; and wholesale by Cook, Merritt & Brown, No. 18 Beekman-st.; Bowen, Holmes & Co., No. 329 Broadway; Robbins, Royce & Hard, No. 70 Reade-st.

PARIS FANCY GOODS.
FREEMAN, RYER & CO.,
No. 13 Maiden-lane,
Are receiving, per every steamer, a choice assortment of FRENCH NOVELTIES, consisting of FANS, of Pearl, Bone, Sandal, and Citron wood, of all styles; TRAVELING BAGS, SATCHELS, PORTE MONNAIES, Cabas CLOCKS, BRONZES, PAINTINGS, CRYSTAL AND GILT GOODS, Tortoise Shell COMBS; Ivory, Buffalo, and Rosewood BRUSHES. OPERA GLASSES, JET GOODS, DRESSING AND WORK CASES, RICH GILT HEAD ORNAMENTS in great variety, &c., and which they solicit the Trade to examine, with inducements worthy their attention.

KEROSENE OILS.
NOTICE.
The enlargement of the Kerosene Works being now completed, we give notice that ALL Orders from the TRADE will be filled promptly, at New Tariff Prices.
KEROSENE OIL, on examination, will be found to be the only perfect Coal Oil yet offered, and to burn 25 per cent longer than any of the imitations in market.
NEW-YORK KEROSENE OIL COMPANY,
No. 93 Pearl-st.,
New-York.

ICE CREAM—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Gardens, Saloons, Hotels, Dining-rooms, Steamboats, Excursions, Pic-nics, Church Fairs, Balls, Parties, Families, &c., &c., supplied by the STEAM ICE CREAM COMPANY, dépôt No. 188 Chatham-square, in any quantity—from 1 to 100 gallons.
ALBERT HALL, Proprietor.

BROOKLYN.
The friends of WILLIAM H. SEWARD residing in Brooklyn are invited to be on board the steamer *Alida* at the Wall-st Ferry (Brooklyn side) at 10½ o'clock THIS MORNING, or at Castle Garden at 11 o'clock, to escort our distinguished Senator down the Bay on his departure for Europe.
By order of the Committee of Arrangements.

ST. CATHARINE MINERAL WATER
IN ITS NATURAL STATE.
The greatest Purifier of the Blood yet discovered. A fresh supply just received from the Spring.
C. L. MATHER, Agent, Astor House, N. Y.

PLATED GOODS AT RETAIL.
The latest patterns of double plated TEA SETS, URNS, CASTERS, CAKE BASKETS, FORKS, SPOONS, etc., for sale at retail at the long established and well-known stand of LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling slip.

SAVE YOUR CARPETS, FURS AND DRY Goods from Moths. In putting away clothing, furs, curtains, &c. for the season sprinkle freely with LYON'S MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER. It is natural death to everything of the insect species. Moths will not come near it. Throw it about your carpets, bedding, closets, &c., it is perfectly clean. Upholsterers should put it in all furniture; Clothiers, dry goods merchants, manufacturers, furriers and gardeners should use freely.

Moths in furs, bugs in beds,
Roaches crawling on your floor,
Rats and mice in barns and sheds,
These shall never plague you more.
Lyon, with his Powder, slays
All the insects that annoy;
And his Pills, beyond all praise,
Every rat and mouse destroy.

Lyon's Powder is harmless to mankind, but will kill all house insects, garden worms, vine-bugs, &c. Lyon's Magnetic Pills are such death to rats and mice. Sold everywhere.
Sample flasks, 25 cents; regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.
BARNES & PARK, Nos. 13 and 15 Park Row, N. Y.
Houses, ships and public buildings cleared of vermin by contract.

THE AMERICAN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY will hold its Twenty-sixth Anniversary in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 446 Broadway, as follows:
First Meeting—TUESDAY, 10 A. M. Speakers—The Rev. A. M. Milligan, of Pennsylvania; Parker Pillsbury, the Rev William H. Furness, Wendell Phillips.
Second Meeting—TUESDAY EVENING, 7½ o'clock. Speakers—The Hon. Erastus D. Culver, Edward Gilbert, Esq., C. C. Burleigh, and others.
Third Meeting—WEDNESDAY, 10 A. M. Speakers—Wm. Wells Brown, Lucretia Mott, the Rev. Samuel Aaron, the Rev. Samuel Lonfellow, and others.
Fourth Meeting—WEDNESDAY, 3½ P. M. Speakers—The Rev. George F. Noyes, J. M. McKim, A. T. Foss, and others.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE IN THE world has removed from No. 88 Nassau-st. to No. 151 Fulton-st., near Broadway. LEGGAT BROTHERS have just received from auction, 25 cases of new books, many hundred volumes of which they sell for 38 and 50 cents per volume, published at $1 25. Among them are "Olmstead's Texas," "Fitch's Life," "Tchudi's Peru," "Poe's Literati," "Arabian Nights," "Conybeare's Perversion," "Mechanic's Own Book," "Rural Homes," "Buffon's Natural History," 2 vols; "Boker's Plays," 2 vols; "Pilgrim's Progress," "Howitt's Labor and Gold," "Afraja," "Lee's Canterbury Tales," 2 vols; "Holland's Bay Path," "Sabine on Duelling," "Louis Blanc's France," 2 vols., &c.

HECKER'S FARINA IS IN THE HIGHEST repute as a delicious and wholesome food at all seasons of the year. It is a pure preparation from wheat, without the admixture of any other grain, and hence is invaluable in the Summer season. Extensively used at the Astor House, St Nicholas, Metropolitan, and other first-class Hotels and Saloons, it is rapidly becoming an indispensable dish on all good tables. Manufactured and sold at the Croton Mills, No. 201 Cherry st. A liberal discount to dealers. HECKER & BROTHER.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS—THE UNDERSIGNED is prepared to receive orders for cleaning, polishing and renovating pianos, folding doors, and every kind of furniture. Furniture cleaned and polished without removal and without soiling the finest carpet. Parties whose furniture may suffer from May moving, may have it made as good as new. Address MARTIN, Box No. 155, *Times* Office

THE NEW-YORK ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY will hold its Anniversary in the City Assembly Rooms, No. 443 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Speakers—Theodore Tilton, Wendell Phillips, and others. Admission 10 cents, to defray expenses. At the close of the public exercises the Society will meet for the choice of officers.

WHISKERS IN SIX WEEKS.—YES, MY magical Onguent will force the beard or mustache or hair to grow luxuriantly within that time, without staining or injuring the skin. Price $1. Sent to any address by mail free. R. G. GRAHAM, No. 109 Nassau-st.

CLARK'S SYRUP.—THIS VEGETABLE PREPARATION is working wonders all over the world, and for Liver, Womb, or Scrofula complaints, and Female Weaknesses, General Debility, it is perfectly magical. In quart bottles, and is like wine to drink.

CLARK'S SYRUP, IN ALL CASES OF Sexual Incapacity, or diseases of the Spine and Kidneys, is magical. Try it. C. H. RING, 178 Broadway.

TRY CLARK'S SYRUP, THE GREAT Blood Purifier, for Dyspepsia. HAYS, Brooklyn.

TRY CLARK'S SYRUP, FOR SCROFULA, Jaundice, &c., or any blood disease.

CLARK'S SYRUP, FOR SORE THROAT, is magical. BARNES & PARK, wholesale.

CLARK'S SYRUP IS ALL ROOTS AND no minerals. $500 will be given for any grain found in it.

TRY CLARK'S SYRUP, THE GREAT Blood Purifier, for Weakness. Sold by all druggists.

CLARK'S SYRUP CHANGES THE WHOLE condition of the blood, and kills the poison which feeds the fire of disease. C. H. RING, No. 178 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE TWO ELEGANT NEW BROWN stone houses Nos. 112 and 114 Madison-avenue, being both nearly 20 feet front by 60 feet deep; five stories high, built in the very best manner, and replete with every convenience, and will be finished ready for occupancy by the 1st day of March next. Terms very accommodating to a responsible party. For further particulars apply to A. W. FRY, No. 12 Chambers-st., from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M., first floor, office No. 1.

VILLAS, COUNTRY SEATS, COTTAGES, AND FARMS, FOR SALE,

BY S. EDDY & CO., NO. 51 LIBERTY-ST.

A number of elegant residences, with spacious grounds attached with fruit trees and shrubbery, and commanding fine river views, at each of the following villages on the Hudson, viz: Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Irvington, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, and Nyack. Also on Staten Island; at Orange and Bloomfield, N. J. Also, a large number of fruit and dairy farms, and country seats with farms attached, from one to three hours' ride from New-York, at prices ranging from $1,200 to $30,000. N. B.—Several eligible country seats and farms to exchange for good City property.

FOR EXCHANGE.—I HAVE A FIRST-CLASS house, near the Central Park, with gas, bath, Croton water, &c.; three lots in this City, 3x10 each; four lots in Milwaukee Falls, Wis., 4x8 each; and four farms (mostly woodland) in Michigan, I will exchange for a good business, or for a stock of goods, or a farm in this State or East or South. No real estate broker need answer this without he has the real thing. Drug store, boots and shoes, dry goods, millinery goods, &c., will be taken if an exchange be made immediately, or a farm. Address SAMUEL SPRING, Auburn, N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE FINELY FINISHED, FIRST-class, 4 story brown stone house and lot No. 17 East 32d-st. House built in 1857, and just put in complete order and ready for immediate occupancy. Lot 25x99, house 25x60; built in best manner, with every modern improvement and convenience. Will be sold low, as the owner moves into the country. For particulars apply on the premises, No. 17 East 32d-st., or to H. MASON, No. 29 Water st.

FOR SALE UP TOWN—TWO OR FOUR SECOND AVENUE LOTS. A pleasant and healthy location for a private residence, or a good investment. Also on Long Island, 5, 10, and 20 acre farms, at reasonable prices and liberal terms. Apply to A. McCOTTER, 128 Fulton-st.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LOTS ON 17TH and 18th sts.—30 lots, each 25 feet front, running from 17th to 18th st., and commencing 150 feet west from 6th-av. Nearly all may remain on mortgage. Apply at No. 42 Pine-st., Room No. 8, from 12 to 4 o'clock.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 32 WEST SEVENTEENTH-ST., between 5th and 6th avs; brown stone front, high stoop, with all the modern improvements, in perfect order. Apply to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A VACANT LOT ON THE SOUTH side of 20th-st., near 9th-av., 20x90 feet. Also, one on 9th-av., near 20th st. Terms made to suit purchaser. Inquire of J. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av.

FOR SALE—HOUSES AND LOTS. ARCHITECTURAL designs for country houses complete for $5 each, at the architectural office, No. 953 Broadway, near Madison-square. No charge for plans not approved of.

FOR SALE—A NEW FOUR-STORY AND ATTIC house, situate on the south side of 10th-st., two doors east of 3d-av. For terms, apply to THOMAS MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story high stoop brown-stone houses, well located on 3d-av., corner of 18th-st. Price, $9,500. Has all the modern improvements. Apply on the premises.

FOUR YEARS' LEASE FOR SALE—OF A VERY DESIRABLE STORE IN BROADWAY. Inquire at No. 523 Broadway (St. Nicholas Hotel.)

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE—A VERY LARGE AND VALUABLE estate with extensive water power appurtenant, situate at Morrisville, Bucks County, Penn. This magnificent estate contains about 315 acres of land, of which nearly the entire part is valuable farm land under a high state of cultivation. The principal streets of the town of Morrisville run through the property, giving several thousand feet front for building purposes. There are fourteen buildings upon the property, all of which are rented. The farm has a mile front on the Philadelphia and Bristol Turnpike Road. The Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Canal and the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad run through this estate, affording every facility for access thereto, and for the shipping of produce, materials, &c. Morrisville is situated on the west bank of the Delaware River, immediately opposite to Trenton, N. J., with which place it is connected by a fine bridge. The improvements of the town are extending in the direction of this estate. The most valuable feature connected with this fine estate is the extensive water power, which is one of the finest on the River Delaware. At present it is used by a grist-mill and saw-mill. For the purposes of a saw-mill it is most admirably adapted. For information, apply to HENRY McCREA, No. 430 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—FOR SALE, AT Fordham, Westchester County, the residence lately occupied by Dr. Walsh. The house is 42x36, built by days' work in the most substantial manner, filled in with brick, and has marble mantels throughout. The carriage-house and out-buildings are ample and complete, and the whole place in perfect order. The grounds contain 3¼ acres, and are highly improved with a great variety of fruit and ornamental trees. The house commands an extensive view on all sides, from East River to the Palisades. It is but half a mile from Fordham Station on Harlem Railroad, and but 12 miles from the City Hall. It will be sold for $12,000, and a portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to A. R. WALSH, No. 211 Pearl-st.; or to Dr. WALSH, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A large three-story house, 36 by 40, containing 24 rooms, are hard finished, with 2 acres land, with fruit trees; an excellent well of water in area; brick cistern in rear; the water from each is brought into the house by force pumps; situated in the village of Bloomingview, Staten Island, two miles from Rossville, where steamboats ply daily, at from 10 to 15 cents; each 1½ hour sail from the City, and within one quarter of a mile of the Staten Island Railroad Dépôt; three quarters of a mile from Princes' Bay. A most delightful place for bathing and fishing. For further particulars, apply to SAMUEL EDDY, No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, IN consequence of the owner going to Europe, at Fordham Heights, Westchester County, a neat house, containing thirteen rooms, furnace, range and water in the kitchen; a stable, carriage-house, and other out-houses. There are about three acres of ground, well stocked with shade and fruit trees, and a garden already planted with vegetables. A horse, cow and poultry can be supplied, if wanted. For further particulars inquire of W. S. JARVIS, Real-estate Agency, corner Canal and Baxter sts., or of P. DUFFY, Fordham Dépôt.

FOR SALE—AT ELTONA, A LARGE, WELL-built and convenient house, 25x30, wing 20x36, about five minutes' walk from the Railroad dépôt, one hour from the City by steamboat or cars, with about twelve lots of ground attached. Apply to R. H. ELTON, No. 24 Beekman-st., New-York, or WM. O. ROOSA, on the premises.

Also, for sale or to let, several houses of different styles, convenient to the City. Apply to H. H. ROBERTSON, Mott Haven.

FOR SALE AT PEEKSKILL—A BEAUTIFUL residence with 3 acres of ground, part of which is covered with a splendid grove of native forest trees; house two-story frame, filled in with brick, well built and in perfect order, size 34x36; contains 14 rooms, is handsomely situated, and commands an extensive view of the river and adjoining country; fine garden, and an abundance of fruits of different varieties. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 48 Wall-st., Jauncey Court.

TO LET AT NEW-ROCHELLE—NEAR THE Neptune House, a beautiful country seat furnished, immediately upon the river; five acres in flower and kitchen garden, with choice fruit; gardener kept; fruit and vegetables supplied; good bathing, fishing and boating; 15 minutes to the cars, three to the steamboat. Trains from 27th-st. at 7 and 9 A. M., and 12:45 P. M. Inquire of JOHN BOLTON, on the place.

TO LET AT NEWBURGH, N. Y.—A LARGE and beautiful house, in complete order, with water and gas throughout, situated at the north end of the village, commanding a fine view of the river and surrounding country, formerly occupied by L. P. Dodge, Esq. For further particulars, inquire of J. C. MASTERS, Newburgh, or to D. McDOWELL, No. 40 Park place, New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—TO LET FURNISHED, a large, handsome, brown-stone house on New-York Bay, 4 miles from Jersey City, on a stage route, location unsurpassed, garden, coach and stable accommodation attached. Immediate entry will be given, the family being about to leave for Europe. For particulars apply to S. B. HUTCHINS, No. 36 John-st., or on the premises to JAMES CURRIE.

TO LET—HALF A MILE FROM THE FORDHAM dépôt, a cottage, containing 10 rooms, stables, garden, and four acres of land, with fruit trees, &c.; a delightful country residence; will be rented for six months or one year. Apply to CHARLES H. HINNAU, Recorder's Office, No. 11 Chambers-st., or Dr. HORSEFIELD'S drug-store, Fordham.

TO LET—A NEAT COTTAGE, NEARLY NEW and just newly painted, with large garden, pleasantly situated on a retired street in the village of Flushing, L. I., six minutes' walk from Railroad dépôt. Communication almost hourly. Desirable location for a small family, and perfectly healthy. Rent low. Apply to D. S. WILLIAMS, No. 107 Chambers-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Dobbs' Ferry on Hudson River, one hour from City. An elegant gothic cottage, barn, carriage and green-house, with 15 acres of land, fine garden planted, fruit in every variety. Ten minutes walk from dépôt and steamboat landing. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 1 Pine-st.

COUNTRY-SEAT AT SING SING FOR SALE OR TO LET—Furnished. Immediate possession given. Four acres ground, choice fruit, less than one mile to dépôt, plenty of water and gas throughout, double piazzas on four sides, beautiful view of the Hudson River. Inquire of the owner, No. 155 Duane-st., or on the premises. WILLET McCORD.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY residence; six acres of land; a fine orchard of peach, plum and apple trees; good out buildings; situated in the village of Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y., within five minutes' walk of the Hudson River Institute. One of the very best boarding schools in the country. Terms $4,000. Address Rev. A. FLACK.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT at Tubby Hook, on the Hudson River between 210th and 211th sts., three minutes' walk from the depot; house large and convenient, with water, gas, &c.; grounds containing two and three fifths acres, in terraces, lawn, &c., &c. For particulars, apply to A. R. VAN NEST, No. 50 Warren-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN GREENWICH, CONN.—A fine country residence, furnished or unfurnished, near the dépôt, with one acre of ground, carriage-house, &c.; buildings in fine order. Will be sold cheap, or let to a good tenant for the Summer or year. Apply at No. 43 Maiden-lane, to W. M. TIERS.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR exchange for City or Brooklyn property—in perfect order, and everything a gentleman can require for a country residence—at Oyster Bay, Long Island. Apply to WM. H. BRIDGENS, No. 189 William-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FOUR LOTS IN HUDSON City, twenty minutes' walk from Hoboken Ferry. Good soil and new fences. Apply at JERVIS' Information Exchange, No. 229 Broadway.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY PLACE IN VILLAGE OF Bloomfield, one hour from New-York. Plenty of schools, churches, &c. 15 acres, good land and water, well fenced, plenty of fruit; house, barn, &c. Apply at No. 44 Beekman-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR exchange for City property in the healthy and beautiful village of North Oyster Bay, L. I., being a large, fashionable house, with about 16 rooms. Parlors 42 feet deep. Hall 16 feet wide; 7 marble mantels in the house, dining-room, conservatory, &c. A well of the best water in the house. Large cellar under the house, flagged with stone, and partitioned off for milk and wine cellars. Cooking ranges and water in kitchen, bells all through the house, with bath-room and water closet. The house is built in the best manner, and of the best materials, without regard to expense. Piazzas front and rear with windows extending to the floor, inside shutters and outside blinds all through the house; is in perfect order, and nearly new. There is a large carriage-house, stable, harness room, with binns for grain, a large loft for hay, workshop over carriage-house, large ice-house filled with ice, a gardener's cottage, wash-house, with boilers and two rooms finished off for servants, a woodhouse, summer house, &c. The house faces the Bay, and has a beautiful prospect of the Bay, Long Island Sound, Connecticut shore, &c. Good bathing, fishing oysters, clams, &c. Plenty of shade trees around the house, with flower beds and graveled walks. The house stands about 200 feet from the road, with a fine carriage way inclosed with posts and chains, large garden, with asparagus bed, strawberries, &c. 500 fruit trees; bushes of grapes last year; plenty of apples, cherries, peaches, plums, quinces, pears, gooseberries, currants, &c. Situated one quarter of a mile from the steamboat landing, and one quarter of a mile from the village. There are in the town four churches, several stores and a Post-office. Accessible two or three times a day by railroad and steamboat. Is 30 miles from the City. Steamboat leaves Catharine Ferry, and Long Island Railroad leaves South Ferry at 10 and 4½ o'clock every day. Oyster Bay is known as a very healthy village. We are not troubled with musquitoes or fevers of any kind. It is everything a gentleman can require for a country residence. Buildings are all nearly new, and in perfect order in every respect. If desired, part or all the furniture can be purchased at a low price. Possession immediately. For further particulars, apply to W. H. BRIDGENS, No. 189 William-st.

FOR SALE—
AN ELEGANT GOTHIC RESIDENCE,

With carriage house, stable, and three acres at Sing Sing. The grounds are well improved and stocked with choice fruit and forest trees, and command one of the finest views of river and mountain scenery on the Hudson. The dwelling is finished in the finest style, with modern improvements, including gas; is ten minutes walk from the dépôt, and in the vicinity of other first-class residences, adjoining that of C. Norwood, Esq. Maps, plans, &c., with

S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

A VERY BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale in the village of Madison, Morris County, N. J., contains about 11 acres of land, beautifully shaded with forest and evergreen trees, situated on high ground, within 10 minutes' walk of the dépôt; abounds with all kinds of the most choice fruit; the mansion-house is large, built in the most substantial, and finished in the best manner, with bathrooms, hot and cold water throughout the house, and built at a cost of about $17,000. The out-buildings are in proportion to the mansion house, fine, roomy and expensive. This property must be seen to be appreciated, as it is the most noble and desirable property to be found in New Jersey or elsewhere, and is worthy any gentleman's notice who is desirous of a very superior residence. Price, $25,000—terms easy. Also, several small farms. One of 40 acres, within the village, abounds with choice fruit, good buildings, fine lawn around the house, good garden, land in a high state of cultivation; ice-house filled for use, &c. Also, one farm, 206 acres; one, 341 acres. For particulars call on S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, near the dépôt, Madison. Also, beautiful building sites in the village.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY-SEAT and farm of about 55 acres, near Jamaica, L. I., on the Black-stump Road to Flushing, well watered, fenced and in good order throughout. On the place are a new, spacious Gothic cottage, containing 14 rooms; a farm-house; all necessary out buildings, and a well stocked orchard, garden, &c., &c. The location is healthy, site elevated, and neighborhood first-class, with schools and churches of all denominations in the immediate vicinity. It is easy of access, only one mile from the Jamaica Railroad dépôt, four miles from lashing and eight miles from the Brooklyn ferries. Title perfect; price $10,000. The stock, and crops now in, will be sold at a fair valuation. Apply to or address R. THURSBY, No. 238 Front-st. New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE, AT AUCTION, AT the Orange Hotel, in Orange, N. J., on MONDAY, May 16, at 2 o'clock P. M., a very valuable House and Lot, situated on Main street, Orange, within two minutes walk of the railroad station and convenient to the principal churches, schools, and stores of the town. The house is two stories high, with attic and basement, handsomely furnished, and is good order. The lot is about 67 feet wide, in front and rear, by about 140 feet deep. The property is very eligibly located and will form a desirable residence for persons doing business in New-York.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot of land about 80 feet wide on said Main-street with a dwelling house thereon, well adapted for a business location.

JOHN L. BLAKE, Atty.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE COTTAGE HOUSE, CON-taining 11 rooms, near Astoria; splendid view of the Bay; house nearly new, filled in with brick; marble mantels, and well finished throughout; the grounds contain two acres of land, beautifully laid out; carriage-drive graveled walks, terraced lawn; a great abundance of choice fruit-bearing and ornamental trees; a beautiful hedge fence in thrifty condition; fine barn, stables, carriage-house, open shed, hennery, cow-house, &c., &c., all in good repair; a very complete and genteel residence; accessible hourly by boat or cars. Will be sold at a low valuation, on accommodating terms, or will be exchanged for desirable property in New-York City or Brooklyn. Apply to J. P. HOGARTH, No. 64 Front-st., New-York.

FOR SALE, OR TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, AT RIVERDALE.—40 minutes' ride from 31st st., by the Hudson River Railroad, and 5 minutes' walk from the dépôt to premises; 16 trains daily. House two stories, recently painted, in perfect order, and handsomely furnished; grounds in fine condition, having been heavily manured last fall; variety of forest trees, shrubbery, flowering vines, and fancy flower garden. Also, superior vegetable garden planted; strawberries, raspberries, &c. Uninterrupted view of the Hudson (north and south) for 40 miles. Perfectly healthy and no musquitoes. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, auctioneer, No. 24 Nassau-st.

TO LET—ON BERGEN HILL, N. J., WITHIN 20 minutes of the ferry, a large double house, the most desirable residence on the Hill, beautifully situated in a garden of about an acre, with large fruit trees. Location unsurpassed for convenience and salubrity. No mosquitoes. Stages from the ferry pass the door every 10 minutes. Rent $325. Lease if required. Apply at the house rear of the Dutch Reformed Church, South Bergen, or to WM. MORRICE, No. 57 South st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN NEW ROCHELLE.—A commodious and convenient dwelling-house, in perfect order, large barn and out-houses, together with 3 acres of first-rate land, garden, &c.; situated on the Pelham Road, commanding a beautiful and extensive view of Long Island Sound and the adjacent islands; within 5 minutes' walk of the Neptune House Steamboat Landing, and 10 minutes' drive of the Railroad Station. For further particulars, apply to R. W. GULAGER, No. 46 Pine-st., New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT AT HASTINGS FOR SALE.—Owner having soon to leave for Europe, will sell very cheap. It is situated near the railroad station, with house, carriage-house, greenhouse, gardener's cottage, and two acres of highly improved land. The place is in complete order, and is worth immediate attention of parties desiring to purchase. For full particulars and view orders, apply to

M. K. COUZENS, No. 51 Liberty-st., New-York.

TO RENT OR EXCHANGE—A BEAUTIFUL country seat on the west bank of the Hudson, above the Highlands; large, thoroughly-finished house and necessary out-buildings, with six acres of land handsomely improved, with fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. Will be rented for one year, or exchanged for a house and lot in Brooklyn or New-York.

CLARK & FAULKNER, No. 16 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—IN THE BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHY village of Yonkers, a cottage, in the Gothic style, containing a cellar, kitchen, dining and sitting rooms, parlor and four bedrooms, about three quarters of an acre of ground, prettily laid out, with fruit and shade trees, &c., situated on Palisade-av.—the best in Yonkers—and commanding an uninterrupted valley and water view of thirty miles. Price, $6,250. R. MAJOR, No. 449 Broadway, up stairs.

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT YONKERS to lease, for sale, or exchange for City property. The large new four-story brick building, built for manufacturing purposes; a double horizontal steam engine of 60-horse power each, and locomoters; boilers put in the building this Spring; 100 feet of dock in front of building, and near the Hudson River Railroad dépôt and steamboat landing. Apply to H. F. DEVOE, No. 320 West-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT AT YONKERS; 10 acres on Hudson River, commanding a magnificent view; on the premises is a new and elegant mansion, built in the best manner, having gas, hot and cold water throughout, two hot-air furnaces, &c. The above will be sold at a bargain. Apply to C. H. BUCKMASTER, No. 112 Front-st., where further information may be obtained.

WILL BE SOLD AT A BARGAIN—A VERY desirable country seat at Pleasantville, Westchester County; a large house, with or without the furniture; carriage-house, &c.; one-and-a-half acres of ground handsomely laid out; all in perfect order; 30 miles from the City by Harlem Railroad, and half a mile from the dépôt; proverbially healthy. Apply to the owner,

D. C. HAYS, No. 65 Wall-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—At White Plains, Westchester, N. Y.—In part furnished; rent moderate, for 6 months, or to 1st of April next. House 3 stories (of brick,) with wings; beautifully located within sight and a few minutes' walk of the dépôt; distant from 26th-st. Station, 1 hour; about 5 acres of land, barn, and out-buildings. Apply on the premises, or to R. W. HARRIS, Astoria, L. I.

TARRYTOWN.—COUNTRY SEAT AND FARM for sale, 2½ miles from the village; new cottage, barn, &c., and 70 acres of first-class land; large orchard, fine springs, and extensive scenery; price low, and terms liberal, to get a pleasant neighbor. Apply to C. W. SIMMONS, near the premises, or at No. 108 Chambers-st.

TO LET AT RYE—A FURNISHED COUNTRY residence, beautifully situated, or will be sold or exchanged. Inquire of H. P. WILSON, corner of Duane and Church sts., or of E. F. BILE, Portchester.

TO LET—IN RYE, A FURNISHED COUNTRY residence, first-class and convenient to the depot. Apply to or address J. DAGGETT, Port Chester, N. Y.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

FIVE POINTS MISSION.—THE FIFTEENTH Anniversary of the Ladies' Home Missionary Society and the Ninth of the Five Points Mission, will be held at the Academy of Music, TUESDAY EVENING, May 10, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Singing, dialogues and other interesting exercises by the children. Addresses will be delivered by Professor TIFFANY, of Baltimore, and Dr. NADAL, of Washington. Tickets of admission, 25 cents.

THE MEMBERS OF NAVAL LODGE, OF F. and A. M., are hereby notified to assemble at their room, corner of Bleecker-st. and Broadway, on SUNDAY, the 8th inst., at 12 M., to pay the last tribute of respect to our worthy brother, MATT. PEEL, late of Hiram Lodge, New-Orleans, La.

W. M. J. F. COUENHOVEN.

P. S.—The members of the fraternity are respectfully invited to participate with the above named Lodge.

J. F. C.

THE HEARTHSTONE CLUB WILL HOLD a public meeting SATURDAY, May 14 at 3 P. M., in Hall No. 24, Cooper Institute. Ladies are invited to attend. By order of the Club.

MRS. M. A. W. JOHNSON, }
MRS. C. B. WILBOUR, } Committee.

LOST—SUPPOSED IN BROADWAY OR FOURTH av., a large purse containing about $15; the finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at 166 Henry-st.

TO LET.

A MAN AND HIS WIFE—(ONE CHILD NOT objected to) can have the third story of our new house, 5 rooms, convenient and comfortable, location healthy. Rent low. Apply at No. 189 West 43d st., near 8th-av.

A LOW RENT FOR FURNISHED HOUSE—A moderate-sized front house, uniquely and artistically furnished, situated in the best part of the City, near Madison-square, would be let, for the summer months, to a small, unexceptionable family, at $100 to $125 per month, or less than half its value at other seasons. Address Box No. 3,549 Post-office, New-York.

TO LEASE.—THE UPPER PART OF THE FIVE story white marble building No. 555 Broadway. The first lot is 200x25 feet. The others are divided into a front and rear building with an entrance both from Broadway and Mercer-st., and a hoistway on Mercer-st. It has been occupied for the last 6 years by Mr. Waterbury's Cabinet Furniture Ware-rooms. For further information apply to WM. TAYLOR, No. 555 Broadway, or to JOHN TAYLOR, No. 335 Broadway.

TO LET—IN FRANKLIN-AVENUE, TWO COTTAGES, being the second and fourth houses northeast of Park av., Brooklyn; contain 11 rooms each, marble mantles, gas and fixtures; rent $280. Apply to WARREN MITCHELL, across the street, or at the dining saloon of MITCHELL & BLAIR, No. 16 Fulton Market in Beekman st.

TO LET—THE STORE 100 FEET BY 23, WITH basement and cellar, No. 210 William-st., and workshops in the rear building 60 feet by 40, 10 windows in each; store No. 204 William-st.; the 4th and 5th floors of house No. 113 Nassau-st., for light manufacturing purposes. Inquire of M. J. GILBOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST, OR PARLOR FLOOR, OF new house No. 255 9th av., finished with the late improvements; rent only $250 a year; possession at once. Also the second floor to let, with 6 rooms and a great abundance of pantry and drawers. rent $200 a year. Bill up. Apply to J. E. HATCH, No. 375 9th-av.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE LARGE FOUR-story brown-stone-front house No. 114 Pineapple-st., corner of Fulton, containing thirty rooms; suitable for a first class boarding-house. It is in first rate order, with the water, gas, &c. For terms, which will be low, apply to C. HADDEN, No. 24 Remsen st.

TO LET—THE BRICK BUILDING, STORE AND lofts, No. 41 Harrison st. Superior location for provision or commission business. Apply to WHITE & VAN VLIET at the malt house on the corner of Bethune and West sts.

TO LET.—STEAM POWER, Nos 63 AND 65 ELIZABETH-STREET; one room 12 x 19 feet, with two windows, well lighted, and steady power. Apply, from 11 to 3 P. M. THOMAS MORTON, 212 Pearl-street, (up-stairs.)

TO LET—A LARGE FRONT ROOM ON THE third floor of brown-stone building No 809 Broadway, suitable for a school, or club-room. Inquire in the drug-store on the premises.

$450.—TO LET—COTTAGE NO. 8 HORATIO-st, east of 8th av., nine rooms, Croton bath, gas fixtures and heater; Court yard in front. Inquire of GEO. W. JAQUES, Office No. 4 same street.

TO LET—SECOND AND PART OF THE THIRD story, with all the modern improvements, of a first-class house, in good order, nice location, to a small family. Inquire 532 7th-av., between 42d and 43d sts.

TO RENT—TWO OFFICES ON THE THIRD floor, fronting the Park, in the *Times* Building. Apply at the *Times* Office.

TO LET—SECOND FLOOR NO. 35 SPRUCE-ST., with a fire office attached. Now in use as a leather store. Inquire of A. L. DENNIS & CO., 25 Park row.

TO LET—A PLEASANT OFFICE ON FIRST floor; also, a fine suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at No. 27 Bond-st.

TO LET—SOME OF THE BEST OFFICES IN THE Park Bank Building; also, the 4 story house No. 68 St. Mark's place, 8th-st. Apply at the Bank, No. 3 Beekman-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE CHURCH IN 24TH-st., near 9th-av. For terms, inquire of J. N. WELLS, No. 167 9th-av. Possession in May next.

SCHOOL-ROOMS TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place, a suite of rooms well adapted for the purpose and occupied for the last six years by a first-class school. Offices to let in the same building, which are very desirable. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, in the Bible House, entrance on 4th-av.

OFFICES TO LET—ON SECOND LOFT OR third story, southwest corner of John and William sts; excellent light, conspicuous, accessible, hoistway, Croton; entrance on John st.; will be let in one floor, 27x76. J. W. HAMERSLEY, No. 44 Bond-st.; 9 to 11 A. M., B. MARKS, at corner store.

HALL TO LET—33 BY 51 FEET, ON THE 2d floor of Nos. 341 and 343 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts., for musical rehearsals or other evening use, or for Sabbath services to proper parties. Terms reasonable for anything permanent. Inquire in the piano-forte warerooms on the premises.

FURNISHED HOUSE—No. 45 EAST THIRTY-first st., between 4th and Madison-av.; is thoroughly cleansed and in good order; possession immediately. Inquire at the house, or of WM. C. BARRETT, Esq., No. 14 Wall-st. Rent taken in board if desired, or may be rented for six months.

CHARLTON-STREET, NO. 36.—BROWN-stone, 3-story and basement high stoop house, all the modern improvements, will be let low to a good tenant. Inquire at No. 34, next door.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—CONTAINING 64 ACRES, well improved, beautifully situated on Rahway River, one and a half miles from Rahway, equal distance from Union Landing. Fare, by steamboat to New-York 10 cents. Upon the place are several fine springs and groves of shade trees. Also a prepared beach for laying out oysters, yielding from $100 to $200 yearly, with abundant oysters for family use. Muck upon the place sufficient to enrich the whole farm. House old; good barn and wagon-house. For further information, inquire of WM. J. VALENTINE, No. 69 East 13th st., or WM. DEVOE, upon the premises.

DUTCHESS COUNTY.—SUPERIOR FARM, '93 acres, ¼ mile from River, of which it has a fine view, 1 mile from Staatsburgh dépôt, 5 from Hyde Park. Dwelling with 12 rooms, barn, sheds, cow house, &c. Crops nearly all in. Plenty of fruit and shade, brook and springs. For sale very low and only $500 down.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

ORANGE COUNTY FARM FOR SALE.—160 acres, with excellent soil, fences, fruit and timber, spacious building, spring brook for dairy purposes or irrigation, a few minutes' ride from Goshen, in a beautiful farming section. Diagram, &c., with S. EDDY & CO., No. 51 Liberty-st.

STRATFORD, CONN.—FARM ON THE SEA SHORE.—In the village near the dépôt, a beautiful situation, fine beach for bathing, good fishing, oysters, clams, boating, gunning, &c., 62 miles from New-York by New-Haven Railroad. 18 acres and buildings; price $5,000. Inquire of S. D. SMITH, on the premises.

TEXAS AND MICHIGAN LANDS FOR SALE.—Fourteen hundred acres of land located in Titus County, Texas, known as the "Isaac Bare" tract. Also, 880 acres of land located in Berrian County, Michigan, heavily timbered. Apply to

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer, No. 35 Wall st.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 29, 1859. }

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RE-ceived at this Office until Wednesday, the first day of June next, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase by the Corporation, of real estate, for the use of the Fire Department, as follows:

Lot for Engine Co. No. 35, to be located within the following boundaries: 118th and 121st sts.; 2d and 3d avs.

Lot for Engine Co. No. 41, to be located between Suffolk, Attorney, Delancy and Broome sts.

Lot for Hose Co. No. 4, to be located between Suffolk, Attorney, Rivington and Broome sts.

Lot for Hook and Ladder Co. No. 11, to be located between Scammel, Clinton, Henry and Division sts.

Lot for Hook and Ladder Co. No 3, to be located between Fourth, Thompson and Bleecker sts. and 6th-av.

Proposals to contain a diagram of the property offered giving location and dimensions; also, the character of improvements, if any. Payments will be made in cash, on giving a clear and satisfactory title.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all proposals if in his judgment the interests of the Corporation shall require it.

ROBT. T. HAWS, Comptroller.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 11, 1859.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until Thursday, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock at noon, for a site to consist of two lots adjoining each other, for a Station-house for the Twenty-second Precinct Police, to be located within limits bounded by 8th and 9th avs. and 45th and 57th sts.

Each proposition must state the precise location, size and terms. A clear title will be required, for which payment will be made on delivery of the deed or deeds to the Comptroller. The right to reject any and all offers is reserved to the Corporation. ROBERT T. HAWS, Comptroller.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet on MONDAY, 9th instant, in Room No. 8, City Hall, at 2 o'clock P. M. The Committee will take into consideration the subject of changing the grades of Reade and Elm sts. All parties interested in the above can have an opportunity of being heard before the Committee. All other persons having any business before the Committee can also have an opportunity of being heard.

F. I. A. BOOLE,
THOMAS STEPHENS,
JOHN LYNES,
Committee on Streets Board of Aldermen.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF ARREARS, }
NEW CITY HALL PARK, May 4, 1859 }

ARREARS OF TAXES.—PUBLIC NOTICE IS hereby given that pursuant to law and under direction of the Comptroller of the City of New-York, the undersigned will (as soon as the advertisement can be prepared) proceed to advertise for sale, the lands and tenements situate in the City and County of New-York upon which the taxes of the years 1852, 1853 and 1854 respectively remain unpaid. Taxpayers in arrears for those years are requested to make immediate payment, and thereby save additional expense.

JOSEPH C. PINCKNEY, Clerk of Arrears.

AGRICULTURAL.

TO OWNERS OF COUNTRY PLACES.

FERTILIZERS SUPERIOR TO PERUVIAN GUANO.

MAPES' SUPERPHOSPHATES OF LIME, first ever manufactured in this country, for grass lawns, flower and vegetable gardens, and all other crops. Recommendations from hundreds who have used it for ten years. In strong new bags 160 lbs. each. Nitrogenized super phosphate of lime, per bag $4, per ton $50; Mapes' super phosphate of lime, per bag $3 26, per ton $40; Potash super phosphate of lime, per bag $2 80, per ton $35. A can of phosphate for experiment, together with circulars containing full directions for use, can be had free of expense, on application to CHAS. V. MAPES, No. 143 Fulton-st. For sale at all agricultural warehouses.

BUCKEYE MOWING MACHINE.
AULTMAN & MILLER'S PATENT.

This celebrated mower, which received the first premium at the Great National Trial at Syracuse, N. Y., besides numerous State and County premiums, and which its practical working has earned a reputation which places it first among the numerous mowers, is now on exhibition and for sale by the manufacturer. JOHN P. ADRIANCE, No. 165 Greenwich-st., near Cortlandt. Send for a circular.

INSTRUCTION.

MRS. WILLIAMES' SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 26 West 39th-st.,
near 5th-av., (Murray Hill.)

The Spring and Summer term commences 26th April. The course of instruction embraces all the branches requisite for a thorough and accomplished education.

French is the language of the school and family.

An omnibus will be provided for those residing at a distance. Mrs. Williames refers, by permission, to the following named gentlemen:

The Hon. Washington Irving, Irvington; the Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., Walden Pell, Esq., Jasper Corning, Esq., Wm. M. Gawtry, Esq., Lewis B. Brown, Esq., Charles Cochran, Esq., E. Whitehouse, Esq., James Watson Webb, Esq., New-York; Philo H. Perry, Esq., Tarrytown; the Rev. Alex. G. Mercer, Newport, R. I.; Ex Gov. Wm. Gibbs, Newport, R. I.; Duncan C. Pell, Esq., Newport, R. I., and numerous others.

MR. G. VANDENHOFF,
No. 9 East 18th-st., 5th-av.
ELOCUTION.

ELM-PARK COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR BOYS, LITCHFIELD HILL, CONN.—The Rev. Dr. RICHARDS & SON, Principals. The Summer term of 22 weeks will commence on the first Tuesday in May. The Institution has an established reputation for high scholarship and successful discipline. Rare facilities for manly sports and physical training. Terms moderate. Circulars will be sent and inquiries answered on application to the Principals, or R. A. WATKINSON, Esq., No. 20 Nassau-st.

P. S.—Dr. RICHARDS & SON can be consulted for three days, at the aforesaid place, from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

A CARD TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS VISITING EUROPE.—The Misses CHILDE (sisters of Mrs. Seguin, of New York) beg to inform parents and those traveling with children, that, having a large school and grounds at Woolsthorpe House, Scarsdale Terrace, Kensington, London, they would be happy to take charge of young ladies for education and board. For references, &c., apply to Mrs. SEGUIN, No. 9 St. Clement's place.

NORWICH COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.—The Summer term of this classical and scientific boarding school for boys, opens on the 1st Wednesday in May. The location is one of the pleasantest in New-England, and the educational advantages are of the first order. For circulars, address the Principal, the Rev. J. A. Saxton, Norwich, Connecticut, or apply to N. Lane & Co., Stationers, No. 69 Wall-st., New-York, or at T. J. Crowen's Bookstore, No. 699 Broadway.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL—NINE MILES from Hoboken, and two from Hackensack.—At Little Ferry, Bergen County, N. J. This school is situated on a large farm. The location is healthy. Board, tuition, washing, &c., $130 per year. No extras. Next term commences May 2. Pupils received any time. For circulars, with patrons as references, address A. B. WINANT, Principal.

BALLSTON SPA INSTITUTE—AN ENGLISH and Classical School for Boys. Number limited to forty. In this School boys are fitted for business or College. The Summer session of twenty-one weeks begins May 2. Terms $90 per session. For circulars, &c., address the Principals, at Ballston Spa, N. Y.

The Rev. N. J. SEELY, }
C. D. SEELY, } Principals.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL, NORWALK, CONN.—Delightful and healthy location, easy of access. Special attention paid to young pupils. Terms, $140 per annum. Parents desirous of placing their children in a good school in the country are invited to examine his circulars, sent on application to the Principal,

C. H. WHEELER.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—$120 A YEAR pays board and tuition in common English. Experienced gentlemen instructors at the head of each of the nine departments. Superior advantages for French, Painting and Piano Music. Excellence and economy the motto. Write for a catalogue. Rev. A. FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

THE HEMPSTEAD INSTITUTE AIMS TO "train up a child in the way he should go." Location 20 miles east of Brooklyn, proverbially healthy and pleasant. A limited number of pupils will be received into the Principal's family.

E. HINDS, A. M., Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—The 43d Semi-annual Session will commence WEDNESDAY, May 4. Circulars can be obtained of S. P. York, Esq., No. 57 Liberty-st., and of W. W. Rose, Esq., No. 38 Cedar-st. Also, by applying to the Principal.

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

B. A. SMITH'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS—LEX-ington-av., corner 37th-st. Instruction thorough, discipline efficient. Experimental lectures, with apparatus, to illustrate Natural Philosophy and Chemistry. Terms moderate.

SCHOOL AND HOME EDUCATION.—PRI-vate French and English Classical School, with fine playground and gymnasium, Nos 47 and 49 West 26th st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Mr. ERNST takes charge of a limited number of boys.

THE MISSES MARSHALL'S SCHOOL for Young Ladies will be removed to No. 141 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., and be open for the reception of pupils Wednesday, May 4. Circulars may be obtained of Mr. A. CRAW, Jr., No. 1,017 Broadway.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—THE TWENTY-third term commences MONDAY, May 2. Circulars giving full particulars can be obtained at E. GOODENOUGH'S Bookstore, No. 122 Nassau-st., New-York, or of A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

THE FERRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE HAS been transferred to the new and elegant buildings Nos. 16 and 18 East 28th st., between Madison and 5th avs. The Rev. Dr. FERRIS, Rector.

C. H. GARDNER, A. M., Principal.

A FRENCH GENTLEMAN LATELY AR-RIVED, will give French Instruction in exchange for his board in a respectable American private family; unexceptionable references given. Address F. G., No. 407 6th av.

A. H. WHEELER, TEACHER OF WRITING, and book keeping and ornamental writer, No. 135 Broadway, corner of 13th-st. Arithmetic by an able teacher. Rooms open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

WANTED—SIX MISSES, FROM SEVEN TO THIRTEEN years of age. Board and tuition $140 per year. Address Mrs. D. D. OWEN, Preceptress, Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

BOARDING-SCHOOL AT SOUTH NORWALK, CT.—The Summer term commences May 2. Circulars containing all necessary information may be had by addressing the Principal, J. BENEDICT.

THE UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL receives pupils in its Primary, Commercial and Classical Departments at any time, fitting them for business or college. ISAAC FERRIS, Chancellor.

THE MISSES MEEKER'S BOARDING and Day School for Young Ladies will be removed to No. 32 West 40th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on May 3.

THE MISSES WALKER WILL REMOVE their Day School for young ladies, on May 1, to No. 122 Madison-av., one door below 32d st.

TEACHERS.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN OF SUCCESSFUL experience in teaching desires an immediate situation; he is a college graduate and a member of the Presbyterian Church; no objection to the South. The best references and testimonials given. Address MANTENOY, Oxford, Chester Co., Penn.

A CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN, GRADUATE of a college, would devote two hours daily to teaching either in some private respectable family or seminary in this City; the German and Hebrew taught if desired; satisfactory references given. Address M. D., Box No. 107 *Times* Office, New-York.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY FULLY COMPETENT to teach English branches, wishes a situation as teacher in a family of small children; would have no objection to go in the country for the Summer. The best of reference given. For particulars address M. S. C., Box No. 2,065 City Post-office.

WANTED.—A LADY, WHO HAS MET WITH A reverse of fortune, is desirous of procuring a situation as nursery governess, companion to a lady, or to assist in housekeeping; has no objection to travel or go into the country. References satisfactory. Address M. A. B., Box No. 146 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A POSITION AS TEACHER of English, French and music, or any of the above, in a school or family in the country. Terms moderate. Address A. M., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

A LADY WHO HAS HAD SEVERAL years' experience in teaching the ordinary English branches and drawing, wishes a situation as teacher in a school or family; good references given. Apply at No. 20 West 31st st., on Friday afternoon, May 6, or Saturday morning, May 7.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.

In all colors, of superior and warranted manufacture, finished in landscape, fresco, fruit and flowers, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1843.

COTTAGE ENAMELED FURNITURE.—Elegant suites for City and country from $25 and upwards, grained in rosewood, oak, walnut, &c., &c., ornamented in flowers, fruit and fresco. Mattresses, spring beds, &c., at the old established Eagle Enameled Furniture Manufactory, No. 634 Broadway, five doors above Laura Keene's Theater. Goods carefully packed for the country.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, wholesale or retail, at $25 and upwards; also mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

MODERN STYLE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE—Manufactured and for sale by N. JOHNSON, No. 490 Hudson-st., New-York. A large supply on hand. Illustrated circulars forwarded on application.

CHAMBER FURNITURE—ENAMELED AND grained in every color and style, warranted to give entire satisfaction. Spring-bed bottoms on hand, and bedding of every description made to order, by E. G. WOODBRIDGE, No. 6 Sullivan-st., near Canal.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES and bedding for sale cheaper than at any other store, at G. W. SNEDEN'S old stand, No. 263 Bowery. Please call and examine. Don't forget the number.

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON HAT RACKS, IRON STORE STOOLS.—Stools put up in stores free of charge. Circulars sent on request. Liberal terms to the trade. JAMES SCOTT, No. 167 Centre, corner Canal-st.

FURNITURE BOUGHT FOR READY MONEY.—A fair value given for furniture, carpets, books, &c., at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

1,800 HOBB'S CELEBRATED EXTENSION TABLES and dining-room suites, very low, wholesale or retail, at HOBB & SON, 484 Broadway.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR PAIR OF matched coach horses, 16 hands high, 6 years old; also, a smaller pair of carriage horses—price $400; also, a very fine single horse; all sound, kind and excellent travelers; also, double and single harness. Apply at the red brick stable on alley No. 20 East 37th st., between Madison and 4th avs.

FOR SALE—A SORREL MARE, 15¾ HANDS high; is a splendid road mare, sound and kind; can trot in three minutes. Also a light trotting wagon, in perfect order; has been used but six months; weight 235 pounds; together with harness, blanket, &c. Can be seen at King's stables, corner of Lafayette place and 4th-st.

BOARDING.

COZZENS' HOTEL,
WEST POINT,
Will open on the 28th of May.

Mr. COZZENS has four cottages to rent, with or without board. WM. B. COZZENS, West Point.

BOARDING—FIRST-CLASS BOARD, WHERE NO pains will be spared to make the comforts of a home realized, in a modern built house, occupied by a small American family, (a widow lady,) who desires to accommodate two or three single gentlemen or a gentleman and wife in the front or back parlor, on the second floor, with the hall bedroom, containing hot and cold water, gas, plenty of closet and wardrobe room, with the bath-room. For further particulars, call at the house, No. 67 East 31st-st., near 4th av. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—A LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH bedroom on second floor to let with board to a gentleman and wife, or to single gentlemen. House first class and easy of access by car or stage. Neighborhood very pleasant, being on same block with Doctor Hatfield's Church. Parties wishing a home apply at No. 211 West 31st st., between 8th and 9th avs.

BOARDING—WITH TWO LARGE AND ONE small room, all connecting if desired, on the third floor, can be had for a small family or single gentlemen, in a genteel New-England family, who have recently taken the fine house No 43 West 9th-st., near 5th-av.; house has all modern improvements. Dinner about 6 o'clock.

BOARDING—WE HAVE TWO COMFORTABLY furnished rooms we would like to let with partial board. The location is a very desirable one, and convenient to all the libraries and places of amusement. Terms moderate. Reference required. Address RICHARDS, Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

BOARDING.—A FEW PERSONS CAN FIND SU-perior accommodations with a private family occupying a new first-class brown stone house, delightfully situated, with all the modern improvements. None but persons of respectability, and such as are able to pay a liberal price, need apply. No. 266 West 29th st.

BOARDING—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD like to make arrangements with four gentlemen for rooms, with full or partial board; the house is pleasant and every way desirable for those wishing a pleasant home; no objection to a gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 80 East 18th-st. References exchanged.

BOARDING.—TWO OR THREE YOUNG MEN can be accommodated with pleasant rooms in a private family, a few minutes' walk from Wall and South Ferries in Brooklyn; references exchanged. Address Box No. 1,634 Post-office, New-York.

BOARDING.—NO. 175 WEST 37TH-ST., SIXTH door east of 8th-av. A large back parlor and two small rooms to let, with or without board in a private family. Gentlemen preferred. Terms moderate. Gas and bath.

BOARDING.—A PARLOR AND BEDROOM MAY be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN'S, No. 74 East 14th-st., near Union-square; also, a single room. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARDING.—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED suite of rooms for a gentleman and his wife, or for single gentlemen; also a room on the 4th floor, for one or two single gentlemen, at No. 97 Clinton-place.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway, for families or single gentlemen. Also day boarders. E. BOSTON.

BOARDING.—AT NO. 15 WILLOW STREET, Brooklyn Heights, near Fulton-ferry. Mrs. WILLIAMS, recently of No. 18 same street, offers two pleasant rooms with board, which will each accommodate a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. The house, surpassed by few for pleasantness, has, during the past month, been put in complete order and Mrs. W. flatters herself that her accommodations and table will be found equal to any other.

BOARD, FULL OR PARTIAL.—A STRICTLY private family in a central location, near 6th-av., will let the second floor, consisting of three furnished rooms and closets, for from $30 to $40 per week, according to number of persons. Also, a large room on third floor. House has water, gas, &c. Address A. L., Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

BOARD—A FEW MARRIED OR SINGLE PARTIES can obtain superior accommodations for comfort with a private family occupying a new first class brown-stone house, pleasantly situated, with all the latest improvements; accessible by cars and stages. Apply at No. 266 West 29th-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A LARGE, HAND-some room, in one of the most delightful locations in Brooklyn, and suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Possession can be had immediately. Also, one single room. House is large, airy, and convenient, containing all modern improvements. References required. Apply on the premises, No. 79 Sands-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A GENTLEMAN and wife, or two single gentlemen, may be accommodated with board, and large pleasant rooms, on 2d and 3d floors, by applying at No. 102 Henry-st. Location desirable, being within five minutes' walk of Wall and Fulton Ferries. References required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—WITHIN TEN MINUTES' walk of Fulton and Wall-st. Ferries. Rooms furnished and unfurnished. House first-class, and finely located, No. 49 Concord-st.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—BE-tween Fulton and Wall-st. ferries. Pleasant accommodations for gentlemen and their wives, or for single gentlemen, may be obtained at No. 38 Willow st. References exchanged.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN, NEAR THE FERRY.—Two pleasant, 2d-story rooms for gentlemen and their wives; also, three pleasant hall bedrooms. Dinner at 6 o'clock. Apply at No. 65 Nassau-st.

NO. 117 CLINTON-PLACE, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH AVENUES—A choice of desirable rooms single and in suites, on second and third floors, with privilege of bath, with board, to a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. References required.

ROOMS TO LET—A PRIVATE FAMILY, PLEASANTLY located, can accommodate a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen with furnished or unfurnished rooms, at No. 259 4th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

TO LET—A PLEASANT ROOM, WITHOUT BOARD, in a private family. Inquire at No. 491 Houston-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RETREAT.—THE LAKE MOHEGAN HOUSE is now open, and having undergone extensive improvements, being enlarged and refurnished, the proprietor is now ready to enter into arrangements for the season with families and others who desire a pleasant location near the City during the heat and dust of Summer. The House is situated four miles east of Peekskill, forty miles from New York by the Hudson River Railroad, in two hours; six trains a day each way. Carriages from every train to the house.

Being at the head of the Lake, 1,100 feet above tide water, in full view of the Highlands of the Hudson, with fine drives and pleasant walks in every direction, it is one of the most desirable and accessible Summer retreats that can be found so near New-York.

Address A. W. PALMER, Peekskill Post-office.

Refers to Messrs. Tiffany & Co., Broadway; J. Winter, Banker, No. 44 Exchange-place.

SUMMER BOARDING.—THE ASHLAND HALL Summer Boarding House, West Bloomfield, N. J., will be open for the reception of boarders on Monday, 16th of May. These fine premises are now in process of being fitted up, and furnished with all the appliances of a first-class Summer boarding-house. Its picturesque buildings, with their dry, elevated position, beautiful shady lawn in front, numerous fruit trees and the near proximity of the whole to the West Bloomfield Railroad Dépôt (within two minutes' walk,) render this one of the finest retreats anywhere to be found within 12 miles New-York City, with which it has communication by railroad six times daily. For board, &c., apply to WARREN MINGUS, Proprietor, on the premises.

SUMMIT HOUSE, LAKE MAHOPAC.—THIS new and delightfully situated house is now completed and ready for visitors, and the subscriber pledges himself to spare no efforts or expense in making it one of the places where home comforts can be realized in the fullest sense of the term; good fare, airy, neat and well furnished rooms, efficient and attentive servants are some of the considerations which are pledged to render the house worthy the attention of visitors. There will be a stage connected with the house, in readiness at Croton Falls, on arrival of trains (Harlem railroad), to convey passengers direct to the house. For rooms and full particulars, call or address the proprietor,

GEORGE P. KLINE, Lake Mahopac, N. Y.

NEWPORT, R. I.—THE LONG-ESTABLISHED Tea-House at the Glen, is now open for boarders, either families or individuals. The situation is unsurpassed; grounds spacious; the house commodious. Conveniences for still salt-water bathing on the shore at a short distance from the house. For particulars address by post, Miss RUTH S. DURFEE, South Portsmouth, Newport, R. I.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, HOBOKEN.—FAMI-lies or gentlemen desirous of making arrangements for board during the Summer season, can have a choice of rooms by applying immediately. Ferry boats running from Christopher, Canal and Barclay sts. every 15 minutes. Ferriage to boarders free. Dinner at 6 P. M.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS.—THE SPRING HOTEL at Richfield Springs, will be open for the reception of boarders on the 1st day of June; additional accommodations have been added to it. Two Sulphur Water Bathing Houses, one for ladies and the other for gentlemen, belong to the house. JOSHUA WHITNEY.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A FAMILY of 12 persons, within 1½ hours' ride from the City, where there will be no other boarders taken. A private table and parlor required. Answer immediately. Address COUNTRY BOARD, Box No. 1,729 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AT A FARM HOUSE.—FAMI-lies wishing the comforts of a farm mansion, can find desirable accommodations immediately, in the large house of the subscriber, near Glen Cove, L. I. All communications addressed to CHARLES UNDERHILL, Glen Cove, will have prompt attention.

BOARD WANTED IN THE COUNTRY, NEAR NEW YORK.—A private family wishing to accommodate a lady and gentleman with their child and nurse, will please address Box No. 1,128 New York Post-office, stating terms, location and means of access.

BILLIARDS.

PHELAN'S IMPROVED BILLIARD TABLES AND
COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

PATENTED FEB. 13, 1856; OCT. 28, 1856; DEC. 8, 1857; JAN. 12, 1858; NOV. 16, 1858; MARCH 29, 1859.

For sale only by the Manufacturers,
O'CONNER & COLLENDER, Nos. 51 and 53 Ann-st.
And the patentee,
MICHAEL PHELAN,
Nos. 786 and 788 Broadway, New-York.

BILLIARDS.—NOW IS THE TIME TO PUR-chase good slate and marble bed tables for private or public use for $250 and $300. Call and examine. The patent humbug cushions taken out and my improved substitute at short notice.

W. H. GRIFFITH, No. 146 Fulton-st.

W. J. SHARP'S IMPROVED BILLIARD Tables and Cushions, superior to any now in use. A few second-hand tables for sale. Manufactory, No. 148 Fulton-st., New-York. Balls, Cues, Trimmings, &c., constantly on hand.

DR. BATE, DENTIST, CALLS ATTENTION TO his rooms, No. 835 Broadway, corner 13th st., where gentle treatment and reliable operations will induce the nervous to submit with confidence to his treatment. His artificial teeth are superb and life-like, and a perfect counterfeit of nature. He undertakes the regulation of children's teeth. Dr. B. recommends a trial of his tooth powder for preventing decay.

MEDICAL.

THE FUNCTIONAL DERANGEMENTS IN-cidental to both sexes are reorganized, and prostrated powers restored to a healthy tone, by the use of TRIESEMAR No. 1. Read "Human Frailty; or, Physiological Researches;" it explains everything. To be had of Dr. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., New-York. Price 25 cents. Sent free of postage.

Sold also by F. C. WELLS & CO.,
No. 115 Franklin st., New-York.
And J. ETON,
No. 166 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
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WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
A CERTAIN REMEDY
A CERTAIN REMEDY
A CERTAIN REMEDY
FOR
COUGHS, COLDS AND INFLUENZA.
COUGHS, COLDS AND INFLUENZA.
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WISTAR'S BALSAM
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CURES HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT AND IRRITATION.
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BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
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BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
ARRESTS, PREVENTS and CURES CONSUMPTION.
ARRESTS, PREVENTS and CURES CONSUMPTION.
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ARRESTS, PREVENTS and CURES CONSUMPTION.
BRONCHITIS,
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ASTHMA.
AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
AFFECTIONS OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST
CURED, and that SPEEDILY, by
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WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
THE ONLY GENUINE
THE ONLY GENUINE
THE ONLY GENUINE

Is prepared by SETH W. FOWLE, Boston, whose name is printed on the outside wrapper of each bottle, besides having on the same wrapper, the written signature of

I. BUTTS.
I. BUTTS.
I. BUTTS.
I. BUTTS.

To purchase any other were money wasted, and health injured; to sell any other is fraud, which renders the vendor liable to criminal prosecution.

For sale in New-York by

A. B. & D. SANDS & CO., BARNES & PARK,
SCHIEFFELIN, BROTHERS & CO.,
McKESSON & ROBBINS,
HARRAL, RISLEY & KITCHEN,
F. C. WELLS & CO.,
HEGEMAN & CO.,
And others, as well as by Dealers and Agents,
EVERYWHERE.
EVERYWHERE.
EVERYWHERE.

GOODNOW'S
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RUSSIAN WAR OINTMENT;
RUSSIAN WAR OINTMENT.

A speedy cure for burns, scalds, felons, corns, sore or broken breasts, cuts, sprains, &c. Wholesale by A. B. & D. SANDS; retail by all druggists.

PILES CERTAINLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED.

Having been a great sufferer, and found a cure after many trials and great cost, I am anxious that others so afflicted may benefit by my experience, and for $1 inclosed, will send by post my treatment and prescriptions. LANSING GRAHAM, care of J. Young, 6 6th-av., N. Y.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.

Dr. C. D. HAMMOND, PUPIL of RICORD, of Paris, (the best Special Surgeon living,) and of Professor CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of New-York, is consulted privately at No. 81 Bleecker st., a few doors east of Broadway, N. Y. All complicated diseases of a certain class effectually treated, including Weaknesses, &c., &c. Office hours from 9 to 3, and from 6 to 9 in the evening. The principal languages spoken. Dr. Hammond's new work, $1.

ROUND HILL WATER-CURE AND HOTEL, NORTHAMPTON, MASS.—H. HALSTED, M. D., proprietor and principal physician. Dr. H.'s success in the cure of Women's diseases is well known. He discards the use of caustic, with its poisonous effects, and all supports. His system of Motorpathy is based on philosophic principles. It gives vitality and force to the functional powers of all the organs, and has been tested in the treatment of five thousand cases in riding and hospital practice. The cure is speedy and reliable. Those brought on beds, even, are soon enabled to walk. Over four hundred cases of spinal diseases, paralysis, and loss of use of limbs, have been restored by this method. Improvement in these cases, and in most chronic complaints, is far more rapid in the cool months. Circulars sent gratis. Treatise on Motorpathy, 25 cents.

From the Boston Traveller.

His success in the treatment of disease is undisputed.

From the St. Louis Republican.

Round Hill is one of the most charming watering places in the country—full of allurement to the seekers of pleasure, not less than to those who seek the boon of health. No Summer resort surpasses it in loveliness, and in all the resources calculated to gratify the tastes and promote the comfort of visitors.

HUNDREDS OF THE UNFORTUNATE are disappointed of a cure by not calling on Dr. HUNTER at first, the Hunterian Dispensary, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City. Established in 1834, for the Preservation of Human Life. PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—Dr. HUNTER has for thirty years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated not less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; it roots out the poisonous taint the blood is sure to absorb unless this remedy is used. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for nothing, that treats of the evil effects of early abuse and indulgence, is embellished with elaborate colored engravings, portraying every feature and phase of disease, exposes the fallacy of the ordinary modes adopted for the cure of local as well as hereditary maladies, and gives the only safe and infallible remedy for expunging every trace of the virus from the system.

DR. WATSON HAS, FOR A LONG SERIES of years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases with a success which has won for him the confidence of the public. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business. Dr. WATSON receives patients in separate consulting rooms, from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., at No. 459 Broome-st., second block west of Broadway.

Dr. WATSON'S Work, THE CAUSE AND CURE, issued simultaneously in London and New-York, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES in all their different forms; and treats also in full of SPERMATORRHŒA, the result of early indiscretion, excess, or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price, $1, post-paid. "Dr. WATSON'S Work has been written by a person of great practical knowledge, and we cordially recommend it."—*Medical Journal.* Sold by the author, as above; also, by

CHAS. MILLER, No. 436 Broadway, New-York.

DR. MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL OR ELIXIR OF LOVE.—This delightful and positive invigorant of the human system is fast superseding all other remedies; in fact, when its virtues become fully known, it will be the only remedy in use. Its action on the nervous system and reproductive organs is most extraordinary, allaying all over-excitement, and infusing into the nervous organization that degree of tension which is requisite to give the human system the enjoyment of its full powers, both mentally and physically. As an appetizer it is equally remarkable; assimilated with the gastric juices of the stomach, it assists them in more readily dissolving all nutritious substances, and converting them into pure and wholesome blood; thus the digestion is improved, and the whole framework of man moves on in a more vigorous and harmonious manner thereby. Price $3 per bottle, or two bottles for $5. Principal office No. 208 Fulton-st., New-York.

DR. MAGNIN.

REYNOLDS' SPECIFIC FOR THE GOUT OR RHEUMATISM.—A gentleman who, for more than 20 years, had suffered most severely by attacks of gout of five and six months' continuance, which crippled and debilitated a good constitution, has at length most happily discovered his grand desideratum in a compound that effectually and speedily subdues the most violent paroxysms of gout and rheumatism by safely and mildly removing the offending cause. Having succeeded in very much improving his general health and in a great degree recovering the strength and use of his limbs, and witnessing its like good effect on some hundreds of others, both male and female, he is thus induced to offer it to his brethren in affliction, and invite those who, like himself have for years rejected medicine, to try this, and they will be most agreeably surprised.

Agents for New-York: Mr. SAM'L. NEWBY, No. 166 Front-st.; Messrs. CARLE & STRONG, No. 153 Water-st.; and Mr. T. REYNOLDS, Enfield, Middlesex, Eng.

DR. WARD, NO. 483 BROADWAY—PER-forms the only permanent and satisfactory cure of private diseases. Remember all afflicted, that by consulting Dr. WARD you will immediately experience that Richard's himself again. Cure guaranteed; charge, $1. Female diseases successfully treated. His monthly pills, $1 per box, never fail of effect intended. Try them, all ladies in certain situations. Office No. 483 Broadway, near Broome-st. Perfectly private; arranged that patients never meet. Consultations gratis. Attendance till 10 P. M.

DR. LACOSTE, OF PARIS, FIRST ASSISTANT to the great Dr. Ricord of that city, induced by the success of his treatment in a certain class of diseases and weaknesses, for the cure of which the French mode of practice is so celebrated, can be consulted in America for a few months longer at No. 512 Broadway, daily, from 11 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. Recent cases cured in 24 hours.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature; 26 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of secret diseases, enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of diseases of females. Patients from a distance provided with private board, nursing, &c. Remedies for monthly derangements from $1 to $5. Relief guaranteed. The Mother's Almanac and Ladies' Private Circular, containing particulars, mailed free, in letter form, on receipt of four stamps. Address Dr. THIERS, No. 98 West 24th-st., New-York.

WATTS' NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.—DR. STRATTON, proprietor of the original recipe—is a quick relief and cure for neuralgia, headache, loss of appetite, and nervous debility. N. B.—None genuine without my signature, JAMES T. STRATTON, No. 111 6th-av. For sale by druggists at $1 a bottle, $9 a dozen.

DR. RALPH—AUTHOR OF THE "PRACTICAL Private Treatise." Office corner Houston and Crosby sts., (139 Crosby.) Hours, 10½ to 3, and 6 to 9 o'clock.

$4 FRENCH CALF DRESS BOOTS, AT JONES', No. 10 Ann-st.; also, now ready, the $2 50 and $3 50 Congress Shoes and Gaiters, at JONES', No. 10 Ann-st.

AUCTION SALES.

J. W. Porter, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT CARVED ROSEWOOD AND mahogany furniture, made to order, short time in use. J. W. PORTER will sell, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at 10½ o'clock, by catalogue, the entire contents of the large four-story dwelling house situated at No. 218 West 34th-st., near 8th av., containing superb household furniture of first-class workmanship and in excellent condition. Parlor furniture—Rich velvet carpets, three magnificent rosewood parlor suites, covered in elegant satin brocade, with slip covers; large easy, Voltaire and reception chairs to match; two rosewood etageres, with marble tops and mirror doors and back, lined with satinwood, very expensively carved; elegant rosewood centre, side and work tables; ladies' rosewood secretary, with mirror door, lined with satinwood, made to match the rosewood parlor furniture; rosewood corner and music stands; splendid seven-octave, rosewood premium piano-forte, richly inlaid with pearl, and real pearl keys, decidedly one of the most superb instruments ever made; richly embossed cover and stool; French plate mirrors, expensive lace and brocatel window curtains; also, a great variety of oil-paintings, large size elegantly decorated China vases, Parian and Chinese figures, ormolu clocks, together with many other costly mantel ornaments; mahogany, black walnut and rosewood cushioned chairs, covered in hair cloth and medallion; rocking and easy chairs, sofas, oak extension-tables, rich China tea sets, cut glassware, comprising a full assortment, such as tumblers, wines, champagnes, goblets, celery glasses, salts, butter dishes, lemonades, pitchers, &c.; also, costly silver ware, elegant revolving casters with splendid cut bottles; spoons, forks, cake baskets, tea services, salvers, ivory cutlery, common crockery, plates, &c. Also, the furniture of all bedrooms, containing mahogany cushioned chairs, elegant rosewood, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads; pure hair mattresses, rosewood and mahogany marble top bureaus, with washstands to match the bedsteads; decorated China toilet sets, bedroom carpets, mirrors, toilet and work tables, elegant stair carpets and rods, oil cloths, hall-stands, &c. Sale positive, and without the least reserve.

A. C. Albertus, Auctioneer.

MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, superb 7-octave piano-forte, elegant drawing-room suites, oil paintings, statuary, vases, solid silver ware, wines, &c., THIS DAY, (Saturday,) at the elegant residence No. 86 West 11th-st., near 6th-av. Sale to commence at 10½ o'clock.

Dining-Room.—Superb extension table, (opens sixteen feet,) and oak dining furniture; rich silver ware, casters, urns, cake baskets, spoons, forks, ice pitchers, liquor stands, elegant silver dining and tea-service, French and India china dinner and tea sets, crystal cut-glass, ruby engraved ware, ivory cutlery, &c.

Drawing-Rooms.—Two full sets of superb carved rosewood parlor furniture, covered in silk brocatel, in perfect order, with slip covers; rosewood etageres, with plate doors; Egyptian and statuary marble pier, centre, and sofa tables, two very large French pier mirrors, with bases; rich damask and lace curtains, with French shades; Turkish chairs, with lounges to match; lady's French secretary splendid rosewood piano-forte, richly carved, with pearl keys; marble-top music cabinet cheffoniers, consoles in buhl work, rich English tapestry carpets, velvet rugs, elegant mantel vases and bronze ornaments, marble figures and groups, with a number of rare and valuable oil paintings including a magnificent fruit piece by Cole; 6-light bronze and ormolu chandeliers.

Chambers.—Carved rosewood bedsteads, marble top dressing-bureaus, washstands, commodes, rosewood armoire a glace, with mirror-front; large hair mattresses, beds, bedding, suite chamber furniture in figured velvet, rich carpets, French arm and cottage chairs, rosewood sofas and ottoman chairs, oval and square mirrors, French toilet sets, sofa-bedsteads, oil-cloths, rockers, tea tables, stair-carpets and rods, rosewood hall stand, with a large quantity of good mahogany furniture of every description. Also a large assortment of basement and kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. The auctioneer would call particular attention of his friends and the public to this sale as being the largest and best assortment of household furniture offered at auction this season. Catalogues at the house on morning of sale.

D. S. Hough, Auctioneer—Office No. 230 Broadway.

AUCTION NOTICE.—SPLENDID FURNITURE, rich Wilton and velvet carpets, costly French plate, pier and mantle mirrors, three suites of rich parlor furniture, rosewood piano-forte, 7-octave; valuable oil paintings, pearl and silver cutlery, &c., at No 35 Clinton-place, between Broadway and University-place.

DANIEL S. HOUGH, will sell THIS DAY, (Saturday) May 7, at 10½ o'clock, the entire furniture of the above house, which is of the best description, consisting of large and costly pier and mantle mirrors, superior rosewood piano-forte, elegant suites of parlor furniture, in rich crimson and maroon brocade; one do. in green and gold; costly rosewood and secretary bookcases; solid carved rosewood centre, sofa and pier tables; three superior rosewood etageres, marble-tops, with mirror doors and backs; elegant rosewood reception chairs, in rich satin tapestry; rosewood corner etageres, with mirror backs; rich lace window curtains and shades, bronze ormolu clocks, costly China vases and rich parlor ornaments, &c., with a number of fine oil paintings. Dining room and chamber furniture, elegant extension tables, chairs, rich gold-band decorated tea and coffee sets, elegant ruby and cut glassware, pearl and silver cutlery, cake baskets, casters, bureaus, washstands with marble-tops, costly decorated China toilet sets, best hair mattresses, beds and bedding, French oval mirror, mahogany suites of furniture in haircloth cottage and mahogany spring-seat chairs, rosewood hall stand, oil cloth, &c. Sale positive, and no postponement.

Edward H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD SEVEN-OCTAVE PIANO, VELVET AND TAPESTRY CARPETS, FRENCH-PLATE PIER-GLASSES, AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 12, at 11 o'clock, at No. 141 12th-st., one door west of 5th-av.: Elegant furniture, consisting of rosewood piano, carved rosewood parlor suite, in maroon plush, crimson, maroon, and gold satin; elegant carved rosewood etagere, with mirror in back and door; rosewood marble top centre and sofa tables, mahogany and black walnut extension tables, velvet and tapestry carpets, mahogany and black walnut dressing-bureaus, washstand, mahogany and black-walnut French and cottage bedsteads, feather beds, hair mattresses mahogany sofas and chairs in hair cloth, dining-room chairs, oil-cloth, &c.; together with a good assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Particulars at the auctioneers' office, No. 14 Pine-st.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL AT auction, on SATURDAY, May 7, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No 23 Nassau-st., Household Furniture, removed for convenience of sale consisting of rosewood suits, one superb solid rosewood back suite of parlor furniture, nine pieces, covered in crimson and maroon damask, made to order by Belter, and but little used; also 2 double rosewood suites in brocatelle, made by one of our first Broadway manufacturers; beautiful lace and damask window curtains, rosewood etagere, black walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands and chairs, enameled cottage suites, mahogany wardrobes, oak extension dining tables, oak and black walnut library and office do., do. desk, rosewood centre and side tables, velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany sofas and chairs, lounges, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, fine hair and husk mattress, stair carpets and rods, &c., &c. At 12 o'clock, rosewood French grand piano, by Broadwood and Sons, of London, and one mahogany do. by Nunns & Clark, of this City. Sale positive.

J. L. Vandewater, Auctioneer—Salesroom 61 Liberty-st.

THIS DAY, (SATURDAY,) MAY 7, AT 10½ o'clock, standard roses, fruit trees, plants, &c., in every variety, just imported per ship *Corwin*, from Havre, the whole embracing the most varied selection of plants and trees offered this season, and all in perfect order. Sold by order, and on account of Messrs. Charles Truffaut & Co., of Paris.

Grafted standard and half-standard hardy tea, monthly and moss roses, green and hot-house plants. A great variety of dwarf dahlias, narcissus, amaryllis, tulips, hyacinths, &c.

Trees—Apricot, apple, cherry, plum, pear, peach, gooseberry, raspberry, currant, &c., grape vines.

The whole comprising the most select assortment of exotic plants of the season, comprising some 1,000 lots, each lot embracing different varieties. The attention of connoisseurs is called to this sale.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on SATURDAY, May 7, at 12 o'clock, in front of store No. 23 Nassau-st., elegant horses and carriages and harness, the property of a gentleman leaving for Europe. The horses are sorrel and black, about 15½ hands high, sound and kind in double and single harness and both splendid saddle horses, very stylish, and first-rate travelers; cost $750. The carriage is an extension-top caleche, with plate glass doors and windows, silver plated and mounted; built by Mott Brothers; is in perfect order, but little used. The harness was built by Gibson, is silver plated and in perfect order; cost $260. Will positively be sold as above, at auction, if not previously sold at private sale.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE.—BY E. & F. H. SCHENCK, THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom No. 33 Nassau-st., a large stock of new and second-hand furniture, including the entire furniture of a private dwelling, removed for convenience of sale, consisting in part of rosewood parlor suites, covered in brocatel, hair-cloth, reps and plush; rosewood marble-top etageres, centre and sofa tables; magnificent solid oak and black walnut dining room and library furniture; rosewood, mahogany, oak and enameled chamber furniture; rosewood wardrobes, rosewood and mahogany secretary and library bookcases; elegant French plate, pier and mantel glasses; Aubusson, velvet, Brussels, and ingrain carpets; rugs, clocks, silver plated ware, &c., &c; also, three very elegant rosewood piano-fortes.

F. Colton, Auctioneer.

CLOSING-OUT SALE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, CHANDELIERS, &c.—F. COLTON will sell, THIS DAY, (Saturday,) May 7, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 60 Beekman-st., (opposite the old store,) the entire stock, to close out previous to removing to No. 312 Broadway, to engage in the India-rubber Spring and Iron Bedstead business, and this sale will be the last; consequently, parties wishing goods will find this a favorable opportunity. Every article must be removed this day or early Monday morning.

M. Doughty, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, at salesroom No. 79 Nassau-st., a large assortment of first-class second-hand furniture, removed to salesroom for convenience of sale, consisting in part of mahogany and rosewood parlor suites, covered in brocatel and hair-cloth; marble-top centre tables, bookcases, bureaus, washstands, bedsteads, hair mattresses, paillasses, &c. The whole to be peremptorily sold.

J. Bogart, Auctioneer.

BY S. BOGART, THIS DAY, AT 11 o'clock at the auction rooms, No. 1 North William-st., mortgage sale; large assortment of mahogany household furniture, mahogany wardrobes and sofas, parlor chairs, At 12½ o'clock, large assortment of Brussels and ingrain carpets. JOHN R. FARRINGTON, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Adrian H. Muller, Auctioneer.

THE TRITON MANSION HOUSE AND about 10 City lots of ground, now occupied by Peter Henry Dodge, and situated at McComb's Dam, (155th st., near 8th-av.,) will be sold at public auction on TUESDAY, May 10, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

W. S. McIlvain, Auctioneer.

GARDEN PLANTS AND FLOWERS.—W. S. McILVAIN will sell, THIS DAY, at No. 9 John-st., at 10½ o'clock, roses, dahlias, verbenas and other Summer flowering plants in great variety, from the nursery of Peter Henderson, Jersey City. Descriptive Catalogues.

J. D. Holbrook, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, AT NO. 72 MAIDEN-LANE AND No 7 Liberty-st., at 10½ o'clock, standard and dwarf standard roses, running and moss roses in full bloom, evergreen trees, flowering shrubs, dahlias, peonies, verbenas, carnation pinks, pansies, dasies, &c., from Wm. Wilson's, 14th-st. and Astoria, L. I. M. E. SMITH.

W. C. Albertus, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Bureaus, bedsteads, beds and bedding, washstands, oil-paintings, gilt mirrors, 20 Brussels and ingrain carpets, mahogany sofas, &c., &c.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

E. & F. H. SCHENCK WILL INCLUDE IN their sale, THIS DAY, one very elegant rosewood piano-forte, case finished all round, made to order by Lighte, Newton & Bradbury; cost $800.

AUCTION SALES.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
600 GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
DIAMONDS AND ENGLISH FINE GOLD CHAINS,
By A. M. Cristalar, Auctioneer, on TUESDAY, May 10,

At No. 81 Nassau-st., between Fulton and John sts., at 10½ o'clock—a valuable stock of Watches by the well-known makers, Cooper, French, Lasado, [illegible], [illegible]kill and others consisting of gold hunting, double time, independent second, 18 carat, extra heavy cases, duplex hunting watches; gold hunting magnificent 8-day chronometers; gold hunting diamond and enameled watches; gold hunting extra heavy English patent and detatched levers, in great variety; gold hunting lepines gold caps; English silver hunting duplex and detached levers and lepines; 6 dozen detached lever movements, 13 jewels; English lever movements, 13 jewels, expansion balance; elegant diamond and enameled bracelets, broaches, rings, &c; 10 dozen English fine gold guard and curb chains. A. M. C. begs to assure the trade in general that the above sale is peremptory, and every lot will positively be sold without reserve.

John Levison, Auctioneer.

SUPERB COLLECTION OF CHOICE OIL-paintings (numbering over 500) contained in the store No. 293 Broadway, (late Ranny's Gift Book Store,) will be offered at public auction on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 9th, 10th, and 11th insts., commencing at 10 o'clock each day. The entire collection must be closed out and removed from the premises by Thursday, the 12th inst., in consequence of removal. Connoisseurs, and the lovers of fine arts, are respectfully invited to attend this sale. Catalogues early on Monday morning.

FINANCIAL.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 5 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
AND NO 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK,

GRANT LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR MERCANTILE PURPOSES. Also, CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal Towns and Cities of

FRANCE,	BELGIUM,	ITALY,
GREAT BRITAIN,	SPAIN,	GERMANY,
IRELAND,	PORTUGAL,	RUSSIA,
HOLLAND,	SWITZERLAND,	SWEDEN,
	ALSO ON	
ATHENS,	CONSTANTINOPLE,	ALEXANDRIA,
CAIRO,	BEYROUT,	JERUSALEM,
	&c., &c.	

BILLS ON PARIS, and Sterling Bills, at short or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT,
for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world.

AUGUST BELMONT.
BANKER,
NO. 76 BEAVER ST.,

issues Letters of Credit for travelers, available in all parts of the world, through the Messrs. Rothschilds, of Paris, London, Frankfort, Naples and Vienna, and their correspondents.

DENNISTOUN, WOOD & CO.,
NO. 33 WALL-ST.,

buy and sell Sterling Exchange, and issue Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in all parts of the world.

A. BELMONT, NO. 76 BEAVER STREET,

Buys and collects the Coupons of the State of California on the most favorable terms.

Office of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, Chicago, May 1, 1859.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual meeting of said Company, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business, will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of June next at 10 o'clock, A. M. W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

Office of the Third-Av. Railroad, 3d-Av., between 65th and 66th sts.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Dividend of Two and a half Dollars per Share, payable at their Office to the Stockholders, on and after Wednesday, the 11th inst. The transfer books will be closed until that date.
SAMUEL B. ISAACS, Secretary.
New-York, May 2, 1859.

OFFICE AMERICAN GUANO COMPANY—No. 66 William-st. The stockholders of the American Guano Company are hereby notified that the annual election for Trustees will be held at the office of the Company on the 12th of May ensuing. The polls will be open from 11 A. M. until 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 13th of May, both inclusive. JAS. WYCKOFF, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the Company, for the election of thirteen (13) Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 26th-st. and 4th-av., on TUESDAY, May 17; the polls to be open from 12 o'clock at noon to 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books of the old and preferred stocks will be closed from 4 o'clock P. M. the 10th of May until 9 o'clock A. M. the 18th. W. H. EMERSON, Secretary, &c.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND WASHINGTON PRINTING TELEGRAPH COMPANY.—New-York, April 29, 1859.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, No. 4 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, the 10th day of May next, at 1 o'clock. By order of the Board of Directors. R. W. RUSSELL, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE Eight Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, due May 1, 1859, at the Broadway Bank, in the City of New-York, will be paid on the day following, on presentation, at the Ocean Bank, in the City of New-York.
S. CHAMBERLAIN, Mortgagee in Possession
La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY—TRANSFER NOTICE.—The annual election of Directors of said Company will be held at Chicago, June 1; the Transfer Books in New-York will therefore be closed at the close of business the 20th inst., and be re-opened at 10 o'clock A. M., June, 2. W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

$240,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Apply to EUGENE THOMSON,
Stock Broker,
No. 37 William-st.

P. W. GALLAUDET—NOTE BROKER, NO. 64 Wall-st.—Hardware, Metal and Iron Paper wanted. Also, other descriptions of paper sold on commission at lowest rates. Loans obtained on good business notes.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE CLEVELAND City Bonds issued to the Cleveland, Painesville and Ashtabula Railroad Company, due May 1 next, will be paid at the Ocean Bank. PARKER HANDY, Cashier.

HOLDERS OF BONDS OF THE MISSISSIPPI Central Railroad Company will present the coupons due May 1, 1859, for payment to ANDREW H. GREEN, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

$9.000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—$9,000 for a term of years; Brooklyn City property preferred. Apply to WILLIAM G. STERLING, No. 21 Nassau-st., New-York.

DIVIDEND.—BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—A dividend of 3½ per cent. has been declared payable on and after the 10th inst. by order.
G. W. DUER, Cashier.

TEXAS DEBT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION purchased by GEORGE K. SISTARE,
No. 50 Exchange-place.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$20.000.—WANTED, A PARTNER WITH this amount of capital, to invest in the manufacture of cotton goods. The object is to secure the services of a competent business man to attend to the interest of the company in this City. The best of references given and required. Address A. N. D., Box No. 131 *Times* Office

$1.500.—A PARTNER WANTED—WITH this amount in cash, or notes that can be negotiated without recourse, to take a joint interest in a small first-class family hotel, now filled with boarders, and doing a good business; or, if preferred, the entire interest may be purchased. Apply to either O. B. BAGLEY or N. A. SMITH, No. 16 Wall-st., Room No. 10.

A BUSINESS CHANCE—FOR SALE.—A WELL-established and flourishing Express business, including horses, wagons, &c., between New-York and a neighboring city. Ill health of proprietor a reason for selling. C. H. OLIVER, No. 51 Liberty-st.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF ZOPHER R. JARVIS' cordial store, No. 218 Bowery, for sale, and the store to let or lease. Inquire of HERMAN MAASS, corner of 1st av. and 3d-st., or of ZOPHER R. JARVIS, on the premises.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN A PAYING AND safe manufacturing business in Jersey City; capital from $3,000 to $5,000; profits large, and articles manufactured of positive necessity and daily use. Apply at JERVIS' Information Exchange, No. 229 Broadway.

A CAPITAL CHANCE.—FOR SALE, A LIQUOR store doing a fine business in a first-rate location. Party selling is going to England on business. Money made daily. Apply at JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, No. 229 Broadway.

PARTNER WANTED—AN ACTIVE BUSINESS man, with from $300 to $500, in a respectable and lucrative business, which will bear investigation, and with additional means and energy will pay handsomely.
J. J. PALMER, No. 378 Broadway, Rooms 5 and 6.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, FIXTURES, &C., OF the Provision Establishment Nos. 15 and 17 1st-st., lately occupied by James Kellogg, deceased. Inquire on the premises.

FIRST-RATE CHANCE—PORTER-HOUSE for sale, doing a fine business, opposite one of the principal ferry houses. Cheap for cash. Apply at JERVIS' Information Exchange, No. 229 Broadway.

LECTURES.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF A NUMBER of medical and other gentlemen, Dr. EUGENE A. GROUX, of Hamburg, will deliver a popular lecture at the Cooper Institute, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 7½ o'clock, on the *Motions and Sounds of the Heart, the Circulation of the Blood, and Influence of Respiration, &c.*, illustrated by practical demonstrations and electric experiments. Tickets 50 cents, can be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. Crowen, No. 699 Broadway; Messrs. Miller, Mathews & Clasback, No. 757 Broadway, and at the door. No postponement on account of the weather.

GREAT REPRESENTATIVE MEN.—THE Rev. Mr. Lord will deliver his lecture on *Cranmer and the English Reformation*, at Clinton Hall, MONDAY EVENING, May 9. Tickets 50 cents. To commence at 8 o'clock.

FINE ARTS.

ARTISTS, TEACHERS AND SCHOOLS are respectfully informed that the subscriber is now selling the best English canvas, oil and water colors, brushes, pastels, drawing-paper, &c., at lower prices than any other house in the city. All the materials for Grecian painting. Frames on hand and made to order.
W. SCHAUS, No. 629 Broadway.

WEDDING & VISITING CARDS

AT EVERDELL'S, THESE CELEBRATED cards, splendidly engraved, can only be had—Broadway, corner of Duane-st.

RAILROADS.

TRAVELERS FOR THE NORTH, SOUTH, East or West, should buy, before starting, APPLETON'S RAILWAY GUIDE. Price 25 cents. The clear manner in which the through-route maps are delineated enables the traveler to see at a glance how he shall travel. He will save many a dollar by procuring a copy.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Wednesday, April 6, 1859, Trains will leave 26th-st. Station, New-York, as follows:

7.45 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
8.30 A. M. Mail Train for Albany.
9.30 A. M. for Williams Bridge.
11.30 A. M. for White Plains.
2.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.
4 P. M. for Dover Plains.
5 P. M. for White Plains.
6.15 P. M. for White Plains, from White and Centre sts.
8.30 P. M. for Williams Bridge.

RETURNING, WILL LEAVE

5 A. M. from White Plains.
5.30 A. M. from Dover Plains.
6.40 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
7 A. M. from White Plains.
8.45 A. M. Mail Train from Albany.
9.30 A. M. from Williams Bridge.
1 P. M. from Williams Bridge.
3 P. M. from White Plains.
5 P. M. from Williams Bridge.

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, April 4, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz:—Dunkirk Express, at 6 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 8 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3.30 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st., via Piermont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations. Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburgh, Middletown, and intermediate stations. Night Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express Trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad, for Rochester and Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Spring Arrangements—Commencing March 18, 1859.—Leaves New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 and 12 A. M., and at 4 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains, and at 5:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from foot of Cortlandt-st., at 7:40 and 12 M., 4 and 5 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 only.
JOHN O. STERNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM APRIL 4, 1859, Trains will leave Chambers-st. Station as follows: Express Trains 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Albany Mail Train 11 A. M.; for Poughkeepsie 7 A. M. and 1:30 and 3:15 P. M.; for Dobbs' Ferry, 8 and 11:45 A. M. and 4 and 10:30 P. M.; for Sing Sing 6:45 P. M.; for Peekskill 5:30 P. M. The Poughkeepsie, Peekskill, Sing Sing and Dobbs' Ferry Trains stop at the Way Stations. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and 31st sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 4:45 and 8:30 A. M., and 3:45 P. M., and Albany about 15 minutes later. On Sundays at 6 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST FROM JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 7, 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.; fare $3. New-Jersey Accommodation, 12 M.; fare $2 25. Tickets sold for Cincinnati and West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 7 A. M. and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD—Leaves Fulton Market Wharf, by steamer MATTANO, at 9 A. M., and 1, 3:45, 5:45 and 7:30 P. M. The cars leave Flushing at 6:30, 7:55 and 10 A. M., and 2:30, 4:55 and 6:40 P. M., connecting passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Fare 25 cents.
WM. N. SMITH, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—APRIL 20, 1859.—Leave Brooklyn 10 A. M. for Greenport; 12 M. and 4.30 P. M. for Syosset; 10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. for Yaphank; 10 A. M., 12 M., 3.30, 4.30 and 5.30 P. M. for Hempstead; 10 A. M., 12 M., 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 and 7.15 P. M., for Jamaica.

EXPRESSES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS
FOR
CALIFORNIA, OREGON, SANDWICH ISLANDS,
AND
PACIFIC COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.

Our next Express will be dispatched per U. S. Mail steamers

MOSES TAYLOR, MAY 5,
AND
GRANADA, MAY 7,
AT
GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Freight by Fast Express at 22 cents per lb.; by Slow Express at 15 cents per lb.—provided it weighs 18 lbs per cubic foot. Lighter freight in the same ratio.

Freight must be strongly packed, and in water-proof order.

Collections made in all parts of California and Oregon. Exchange on San Francisco for sale in sums to suit.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
No 82 Broadway.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—Summons for Relief—(Com. not ser.)—JOHN B. DUNHAM, Plaintiff, against CHARLES GRIFFEN and ELIZABETH, his wife, Egbert Scudder and Mary M., his wife, William S Guinness, Assignee of Charles Griffen and Egbert Scudder, composing the firm of Griffen & Scudder, for the benefit of creditors, and John A. Clussman, Defendants.—To the Defendant Charles Griffen: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 29 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, April 13, 1859.
DAVID J. CHATFIELD, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 16th day of April, 1859.
ap23-law6wS*

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—DAVID REA and HUGH S. POLLOCK against JOHN LEVI.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No 180 Greenwich-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, with interest from the 13th day of February, 1857, besides the costs of this action.—Dated, New-York, March 23, 1859.
ap9-law6wS* ISAAC VAN WINKLE, Pltff's Att'y.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE discharge of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes. JOHN VAN VLECK, of the City of New-York, an insolvent debtor. Notice first published April 22, 1859. Creditors to appear before the Hon. Henry Hilton, one of the judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the City of New-York, at the chambers of the Court of Common Pleas, City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the eighth day of July, 1859, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate, and he be discharged from his debts.
ap23-law10wS* E. MORE, Attorney.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—ALL PERSONS having claims or demands against JACOB J. VAN PELT, of the City of New-York, incurred prior to April 5, 1858, are hereby required to present a detailed statement of the same to the undersigned, at the office of JOHN M. EAGER, Counsellor-at-Law, No. 34 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of June next, when the undersigned will make a distribution of the assigned estate of said VAN PELT, among those whose claims shall have been presented to us as hereby required.—Dated New-York, Dec. 15, 1858.
CHARLES H. CORSER,
JONATHAN BEERS,
d18-2aw6mS&W. Assignees of said Jacob J. Van Pelt.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings—notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against HUGH FITZPATRICK, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the office of Greenwood & Tusker, Counsellors-at-Law, No. 355 Fulton-st., Halsey's Buildings, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 20th day of May next.—Dated Brooklyn, Nov. 15, 1858.
MARY FITZPATRICK, Administratrix of
n20-law6mS* Hugh Fitzpatrick, deceased.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE SAUNDERS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at No. 7 Astor House, Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of August next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of February, 1859.
ADAM SAUNDERS, } Executors.
f12-law6wS* JOHN SAUNDERS, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JANE CAMPBELL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at No. 55 Pearl-st., in the City of New-York, on or before Sept. 4, 1859.—Dated March 4, 1859.
mh12-law6mS* HARRISON PRICE, Administrator.

INSURANCE.

REPUBLIC INSURANCE COMPANY—NO. 16 WALL-ST.—ECONOMY AND SECURITY IN FIRE INSURANCE.—Fire Insurance, combining the mutual plan with the capital stock principle.

The charter of this Company requires that 80 per cent. of the profits shall be annually divided to the assured in scrip bearing interest.

This Company has been in operation for five years, during which time it has declared to its dealers one hundred and thirty-five and one-half per cent. of their premiums. They insure against loss and damage by fire at the lowest current rates of solvent Companies.

The security offered to insurers is an accumulating one, their surplus being now nearly as large as their capital.

All persons who may have held policies issued by this Company, expiring in 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857 or 1858, and have not received the scrip to which they may be entitled, are requested to call and take it, together with the interest which is payable annually in cash.

Under the charter, all scrip not called for in six years from its date of issue, enures to the Company.
ROBERT S. HONE, President.
Duncan F. Curry, Secretary.

SHIPPING.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.

THE UNITED STATES MAIL
STEAMER ARAGO,
J. A. Wotton, Commander,

Will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton, to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, May 28, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st. The ship has five water-tight compartments, inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage, should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "Below."

Price of Passage in second-cabin $75 and $60.

For Freight or Passage apply to
W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer FULTON will succeed the ARAGO and sail June 25.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S STEAMSHIP BREMEN,
H. Wessels, Commander,
Carrying the U. S. Mail,
Will sail positively
SATURDAY, May 14, at 12 M.,
For BREMEN via SOUTHAMPTON,
taking passengers for
London, Havre, Southampton, and Bremen,
at the following rates:
First Cabin, $100; Second Cabin, $60; Steerage, $35.
For freight or passage, apply to
GELPCKE, KEUTGEN & REICHELT,
No. 84 Broadway.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.	
Chief Cabin Passage	$112
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	CANADA, Capt. Lang.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	AMERICA, Capt. Millar.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	NIAGARA, Capt. Anderson.
AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.	EUROPA, Capt. J. Leitch.

These vessels carry a clear white light at mast-head; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 20.
EUROPA, Leitch, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 27.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 4.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 11.
NIAGARA, Millar, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 18.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, May 25.
CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 1.
ASIA, Lott, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, June 8.
AMERICA, Millar, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 15.
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, June 22.
ARABIA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 29.
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y., Wednesday, July 6.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Jewelry, Specie, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP AFRICA FOR LIVERPOOL.—The AFRICA, James Anderson, Commander, will sail from the stream on WEDNESDAY next, 11th May. A Steamboat will ply between the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, and the AFRICA, from 11.30 A. M. to 1 P. M., to convey passengers and baggage on board. The PERSIA will sail on the 25th of May.
E. CUNARD, 4 Bowling green.

FOR THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST, VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.—SEMI-WEEKLY U. S. MAIL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.

Cabin passage.......$15 00 | Deck passage.......$6 00

The magnificent steamship NASHVILLE, L. M. Murray, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on TUESDAY, May 10, at 4 o'clock, P. M., precisely.

Through tickets to the following places:

To New-Orleans	$39 75	To Augusta, Ga.	$20 00
To Mobile	35 00	To Atlanta, Ga.	23 00
To Montgomery, Ala.	26 00	To Columbia, S. C.	20 00
To Knoxville, Tenn.	31 00	To Jacksonville, Fla.	21 00
To Charlotte, N. C.	22 00	To Pilatka, Fla.	23 00

For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

FOR THE SOUTH.—NEW-ORLEANS, MOBILE, MONTGOMERY, ATLANTA, ALBANY, COLUMBUS, MACON, AUGUSTA, AND VARIOUS PLACES IN FLORIDA, VIA SAVANNAH, GA.—The favorite steamship FLORIDA, Capt. I. Crowell, will leave on SATURDAY, May 7, at 4 P. M., from Pier 4 North River. Through tickets can be had for the following places. Fare as low as by any other steamers from New-York to Savannah. Accommodations superior. New-York to New-Orleans, $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, Ala., $26; Atlanta, Ga., $23; Albany, Ga., $24. New-York to Columbus, Ga., $23; Macon, Ga., $21; Augusta, $20; Savannah, $15. For freight or passage, apply to SAML. L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P., AND HAVANA.—THE British and North American Royal Mail steamship KARNAK, Captain A. Brownless, will sail from the Company's wharf at Jersey City for the above ports, after the arrival of the steamship ASIA; which leaves Liverpool May 14, (probably May 27.)

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	60
Passage money between Havana and Nassau	15

For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—THE American Atlantic Screw Steamship Company's new and elegant steamship THOMAS SWANN, J. T. Ramsay, Commander, will leave Pier No. 12 North River, on SATURDAY, May 7, at 4 o'clock P. M. Passage to Savannah, with unsurpassed accommodations, $15; through ticket to New Orleans. $39 75; Mobile, $35; Montgomery, $26; Albany, Ga., $24; Atlanta, $23; Columbus, $23; Macon, $21; Augusta, $20; also to principal places in Florida at lowest rates. Freight 10 cents per foot and proportionate rates. Insurance one half per cent. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West st.

REDUCED RATES.—FOR NORFOLK, $6; PETERSBURGH and RICHMOND, $8. The steamship JAMESTOWN, Captain Parish, will receive freight for the above places on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, at Pier No. 13 North River, and leave on SATURDAY, 7th inst., at 3 o'clock. Freight for Petersburgh landed at City Point. Passage, state-room included, to Norfolk, reduced to $6; Petersburgh and Richmond, state-room included, reduced to $8. Meals 50 cents extra.
LUDLAM & HEINEKEN, No. 115 Broadway.

LIBERIA, ALL PORTS, CORISCO BAY AND FERNANDO PO.—The first-class bark MENDI, Capt. Wm. McIntyre, will be dispatched immediately, and will sail about the 15th inst. For freight or passage, (having most excellent accommodations,) apply to T. W. BAYAUD & CO., No. 100 Pearl-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS ISSUED through J. B. NONES, Notary Public, No. 262 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates. Important Passport laws and instructions of France issued with each passport. Bounty lands, pensions, and extra pay procured.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BRIDGEPORT—FARE 50 CENTS.—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 24 E. R. every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock, noon. Dinner on board. Freight taken, arriving in time to connect with the Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven, Hartford, Springfield and Boston Railroad. Office No. 105 Beekman-st. GEO. W. CORLIES, Agent.

DAILY LINE FOR RONDOUT, KINGSTON, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, landing at Cozzens', West Point, Cold Spring, Cornwall, New-Hamburg and Milton, each way. The fast and elegant steamer THOMAS POWELL, Capt. A. L. Anderson, leaves Jay-st. Pier EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3.45 o'clock.

MORNING BOAT FOR PEEKSKILL, HAVERSTRAW AND SING SING.—The steamboat AURORA, Captain Anning Smith, will leave the foot of Jay-st. EVERY DAY, at 8 A. M., touching at Amos-st.; and Peekskill at 1 P. M., making the usual landings.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN STEAMBOAT LINE.—On and after SATURDAY, May 7, the steamer TRAVELER will leave New-York, from Peck-slip, at 11 o'clock every night, except Sunday.
RICHARD PECK, Agent.

OPPOSITION—FARE REDUCED TO ALBANY—Merchants' line from Robinson-st. pier daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M. On SUNDAYS will make usual landings at 50 cents fare.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Steamer METAMORA, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from foot of Jay-st. at 7 A. M.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY—STEAMER ARMENIA every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, from foot of Harrison-st., at 7 o'clock A. M.

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

CAUTION TO DEALERS IN ELASTIC FABRICS CONTAINING THREADS OR SHEETS OF VULCANIZED RUBBER.—The undersigned gives notice that he holds an absolute conveyance from Charles Goodyear of the exclusive right to use vulcanized rubber prepared according to said Goodyear's patent of June 15, 1844, in all elastic fabrics the elasticity of which is due to the shirring or corrugating the sheets or threads of such fabrics, and in all woven, braided, cemented or sewed fabrics, or such as are or can be covered or protected on one or both sides with substances other than rubber, and in all smooth, elastic shirred goods; and also to make and sell India-rubber threads of vulcanized rubber, and all threads or sheets of rubber which are or can be made or finished by union with or to be covered by fibrous substances. And he hereby gives notice that he is ready to supply the trade with all such fabrics at reasonable rates, and has a full stock now in store.

His attention has been called to an advertisement signed by William Judson, in which said Judson claims to be the owner of the right to import and sell such goods. The undersigned is satisfied that this pretence on the part of said Judson is a fraud upon the public, and is made for the purpose of injuring his business. Said Judson has never exhibited his pretended titles to any Court or to the public, and he does not afford the undersigned any opportunity of commencing any suit against him in order to test these titles. Charles Goodyear could not give any valid titles to said Judson, or to any one else, after the titles he had conveyed to the undersigned. The question decided by Judge Ingersoll, in New-York, upon a preliminary motion and partial presentation of the case, was not decisive of the merits of the title of the undersigned, and the card published by said Judson shows that the Court was imposed upon by a pretended title in a third party, which said Judson now claims to have been in himself for the last six years.

The undersigned therefore cautions all dealers in articles of the above descriptions, containing vulcanized rubber, that no such goods can be lawfully sold in this country without his license and stamp, and that he shall prosecute, to the extent of the law, all persons infringing upon his said rights. Orders solicited, and rights to use guaranteed, by HORACE H. DAY,
No. 23 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

$50,000
CASH CAPITAL.
IMPORTANT TO EVERYBODY.

THOMAS R. AGNEW sells Teas, Wines, Brandies, Groceries and Provisions cheaper than any other man in New-York. Call and see for yourselves. Goods delivered free.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
Importer of Wines and Brandies, Grocer
Flour and Tea Dealer, wholesale and retail,
No. 260 Greenwich st. and No. 89 Murray-st.

OUR VERY BEST BUTTER IS 24 AND 26 cents per pound; Rice 4c., Lard 12c., Sugars from 48c. to 60c., per 7 pounds; White Sugar, 62c. per 7 pounds; fine Green and Black Teas 48c. per pound; good Coffee 14c. to 16c., best old Java 18c. per pound; good Flour $2 a bag; best $1; 24c. to 26c. per 7 pounds. A great saving. All go to day to SHERWOOD'S, Nos. 573 2d av., corner 35th-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND FESTIVAL
NEXT WEEK.
PROGRAMME OF THE GRAND HORTICULTURAL SCHOOL FESTIVAL,
TO BE HELD AT
PALACE GARDENS AND HALL,
14th-STREET, near 6th-AVENUE,
MAY 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15,
IN AID OF THE
HORTICULTURAL SCHOOL FOR POOR ORPHAN GIRLS.

Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, the Rev. Dr. Chapin, the Hon G. A. Grow, the Hon. John Cochrane, Wendell Phillips, W. H. Fry, Esq., and other eminent orators.

Music by Dodworth's, Robinson's, and other favorite bands. Two of Dodworth's full bands will perform at the Soirée on the evening of 16th of May.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

Flowers in abundance; hot-house plants; roses of all kinds; a concentration of Summer's charms.

GREAT EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS!

by celebrated artists, many of them very valuable, placed on exhibition for the benefit of the Horticultural School for Females.

INTERESTING EXHIBITION OF BIRDS,

Canaries, Linnets, Nightingales, Troupials, Thrushes, Larks, Mocking Birds, and other choice and rare feathered songsters.

GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE!

At this social hop, given under the auspices of the famous 71st Regiment, it will be admissible for ladies to retain their bonnets and shawls, if they prefer to do so. The new and spacious Ball opens directly into the Garden; it is spacious, cool, and airy.

ADDRESSES, GRAND CONCERTS, AND FIRE WORKS!

There will be Addresses, Concerts of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Promenades, Fireworks, Balloons, &c., &c., making altogether the grandest Festival ever given in this city.

CARL FORMES

has generously consented to participate in the Vocal Concert of Saturday evening, May 14.

The following eminent artists have also kindly promised to render assistance by their valuable services at the Festival:

D. S. MILLS, H. C. TIMM, RICHARD HOFFMAN,
GEO. AP THOMAS, LOUIS SCHRIEBER,
JAS. BURKE.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT!

This Concert will be one of the most pleasing features of the Festival—the large new Hall, two hundred feet in length, affording a promenade of unequalled extent, beautifully decorated with flowers, plants, paintings, &c., &c.

The subject of land reform is now exciting an unusual degree of interest from the fact that the Hon. G. A. GROW, of Pennsylvania, during the late session of Congress, advocated the passage of a Land Reform bill with marked ability. Mr. Grow was the master-spirit of the House.

AT THE GREAT FLORAL FESTIVAL

Mr. GROW will deliver an Address on this exceedingly interesting subject. No man understands the question better, and but few, if any, can handle it in a more masterly manner.

LAND REFORMERS REMEMBER!

That Mr. GROW is to deliver his Address on the evening of Thursday, May 12, 1859. For the price of admission to the spacious and

SUPERBLY EMBELLISHED GARDENS AND HALL,

You will hear an Address on a subject deeply interesting to all, and contribute at the same time toward a most deserving charity. Music and Fireworks on the same evening.

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF FIREWORKS,

A donation to the cause from Messrs. Joseph & Isaac Edge, Jr., the celebrated Pyrotechnists, on the opening night. A fine display every other night during the Festival week.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL EXHIBITION,

Generously furnished by the principal Florists of New-York, Messrs. Reid, Wilson Buchanan, Fitzpatrick, Doran, Riddock, Clark, and others, in aid of the Horticultural School for Poor Orphan Girls.

THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

This popular speaker, who combines many of the best qualities of the most celebrated orators, ancient and modern, has also consented to deliver an Address for the bennfit of the Horticultural School.

THE REV. DR. CHAPIN.

This truly eloquent divine has promised to be present on one of the evenings of the Festival week, and it is enough to say that he will speak.

THE HON. JOHN COCHRANE.

The political and other friends of Mr. Cochrane (who is one of the most admirable orators of his party) will have an opportunity of listening to a speech from their favorite some evening during the continuance of the great Festival.

WENDELL PHILLIPS,

of Mass., has also accepted an invitation to be present and speak at the Festival.

WM. H. FRY, ESQ.

This witty, sparkling, pungent and caustic speaker has also kindly consented to say something in behalf of the School. Mr. Fry's numerous admirers would alone fill the monstrous new hall, at Palace Gardens, as would the friends of any orator named in the programme. Such an

ARRAY OF ORATORICAL TALENT

has never before been presented in combination at any series of elegant and intellectual entertainments given in this City, and the

NOBLE OBJECT

in aid of which the grand Festival is to be held could have drawn together so many notabilities possessing such varied talents. The programme is not yet complete. Further particulars will be given in future advertisements.

On the evening of May 16

A GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE,

under the auspices of the

FAMOUS SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT,

will be given.

DODWORTH'S FULL BANDS

will be in attendance.

THIS SPLENDID FESTIVAL

will be given under the auspices of His Honor, Mayor Tiemann, Wilson G. Hunt, Esq., the Rev. Dr. Bellows, Gen. J. H. Hobart Ward, Col. A. S. Vosburgh, B. Whitlock, Esq., Paul Spofford, Esq., the Hon. Henry J. Raymond, Thomas D. Robinson, Esq., Wm. F. Havemeyer, Esq., John Groshon, Esq., President New-York Horticultural Society; John W. Degrauw, Esq., President Brooklyn Horticultural Society; Wm. C. Langley, Esq., Rich. F. Carman, Esq., H. C. Vanvorst, Esq., Edwin Hoyt, Esq., C. Godfrey Gunther, Esq., M. B. Wynkoop, Esq., I. V. Fowler, Esq., the Hon. Horace Greeley, Wm. H. Browne, Esq., Gen. George P. Morris, the Hon. J. T. Headley, Henry L. Pierson, Jr., Dr. Silas Lounsberry, Wm. E. Morris, Esq., President Long Island Railroad; Henry G. Stebbins, Esq., J. S Giles, Esq., H. A. Burr, Esq., Dr. James Knight, P. W. Engs, Esq., C. Livingston, Esq., James M. Quin, M. D., and Seventy-first Regiment, N. Y. S. M.

The whole to conclude with

A GRAND GALA AUCTION

of Statuary, Paintings, Bronzes and other works of art; also, Green-house and other Plants and Shrubs, Birds, &c. Sale under the direction of Messrs. E. & F. H. SCHENCK, of No. 33 Nassau-st.

Admission to each entertainment, 25 cents, or $1 for the series, (excepting that of the 16th inst.;) children half-price. Tickets for Soirée Dansante, $2, (admitting gentlemen and lady;) Ladies' extra tickets, $1 each. For sale at the principal music and bookstores; at the hotels; DANSKIN'S Ticket Office, No. 20 Wall-st., and at the office of the Horticultural School and Festival, No. 841 Broadway.

New-York, May 5, 1859.

A CARD.—PALACE GARDEN.—AS NUMEROUS applications have been made to me in reference to the business affairs of the Floral Festival to be held at Palace Garden from the 9th to the 17th inst, I take this method of informing the public that I am in no wise connected with the same, having rented the hall and garden to Mrs. T. B. Phelps for the time specified.
C. V. DEFOREST, Sole Proprietor of Palace Garden.

N. B.—In consequence of not having fully perfected my arrangements, the Summer season at the Garden will not commence till the 1st of June. For particulars, see future advertisements. C. V. D.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

ONCE MORE TRIUMPHANT!
SURPASSING POPULARITY!
SIXTH WEEK OF
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
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OUR IRISH COUSIN!
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
OUR IRISH COUSIN!
THE
ORIGINAL COMIC DRAMA!
ORIGINAL COMIC DRAMA!
ORIGINAL COMIC DRAMA!
Written for this Museum, and received with an
ENTHUSIASM OF DELIGHT!
ENTHUSIASM OF DELIGHT!
ENTHUSIASM OF DELIGHT!
exceeding
ALL POSSIBLE EXAMPLE.
ALL POSSIBLE EXAMPLE.
ALL POSSIBLE EXAMPLE.
OUR IRISH COUSIN
OUR IRISH COUSIN
OUR IRISH COUSIN
Will be repeated
SATURDAY, May 7.
THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock,
THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock,
THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock,
Cast with the entire strength of the
NEW AND TALENTED COMPANY.
NEW AND TALENTED COMPANY.
NEW AND TALENTED COMPANY.
The drama of LOUISE and the farce of TEDDY ROE.
THIS AFTERNOON, at 3.
THIS AFTERNOON, at 3.
THIS AFTERNOON, at 3.

The Aquaria, Happy Family, Picture Gallery, &c., &c., all here yet. Admission, 25 cents; Children under ten, 13 cents; Parquette seats, 13 cents additional.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS,
Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST COMPANY IN THE CITY.
ELEGANCE AND REFINEMENT.
SELECT NEGRO MINSTRELSY,
In Old Virginny style.

To conclude with a New Comic Spectacular Pantomime, entitled

THE GENII OF THE LAKE.

With new scenery, dresses, decorations, properties, &c.

Change of Time—Doors open at 6½ o'clock, the curtain will rise at 8 o'clock.

Tickets 25 cents; children under 10 years, 13 cents.

NOTICE.—On SATURDAY NEXT, a GRAND AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE, commencing at 2½ o'clock.

THE INTERNATIONAL ART INSTITUTION.
No. 694 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.,
THE FINEST EXHIBITION
Of European Paintings ever opened in New-York.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
Season Tickets, for two months, $1 each.
Open from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M.

MME. LEATI'S FAREWELL CONCERT and last appearance in America, will take place THIS (Saturday) EVENING, May 7, at Niblo's Saloon, assisted by Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. Burke, Mr. Timm, Mr. Cooke, Herr Brannes, and Mr. Leati. Tickets $1; to be had at the music stores and door of concert room. Doors open at 7; concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-fourth Annual Exhibition of the National Academy, consisting of upwards of eight hundred Original Works, by living artists, never before exhibited by the Academy, is now open daily, from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the galleries in 10th-st., near Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents.
T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Cor. Secretary, N. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHURCH'S PAINTING,
"THE HEART OF THE ANDES,"

On exhibition for a short time previous to being taken to Europe, at

THE STUDIO BUILDING,

No. 15 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Admission 25 cents.
J. McCLURE, Publisher.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA.
MLLE. PICCOLOMINI'S
Farewell Performances in America.

The unavoidable departure of Mlle Piccolomini for Europe on the 1st of June, will necessarily preclude the repetition of any opera

THIS SATURDAY, May 7, at 1 P. M.
Doors open at 12.
FIRST PICCOLOMINI OPERA MATINEE.
TWO ENTIRE OPERAS.
The whole of Donizetti's Grand Opera.
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
Mlle. PICCOLOMINI,
Sig. BRIGNOLI,
Sig. AMODIO,
Sig. NECOLA,
In their favorite rôles.
To conclude with the charming Comic Opera
LA SERVA PADRONA.
Serpina.............Mlle. Piccolomini.

The sale of Tickets for the Matinee will commence this morning at the Academy of Music, C. Breusing's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 16 Nassau-st., corner of Pine.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

There will be

NO RESERVED SEATS.

For the convenience of ladies residing in different parts of this City and Brooklyn, tickets for the Matinee may be had at the following places:

Academy of Music,	C. Breusing's,
Root, Anthony & Co's, No. 16 Nassau-st.,	Astor House,
	Everett House,
St. Nicholas Hotel,	Prescott House,
Union-place Hotel,	Clarendon,
Lafarge House,	Nunns & Clark's,
Hall & Sons Broadway,	Christern's Bookstore,
Scharfenberg & Luis',	Couenhoven's, 886 Broadway.

BROOKLYN.

Rose's Bookstore, No. 14 Atlantic-st.; Prox's, No. [illegible] Fulton-st.

Tickets will likewise be for sale at the Entrance Door of the Academy, for which especial purpose four additional ticket offices will be opened.

The doors will be opened at 12½; the Matinee will commence at 1 precisely. The entree acts will be of short duration, so that visitors from the country may be in time for the railroads and steamboats.

MONDAY, May 9, ONLY NIGHT of Verdi's celebrated IL TROVATORE.

Piccolomini as Leonora, Madame Strakosch as Azucena, Brignoli and Amodio in their original characters.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
In consequence of the
OVERWHELMING SUCCESS
OVERWHELMING SUCCESS
Of the celebrated Shakesperian Comedy
Entitled
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM,
and the
NUMBER OF PEOPLE
NUMBER OF PEOPLE
who are nightly unable to obtain admission,
It
WILL BE REPEATED NIGHTLY,
WILL BE REPEATED NIGHTLY,
With all its
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY,
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY,
SPLENDID COSTUMES,
SPLENDID COSTUMES,
PROPERTIES AND APPOINTMENTS,
PROPERTIES AND APPOINTMENTS,
AND
BRILLIANT CAST,
BRILLIANT CAST,
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Dress Circle seats may be secured TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.

Doors open at 7 o'clock—to commence at 8 precisely.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE.
(Late BURTON'S,)
Under the Lafarge House.
MANAGER..........Mr. F. B. CONWAY.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commence at 7¾ o'clock, precisely.

Last night but six of Miss Davenport's engagement.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 7, 1859,
MEDEA.

Translated from the French of Legouve, by D. C. Wynan, Esq.

Medea (first time)..........Miss Davenport
Jason..........Mr. C. Fisher

To conclude with Tom Taylor's comedy of
STILL WATERS RUN DEEP.
John Mildmay..........Mr. F. B. Conway.

In rehearsal, ADRIEN, THE ACTRESS, and a new play entitled MONA LINA.

Prices as usual. Seats secured without extra charge.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
THE 129th and LAST NIGHT BUT SIX
OF
MR. WALLACK'S
present series of performances.
TO-NIGHT. (SATUDAY.)
He will appear for POSITIVELY THIS NIGHT ONLY, as
JAQUES,
IN
AS YOU LIKE IT.
To conclude with
BOX AND COX,
Received with roars of laughter.
ON MONDAY and TUESDAY, May 9 and 10,
Mr WALLACK
will appear, for the first time in three years, as
ADAM BROCK.
On WEDNESDAY, last time as
SHYLOCK.
A CHANGE OF AFTERPIECE EACH EVENING.

The above performances will combine the talents of Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. Brougham, Mr. Walcot, Mr. Dyott, Mr. Wheatleigh, Mr. Sloan, Mr. Bangs, Mr. Floyd, Mr. Chippendale, Mr. Levere, Mrs. Hoey, Mrs. Vernon, Miss M. Gannon, Mrs. Sloan, Miss Henrade, Mrs. Floyd.

Mr WALLACK'S performance will terminate for this season positively, on SATURDAY EVENING, May 14.

☞ In preparation and to be acted the FIRST TIME in this country, on WEDNESDAY, May 16, E. Falconer, Esq.'s highly celebrated comedy in three acts, called

MEN OF THE DAY,
OR, EXTREMES,

with new and beautiful scenery, and a cast comprising the entire talent of the Company. This Comedy had the extraordinary run of 115 nights in London.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
MR. WALLACK'S LAST NIGHT WILL BE
ON SATURDAY, May 14.
TO-NIGHT—AS YOU LIKE IT.
MONDAY—CHARLES XII.
Adam Brock..........Mr. WALLACK.

MR. WALLACK'S
LAST NIGHT BUT SIX.
By desire, TO-NIGHT he will act
JAQUES, in AS YOU LIKE IT.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, 585 BROADWAY.
F. WIDDOWS, et C. SAGE..........Directeurs.
25EME SOIREE D'ABONNEMENT.
SAMEDI, 7 MAI, 1859,
1ère representation a New-York de
LES FOLIES DRAMATIQUES,
vaudeville en 5 actes de MM. Dumanoir et Clairville.
Mlle. Eugénie Sen remplira le rôle de..........Gimblette
Acte 1—L'auberge de Giraumon.
Acte 2—Caracalla Tragédie en vers.
Acte 3—Gargouillada opera Italiano Musico.
Acte 4—Les influence de la Fatalité Drame Moderne.
Acte 5—Les Bergers d'Arcadie Ballet Pantomime.
2ème représentation de Mme. BERTRAND et Mlle. RATON, comedie-vaudeville en un acte.

Mercredi, 11 Mai—LES DAME AUX CAMELIAS, pour le Benefice de M. PAUL LABA, avec le concours de M. et Mme. GASSIER.

Pour plus de details voir les programmes.

Le bureau de location est ouvert tous les jours de heures du matin, jusqu'a 5 heures du soir.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
MANAGER..........MR. E. EDDY.
THIS EVENING, May 7, 1859,
Will commence with the beautiful drama of the
BRIDE OF LAMMERMOOR.
Edgar of Ravenswood..........Mr. E. Eddy
Lucy Ashton..........Mrs. Julia Dean Hayne
To conclude with
THE LOVE CHASE.
Doors open at 7¼; to commence at 7¾.

NATIONAL THEATRE.
Lessee...Thomas C. Steers | Stage Manager..G. L. Aiken
THIS EVENING, May 7,
To commence with the Drama entitled
AMALDERAC, THE BLACK ROVER.
After which, the farce of the
IRISH TIGER.
PROGRESS OF A SCAMP.
The whole to conclude with the laughable Farce of the
HAPPY MAN.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessees..........Messrs. G. L. Fox and J. W. Lingard
THIS EVENING, May 7,
The performances will commence with
THE FRENCH SPY,
THE YOUTHFUL BRIGAND,
THE MAGIC TRUMPET,
MAURICE, THE WOODCUTTER.

STEPHEN H. BRANCH WILL REPEAT his Concert and Blackwell's Island Lecture at Hope Chapel on MONDAY EVENING, May 9, with scenery, cells, quarries, convicts, &c., imparting a perfect delineation of prison life. The marches before the audience will be sublime and imposing. Every scene will be chaste and brilliant. Tickets, 50 cents.

LADIES ATTENTION—WOOD'S MINSTRELS give a grand afternoon performance on SATURDAY May 7, at 2½ o'clock. Take the little ones.

THE GREAT DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS—Open DAY and EVENING; No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents. Now visited by crowds of citizens and strangers.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO visit the chief attraction of the City—the famous DUSSELDORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening. No. 548 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

STATIONERY.

CARSON & HARD,
WHOLESALE
PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 44 Beekman-st., New-York.

Also, an entire new article of Ruled Paper in stock, such as BILL-HEADS, two to eight on a sheet.

Also, PATENT HEADED BILL CAP.

All kinds of Ruled Paper at 50 per cent. less than the usual cost of ruling—done by the PATENT STEAM-RULING MACHINE DIAMOND-POINTED PEN.

STATIONERY! STATIONERY!
CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

The subscriber having recently purchased at auction a stock of books and papers, is retailing the same at very low prices

Good writing papers at 10 cents per quire, and from $1 12 to $1 50 per ream. Envelopes, 12 cents per 100. Blank books and other stationery equally low.
WILLIAM E. HAWS, No. 395 Canal-st.

SILVER-PLATING ESTABLISHMENT with batteries complete, and small stock of goods; has been doing good business four years; good reasons for selling. First rate chance for a small capital. Price $400. Apply at JERVIS' INFORMATION EXCHANGE, No. 229 Broadway.

Death of Nicholas Hill, Esq.

MEETING OF THE NEW-YORK CITY BAR.

Pursuant to a call, signed by some of the leading members of the Bar, a meeting of members of the profession was convened in the Circuit Court-room New City Hall, to express the general feeling of regret at the death of the late distinguished Nicholas Hill, Esq.

At 3½ P. M., the meeting was called to order. The Hon. Samuel Nelson, Judge of the United States Supreme Court, nominated as Chairman.

On taking the Chair, Judge Nelson gave an earnest testimony to Mr. Hill's remarkable devotion to his profession, and his strict integrity in private life.

On motion of John Van Buren, Esq., Judges Betts, Roosevelt, Bosworth and Daly were elected Vice-Presidents; Chas. Tracy and D. D. Lord, Esqs., were chosen Secretaries.

Hon. J. W. Edmonds offered resolutions expressive of the deep regret felt by the profession at the death of Mr. Hill, expressing high regard for his memory, and sympathizing with the family of the deceased; also requesting the Court of Appeals to provide some special mark of respect for his memory, and providing for the appointment of a committee to carry out this part of the resolutions.

Chas. O'Conor, Esq., in seconding the motion, said that Mr. Hill had long stood in the front rank of the profession, in every respect which the sternness examination could require. Whether arguing a question of fact before a Jury, or a point of law before the Court, he had no superior, and in his deep research, and unwearied assiduity, he (the speaker) apprehended he had no equal. He had at death only attained his fifty-fourth year, and seemed likely to live a long and useful life.

Nicholas Hill was born in 1805. At the age of 12 he left home to provide for himself. Though a faithful student he was in no haste to pass the bar, but pursued a long and thorough course of study. He was District-Attorney of Saratoga County for a time, then Master in Chancery, and afterwards Reporter to the Supreme Court. He never sought office—he always resigned his appointments to the regret of the appointing power, and only accepted nominations for high office when he felt sufficiently certain that he would not be elected. With Mr. Cowen, he spent five years in preparing the mass of information contained in the "Notes to Phillips' Evidence." These notes have become standard authority. After leaving Saratoga Co. he settled in Albany, and became the leading counsel in our highest Court. In the last term he lived to attend, he argued more causes, and performed more work, than at any previous term. He died after only one week's illness. The day before he was taken ill, he spent *eleven hours* without intermission, in preparing a cause for the next term of the Court of Appeals. The firm of Hill, Porter & Cagger probably transacted the largest business of any legal firms in the State, and it was a high compliment when he was put at its head. He left a wife, a daughter and a son to mourn his loss, who should receive the deepest sympathy of all his professional brethren. The first time I had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Hill (said Mr. O'Conor) was when he was appointed one of the examiners of candidates for the bar. Two of the examiners felt it their duty to reject two young men who offered themselves. It was just, but it was, under the circumstances, cruel. Mr. Hill pleaded for them most earnestly and affectingly, but in vain, and when overruled, he withdrew rather than concur in so harsh, though just, a decision. May it not be that this kindness of heart was a greater treasure to him in his dying hour than all his well-earned honors?

James W. Gerard, Esq., followed in an eloquent speech, dwelling upon the social life of Mr. Hill, and urging upon the junior members of the Bar, a close adherence to truth and integrity.

James T. Brady, Esq., spoke in glowing language of Mr. Hill's personal character, and of the days when the profession assembled from all parts of the State at the sessions of the old Supreme Court.

S. P. Nash, Esq., who studied in the office of Mr. Hill, described his office and early professional life, in connection with Judge Cowen, and spoke in high terms of the personal kindness and suavity of the deceased.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and Judge Edmonds, Judge Dean and Mr. Nash appointed a committee in pursuance thereof.

On motion of Hon. Gilbert Dean, a copy of the resolutions were directed to be forwarded to the family of Mr. Hill.

The Massachusetts Restriction on Naturalized Voters, and the Republican Party.

Senator Wilson publishes a second letter on the proposed amendment to the Massachusetts Constitution, which will require naturalized voters to wait *two years* after naturalization. It is a reply to Mr. Amasa Walker. The letter closes as follows:

You say, my dear sir, we differ in opinion as to whether the Republicans outside of the State are opposed to this proposition. It may not be, as you say, "modest for me to tell you what I think," but I would suggest to you, my dear sir, that the years you have devoted in your quiet retreat at North Brookfield to the delights of retirement and to the calm study of political economy, has better fitted you to write essays on "Currency" and "Banks and Banking" than to make up an opinion on this question outside of Massachusetts. I may err in my judgment, but according to all the information I can gather, after months of inquiry with men whose opinions are based upon their own practical knowledge, I believe that the opinions of Republicans outside of Massachusetts upon this proposition approach unanimity. During the past five years, I have had some little opportunity to become acquainted with the public men of the Republican Party from all sections of the country. I have, during those years, traveled in seventeen States, more than forty thousand miles; seen and counseled with the active men of the party, and addressed hundreds of thousands of the people. Few men have had better opportunities to become acquainted with leading men, and to know something of the opinions of the people, and I now say that I do not know a single Republican statesman, or a single Republican paper, or a single man in the rank and file of the Republican Party, outside of Massachusetts, in favor of the adoption of this amendment.

You very patronizingly advise me not to be concerned "for the Anti-Slavery cause." "Anti-Slavery," you say, "has nothing to hope or fear from any political action" upon other questions. Are these the words of wisdom? Is this the deliberate language of an experienced and practical public man? I, too, have an abiding faith in the ultimate and complete triumph of the Anti-Slavery cause, but that triumph may be advanced or retarded, perhaps for years, by the action of its friends. That cause which you and I profess to love and make paramount to all other questions, has arrayed against it, two thousands of millions of dollars embodied in the souls of men, fifteen State Governments and the National Government—a powerful political organization, led by distinguished public men, practical and adroit tacticians, ever ready to appeal to passion, prejudice or supposed local interests, or to take advantage of the mistakes, the ill-timed acts and imprudent words of their opponents. Victory over a great party, so disciplined and so led, can only be won by fidelity to the cause, and untiring zeal in its advocacy, and by prudent and sagacious counsels. If any men ever required to be prudent and wise in their measures, policy and words, surely the leaders of the Republican Party are those men. Abandon then, I pray you, my dear Sir, the mistaken idea that the Anti-Slavery cause cannot be harmed by the ill-timed or improper action of its friends upon other questions. Remember that mere devotion to the Anti-Slavery cause does not always make sagacious statesmen, or accomplished political leaders.

You say the German Republicans of the West will not "go over to the sham Democrats for mere revenge." I too, trust that the noble men who have stood by the great cause, and borne it up in many stern contests, will not abandon it even after the Massachusetts Republicans have spurned their brotherly appeals. But do you not know that there are thousands of anti-Lecompton Democrats and thousands of adopted citizens who voted for Buchanan in 1856, deceived by Democratic professions of regard for popular sovereignty, who are beginning to sympathise with and to act with us now? These men may be won to us or be may be repelled and driven from us. Our tried and trusted leaders—not as you say "would be crafty, timid, compromising politicians"—assure us in tones as earnest as their devotion to the Republican cause, that the adoption of this amendment will be a burden upon the cause we love. Nor are the fears of our Republican friends groundless. Already have the democratic presses and politicians—glad to find something by which they can turn the attention of the people from the living issues—begun to act upon the idea of Gen. Butler in his speech in the State Senate.

But you ask me, my dear Sir, if we should not gain as much by the American Party, in the adoption of this amendment as we shall lose by the Germans, and other adopted citizens? What shall we gain from the American Party by its adoption? Shall we gain in the Northwest? There it had ceased to exist! Shall we gain New-Jersey and Pennsylvania? Do the Americans of these States ask us to adopt it? Do they propose to adopt it themselves? The adoption of this amendment will not gain us a single vote in New-Jersey or Pennsylvania. Not one. Shall we gain by it in New-York? Do the Americans of that State ask us to adopt a proposition making a distinction between native and adopted citizens? All they asked of the Republicans of that State, as a basis of union was, "that the time should be extended between the naturalization and the right to vote a period as long as is required of the non-residents of other States." Will its adoption gain us an American vote in Maryland? The Americans of that State do not propose its adoption there. Or do you and other Republicans hope to gain, by its adoption, American votes in Virginia and Kentucky, where they have abandoned the American name, pledged themselves in favor of a slave code for the Territories, and are denouncing the Democracy as faithless to the slave interests of the South. There is no reason whatever to believe that the adoption of this two years' amendment will conciliate a single man or secure a single vote outside of Massachusetts.

You predict, my dear sir, that "the people will ratify the two years' amendment" by a decisive majority. Such a result will occasion no surprise to me. Believing, however, that every citizen of Massachusetts is perfectly free to vote for or against its adoption, that he has a right to discuss the policy of its adoption or rejection, I expressed in moderate and guarded language, in my letter to Mr. Gillette, my intention to vote against it. I questioned no man's motives, I assailed no man's integrity, I did not assume to dictate to, or control the action of any other man. I only sought to place myself right upon the record, and to relieve myself of all responsibility for that measure, whether it shall be for good or for evil. You, and many other personal and political friends, whose friendship I dearly cherish, differ from me, and have expressed our differences in kind and courteous language. Such differences as these cannot diminish my respect or regard for your opinions. But some others have chosen to indulge in words of censure and denunciation. To their imputations I have no reply to make. Conscious that I have nothing personally to gain by these avowals of my opinions upon this question, and that I am actuated solely by a sincere desire to maintain the equal rights of American citizens, and to advance a cause my heart loves and my judgment approves, I am content to appeal from the impulsive censure of the present to the sober judgment of the future.

Yours truly, HENRY WILSON.

Affairs in Utah.—The Position of Governor Cumming.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Republican:

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, April 8, 1859.

Since my letter of last week, the excitement in this city and other parts of the Territory, consequent upon the efforts of Judge Cradlebaugh, at Provo, to expose the many crimes and murders that have been locked up in the bosom of the Church for years, has somewhat abated. This may be accounted for for several reasons, the most of which is that the Mormons now see the practical workings of the jury law which was passed at the late session of the Territorial Legislature. It is a complete breastwork to the punishment of any crime that has heretofore been committed by the Mormons, or which may be committed hereafter. It is more potent than a President's proclamation, and the lodgment of mercy to be found in the prerogative of a Governor's pardon is an obsolete idea under this law, because it will never be required.

The lawyers, and every sensible man in St. Louis, will laugh at the cunning of Mormon legislation, when I tell them that, under the operations of this law, and by express provision, *the Clerks of the Mormon County Courts select the Grand and Petit Juries of the Federal Courts*; and to meet the exigencies of the present Federal Courts, the time of residence for qualification was so far extended, and other restrictions imposed, as to disqualify almost every Gentile in the Territory. Yet, strange to say, Governor Cumming signed this bill, with all its odious provisions. The effect of this, in connection with his "protest" against the presence of a company of troops at Provo, on Judge Cradlebaugh's requisition, has been to draw the line of demarcation more distinct and more inflexible than ever, between the two classes of society in this Territory—Mormon and Gentile.

The Governor, by common consent, is classed with the former in "this fight," and certainly the praises and universal laudations of the Mormons would warrant the inference that he is not improperly located. The rupture between the Judges and the Executive is open and irreconcilable, unless the Governor yields, and all who are acquainted with him know that he never will do that; and in case the Administration moves in the matter to the least detriment of the Judges, they will resign and prepare a manifesto to the world, which will "make each particular hair stand on end." Their position has given them an insight to some of the dark and bloody scenes that have been enacted upon this soil, which others have not had an opportunity to find out.

The Salt Lake City *Valley Tan*, of April 5, has the following items:

We understand that a rumor exists to a considerable extent in various parts of the Territory, that Gov. Cumming contemplated calling out the militia, embracing the Nauvoo Legion. Widely as we disagree with his Excellency in his present policy, yet we know that his large experience and good sense are in themselves a sufficient answer to such rumors.

From persons who have recently arrived from Provo, we glean the following items: The Judge adjourns his Court from day to day, and in the meantime is sitting as a Committing Magistrate. The command encamped on the Provo River, above the city, has been moved down within three miles of Provo, so as to be ready for any emergency. One night last week, the sentinels on duty at the guard tents were stoned by parties hid behind the buildings. If it is repeated, we understand that orders have been given the sentinels to fire upon their assailants.

Unparalleled Brutality.

WIFE STARVED BY HER HUSBAND IN ORLEANS COUNTY.

The Orléans *Republican* of this week, contains a long article from a correspondent in the town of Murray, detailing the particulars of most outrageous domestic tyranny.

On the "Ridge Road" in this town, (Murray,) about two miles east of the village of Sandy Creek, there has resided for some years past a man named John Fullerton. He occupies a comfortable house in a thickly populated and wealthy neighborhood, and is the owner of a farm and other property valued at near five thousand dollars.

The community has long known Mr. Fullerton to be a tyrant in his family, cruelly beating his wife and daughters, and turning them out of doors; but not even this general knowledge of his character had prepared the citizens of that vicinity for the revelations that have been recently made of his fiendish barbarity towards his wife.

One night, near the last of March, groans were heard proceeding from the house as of some one in great distress, and the neighbors, recalling the fact that Mrs. Fullerton had not been seen for a long time, were led to entertain suspicions of a new atrocity on his part. Mr. Birch, a neighbor, called at the house the next day, and was reluctantly permitted by Mr. Fullerton to see his wife. He found her in a chamber destitute of furniture, save a miserable bed in which she lay, buried in straw, with a dirty feather bed for a covering, and apparently without a particle of clothing upon her person. Still more shocking was her emaciated condition. She was reduced to a mere skeleton—her hair matted and clotted with blood, and her face badly bruised. The scene was so sickening that Mr. Birch speedily sought the open air. The ladies near were soon enlisted, and repaired the following morning to the house, where they were met with repeated threats of violence from Mr. Fullerton, but they finally proceeded to put the skeleton form in a more tidy and comfortable condition. Their representations of her situation are too revolting for repetition. In several places the bones had worn through the flesh, and her body was covered with stripes and terrible bruises. When nourishment was given her she ate like one *famished*, and her mind seemed to be in a condition bordering upon idiocy. There was every indication of her having been kept for a long time without food, fire, or clothing, and subjected to frequent beatings by this inhuman illegal proprietor of her person.

Notwithstanding the pitiable condition of the wretched woman, four or five days elapsed before the citizens—through fear of conflicting with the constituted rights and authority of her lawful protector (!)—secured her proper care and relief; and the distinguished *women* of the vicinity timidly submitted to this, lest they should render themselves amenable to men-made laws by more prompt and efficient measures. Through the interference of the Poor authorities, Mrs. Fullerton was at length removed to more safe and comfortable quarters, and is now at the residence of Jas. Burney, one mile west of Sandy Creek, where she is tenderly cared for. Her attending physician, Dr. Nicholson, attributes her present reduced condition entirely to *brutality* and *starvation*. I visited her a few days since, and found her a mere wreck—very feeble—and few hopes are entertained of her recovery.

Mr. Fullerton is of Irish birth, about 60 years of age, and somewhat educated. He is not strictly temperate, but cannot be called an inebriate, nor has he generally committed his brutalities under the influence of strong drink.

Mrs. Fullerton is an American woman, 47 years of age, and is said to have possessed fair abilities before they were demented by inhuman treatment. She formerly resided in Penfield—now Webster—Monroe County, where they were married twenty-nine years ago. She is the mother of eight living children, most of the older ones being residents of another State. One, born some twenty years since, and a few months after the mother had received a terrible whipping, from which she fled through the snow in midwinter to the house of a relative for protection, was a *life-long idiot*.

The only children at home are two boys, but so fearful are they of their father's wrath that it is difficult to learn much from them. Sometime during the past Winter, another brother ventured to carry his mother food, in his father's absence, for which he was severely whipped. He then ran away and has not since been home.

Extraordinary Rise in the Missouri River.—The St. Louis *Democrat*, May 4, says: "The river rose so rapidly on Monday night and yesterday that no amount of activity was sufficient to prevent the immersion of a large quantity of freight. Up to dark last evening it had swollen three feet—that is, in little more than twenty-four hours. Our advices from the Missouri, perhaps, indicate the approach of the annual June rise. If it has reached this point, it is a month or more earlier than usual, and will have to be designated as the May rise. At St. Joseph, the Missouri began to swell last Friday, and rose *six feet* in twenty-four hours, much to the astonishment of the citizens and dismay of the merchants who had goods on the levee. The *Saint Mary* reported a great rise coming from the mountains, and an old voyager had arrived in a skiff, from high up, who reported the snow deep, and the waters coming down with a rush. When the Lower Mississippi—already at an immense height, and devastating the country at a wholesale rate—shall have received the immense flood lately created in the Ohio, and be further swollen by the rise from the Missouri, crevasses will be multiplied, and probably New-Orleans entirely drowned out."

[Advertisement.]

Teas.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers and Tea-dealers and private families. Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson from 25c. to 40c. Gunpowder and Imperial from 25c. to 60c. All other qualities equally low. Also, 3-lb. boxes good Family Tea for $1. Call and examine, at No. 125 Chatham-street, between Pearl and Roosevelt streets.

[Advertisement.]

A Transmogrification.—Considerable Excitement has prevailed in a number of families, owing to the perfect transmogrification of the masculine portion of their juveniles, which is solely applicable to the fact of their wearing that neat and graceful hat called "The Pride of Youth," in the production of which Knox has eclipsed all former efforts. His store is at No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street.

[Advertisement.]

Afternoon at 3—Evening at 7½ o'clock.—At the former hour you can see both "Louise" and "Teddy Roe"—two capital pieces—at Barnum's Museum to-day. At the latter hour, "Our Irish Cousin"—an inimitably funny cousin—in all the glory of his comic humor, by the new Company. There's a "feast of fat things!"

[Advertisement.]

Holloway's Pills renovate and invigorate the system of those who have by hidden indulgence destroyed their health. Sufferers, be not deceived, this remedy is your only hope. Sold by every respectable druggist in the world.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-street, opposite City Hall, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Gurney's new Photographic and Fine-Art Gallery, No. 707 Broadway. Photographs, Daguerreotypes, Miniatures in Oil and Ivorytypes.

[Advertisement.]

BRADY'S GALLERIES.
Photographs,
Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes,
Nos. 359 and 205 Broadway, New-York, and
No. 352 Pennsylvania-avenue, Washington.

[Advertisement.]

Crook & Duff,
Model Restaurant,
Times Building,
New-York.
Dinner,
Breakfast and Tea.

[Advertisement.]

Look at These Prices!!!
Splendid Velvet Carpetings, 9s. to 12s. per yard.
Real English Brussels, 6s. to 10s. per yard.
All-Wool Ingrains, 3s. to 6s. per yard.
Floor Oil Cloths, 2s. 6d. to 6s. per yard.
Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.]

Edward H. Dixon, M. D., Editor of *The Scalpel*, attends exclusively to Operative Surgery and Consultations on the more obscure diseases of the Pelvic Viscera. Hernia, Hæmorrhoids, Stricture, Fistula and Prolapsus of the Rectum effectually cured, without a cutting operation. Office hours from 1 to 3 o'clock, and 7 to 9, evenings, at Dr. Dixon's residence, No. 42 Fifth-avenue. At all other hours he is at his Private Hospital, where all the comforts of domestic life, with spacious apartments and separate nurses, are provided for those who require surgical operations and careful dietetic treatment.

The office of *The Scalpel* is at No. 1 Vesey-street, Astor House, where all literary and business communications must be left.

[Advertisement.]

Gas, Gas.—Gas Fixtures of new and beautiful designs, will be found at our manufacturing dépôt, No. 376 Broadway. Wholesale and retail trade especially invited. WARNER, PECK & CO.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Second Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 6.

$2,000	Ill. Int. Im. '47..	104¾	5	Erie Railroad......	7⅜
2,000	Ill. Int. '60........	96	140	do........	7¾
5,000	Tenn. 6s, '90........	91	260	Hud. River R.......	32
7,000	Virginia 6s.........	97⅝	300	do......s60	31¾
5,000	do.......s15	97¼	100	Harlem R. pref...b60	39
10,000	Mo. State 6s.......	87	100	do........	39
50,000	do..........	86⅞	50	do.........	38⅞
5,000	do.......s60	86⅛	700	do.........	38¾
1,000	Cal. St. 7s, Bds.	85⅞	50	Stonington R.......	65
2,000	Brookl. C. W. L.	103	50	Panama R........	122¾
3,000	Erie R. 2d M. Bs.	81	100	do.........	122¼
2,000	H. R. R. 3d M ex i.	75	300	Reading R.......s30	49⅝
2,000	Ill. Cen. R. B s nw	87⅝	450	do........s3	50
2,000	La Cr. & Mil. L. G.	19	200	do........s10	49⅞
35	Bank of Commerce	101⅜	150	Mich. Central R.......	47¾
80	Chatham Bank......	88	100	do..........	47⅛
5	Am. Exchange Bk...	106¼	50	do........s60	47
55	Commonw'h Bank.....	98	50	do........s30	47⅛
150	Canton Company....	19	200	do.......s10	47¼
100	Pasco Mining Co.....	1⅜	50	M. S. & N. Ia. R.......	10
50	Pacific M. S. Co....	79⅞	200	do..........	9⅞
50	do.........	79	10	M. S. & N. Ia. g. s. s60	31
50	Del. & H. C. Co. s60	96	950	do.........	31
25	do.......s60	96⅛	200	do.........	31⅞
73	do.........	96⅝	5	C. Col. & Cin. R.......	95⅞
20	Penn Coal Co........	81⅛	5	do.........	96
200	do........b60	81	750	Gal. & Chi. R.......	64
50	do.........	81	800	do.......s30	63⅝
635	New-York C. R....	71⅜	350	Cleve & Tol. R. s60	25
100	do........nw	71⅜	600	do.........	25¼
1150	do.........	71⅝	400	do.......s30	25
300	do.......b60	71⅝	200	Chic. & R. Is. R. s60	58
300	do.......b60	71⅞	783	do.........	59⅜
200	do........s60	71⅛	100	do.........	59⅞
100	do........s7	71¼	50	do........s10	59
50	do.......s30	71⅝	700	do.........	59⅛
250	do.......b10	71⅞	100	La Crosse & Mil. R.....	¾
20	Del., Lack. & W. R.	43			

SECOND BOARD.

$11,000	Missouri St. 6s.	86¾	55	Pacific Mail S Co..	79⅝
5,000	do.......	86⅝	200	Harlem R. Pref......	38⅜
15,000	do......s60	86⅛	100	Reading R.........	50⅛
500	N. C. State 6s.....	99¾	250	Galena & Chic. R....	64⅜
5,000	Ill. Cen. R. B...c	87⅜	250	do............	63⅞
5,000	do.......s60	87	250	Michigan Cen. R. s10	47
100	Ill. Central R.......	64	100	M. S. & N. I. G. S. s30	31⅛
100	do........	63⅝	50	do..........	31⅛
150	do........	63⅝	50	do.......b10	32
100	N. Y. Central R.. s15	71⅜	100	do........	31⅞
225	do........	71⅜	45	Panama Railroad..	122⅜
200	do.......b10	71⅞	100	Chic. & R. Isl. R...	59⅜
350	do........	71⅜	200	do..........	59⅜
100	do.......s30	71	100	do.......s10	59
200	do.......b10	71⅛	100	do..........	59⅜
100	do.......s30	71⅜	100	do.......s30	58⅞
100	do.......b60	71⅞			

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$2,000	Tennessee 6s.....	93	40	Chatham Bank.....	88
3,000	St. Louis 6s.....	94⅛	15	Ocean Bank........	95⅜
20	Bank of New York.	108⅛	20	St. Nicholas Bank..	99⅜
10	Marine Bank.......	88	10	Sec'y Fire Ins. Co..	123
30	Am. Ex. Bank........	106	10	N. World Fire In. Co	99⅛
20	Hanover Bank.......	90⅛	5	Am. Express Co....	85⅜

FRIDAY, May 6—P. M.

The warlike European news telegraphed from the *Niagara*, is the subject of general discussion, in the street and on 'Change. A good many business people, connected with the Continental trade, and who have been talking war for some weeks past, were not unprepared for the present threatening accounts. Others are surprised at the precipitation reported from Austria; and a third party insist that a gun has not yet been fired, and that the *Persia*, due off Cape Race to-morrow afternoon, and at this port on Tuesday, will bring more pacific news. Meanwhile the Grain market goes up. Stocks recede, and Cotton is dull at the immediate advices, showing the preponderating weight of mercantile and financial opinion, on the side of actual hostilities in Italy. The question recurs in almost every circle as to the effect on this side. Its discussion will no doubt go on, with various and contradictory conclusions, until the practical effects of the declaration of a general war in Europe—assuming this as probable—shall begin to be felt upon our agricultural, railway, shipping and planting interests. That all except the last of these are now at a point of comparative depression, is generally admitted; and that all except the last were promoted, in various degree, by the Crimean war, is also conceded; while the Cotton trade then, as now, was abundantly able to take care of itself. The converse of these propositions is, that as a general hypothesis, Commerce and Peace go hand in hand, and that only a doubtful or partial good is likely to be arrived at when the peace of the world is seriously disturbed. This much, however, is certain—that the European crisis, come when it may—if come it must in the course of this year—will find the United States, financially, less extended and far less speculative and dependent than when the War with Russia broke out in 1853–54.

On the Stock Exchange, the sellers for the decline, although professedly going upon the war news, and putting out lower contracts early in the day, were not quite sure of their ground, and prices in the afternoon assumed a considerable degree of steadiness. The exceptions on the speculative shares were Michigan Central and Illinois Central. The former touched 47½ ₩ cent. cash; the latter 63½. The market for New-York Central opened on the Street this morning at 71½@¼ ₩ cent., and closed after a pretty free demand through the day at 71⅝ sales. Rock Island fell off, at first, to 59¼, but a good demand showing itself, the Stock closed 59½ ₩ cent. Michigan guaranteed fell 1 ₩ cent., and Galena 1@1½ ₩ cent. Hudson River lost but ½@⅜ from yesterday's price, and Harlem Preferred ½ ₩ cent. There were some sales of Reading on sellers' option, at 49½@49⅞; the cash stock closing 50⅛@50½ ₩ cent. Pennsylvania Coal was in request at 81 ₩ cent., and a commission firm took 600 shares at this rate at the close. Delaware and Hudson firm at 96½, and Panama steady at 122½ ₩ cent. Pacific Mail shares closed firm at 80 ₩ cent. State Stocks were ½ ₩ cent. lower; while the Federal Fives of 1874, were firmer at 104½@104⅝ ₩ cent. The general market this afternoon left off steady in prices, with a good request for several of the prominent speculative shares.

The Money market is not disturbed by the news. The steady Banking movement and the favorable interior exchanges more than counterbalance the export demand for Bullion, and the season of May and June is altogether averse to violent changes in the rates of interest or the disturbance of confidence. Foreign Bills are firm, but for the mail to-morrow not very active. London, 60 days, 110@110¼, and sight, 110½; Paris f.5.12½@f.5.10 at 60 days, and f.5.08¾@f.5.07½ sight. The engagements of Gold for the steamers *City of Washington* for Liverpool and *Ariel* for Havre, are in the aggregate $750,000 to $800,000. The Customs to-day are $119,000. The disbursements by the Sub-Treasury are $31,000 short of this sum. The balance in the office this afternoon $6,482,599.

The Third avenue Railroad has declared a semi-annual dividend of $2 50 ₩ share, payable on the 11th instant. At the annual election of the American Bank Note Company, held on the 4th instant, the following gentlemen were elected Trustees for the ensuing year, viz.: Charles Tappan, Samuel H. Carpenter, Mosely I. Danforth, J. Dorsey Bald, Wm. H. Whiting, Neziah Wright, De Witt C. Hay, Geo. W. Hatch, Chas. Welsh. At a subsequent meeting of the Trustees, Chas. Tappan was unanimously elected President, Mosely I. Danforth, Vice-President, and J. Dorsey Bald, Secretary *pro tem.*

Land Warrants continue rather heavy, the supply being fully equal to the demand. Messrs. Thompson Brothers quote to-day thus:

	Buying.		Selling
160 acres, per acre	82	160	83
120 acres, per acre	78	120	80
80 acres, per acre	89	80	[illegible]
40 acres, per acre	100	40 acres	[illegible]

The following is a comparative statement of the Imports of Foreign Dry Goods at New-York for the week and since Jan. 1:

For the week.	1857.	1858.	1859.
Entered at the Port...	$990,815	$759,843	$1,782,246
Thrown on market...	603,253	919,508	1,709,813
Since Jan. 1.			
Entered at the Port.	$38,954,207	$17,357,669	$41,477,693
Thrown on market.	37,019,615	22,292,619	42,538,426

The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value
Man. of Wool..	1,531	$599,378	307	$71,029	46	$11,606
Man. of Cotton.	1,498	416,092	56	14,752	34	6,639
Man. of Silk...	384	338,894	2	984	2	2,769
Man. of Flax ..	775	239,929	96	18,954	89	20,140
Miscellaneous.	232	72,684	31	9,550	27	1,742
Total......	4,420	$1,666,977	1,187	$115,269	197	$42,836
		115,269				1,666,977

Total Entered.....$1,782,246 Total Marketed $1,709,813

A communication in the Times, of Thursday last, made sundry charges, of fraudulent purposes, against Mr. Newton Cleveland, who publicly solicits the proxies of stockholders of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad to be used in the coming election of Directors. It is scarcely necessary to disclaim any intention on our part to indorse these charges, or to take any part whatever in the controversy which has been so long pending among the persons connected with the affairs of this Company. We have no reason to doubt that Mr. Cleveland is acting in entire good faith and in the interest of the stockholders. The following card which he has sent us, with the accompanying documents, will enable the public to form their own opinion in the premises:

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The subscriber was informed by a stockholder of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company that he was cautioned by L. H. Alden not to give his proxy to Cleveland; for if Cleveland was enabled to make a new Board of Direction they would all be ruined. I presume "*all*" means the present management and the Third Mortgage Bondholders, and he undoubtedly has good reasons for his opinion. He also said *they* (meaning the present Directors and the Third Mortgage Bondholders) were getting proxies in the name of Alexander Mitchell, of Milwaukee, to make a new Board on the 25th inst.

For the benefit of the stockholders of this Company, I will state that Mr. Alexander Mitchell is one of the ten persons who composed the Board of Direction of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company from the 15th to 25th of October, 1856, charged in a bill filed by me, in the District Court of the United States for Wisconsin, in behalf of myself as a stockholder, and all other stockholders, with distributing to many persons, without consideration, printed instruments called "Construction Bonds." The action, as set forth in my bill of complaint is, to compel Mr. Mitchell and his associates to pay over to the Company the par value of said bonds, amounting, with interest, to one million dollars.

Mr. Mitchell is also one of the defendants in another bill filed by myself, as a stockholder, in the Circuit Court of Columbia County, in behalf of all the stockholders, against the sale of the road on the third mortgage.

Stephen H. Alden and others, in the third mortgage interest, are associated with Mr. Alexander Mitchell in obtaining proxies, and should they succeed in making a Board of Direction, they would, without a doubt in my own mind, be a duplicate of the former management.

Mr. Mitchell, I am informed, was to be one of the Directors under the new organization contemplated, in case the sale had taken place under the foreclosure of the so-called third mortgage, which would have been consummated on the 23d ult., if my injunction had not been served upon the Trustee.

I have succeeded in setting aside the lease given to Chamberlain, and the judgment for $629,000 confessed by the old Board to him in the District Court of the United States for Wisconsin.

Mr. Chamberlain has appealed, but has been obliged to give security to the amount of my judgment, *which action secures me.*

If the stockholders will call at the office of Mr. John Fitch, No. 44 Wall-street, at any time from 9 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M., it will afford me much pleasure to explain matters more in detail, and, as I believe, to their satisfaction.

Inasmuch as I have succeeded in obtaining a vindication of the views I have always maintained as the true policy of the La Crosse Road by an impartial and learned Court, I submit to the stockholders whether or not it would be better for them to furnish me with their proxies, and thus enable me to carry out the views and plans which have the approving seal of law, equity and justice, rather than to enable those who have, without shadow of right, pursued an illegal and questionable policy to defeat the interests of the stockholders, which have been jeopardized and almost frittered away by unfair and dishonest action.

NEWCOMB CLEVELAND.

Astor House, New-York, May 5, 1859.

Circuit Court for Columbia County, Wisconsin.—Newcomb Cleveland, plaintiff, *agt* The La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, Wm. Barnes, Alexander Mitchell, Nehemiah P. Stanton, Wm. E. Smith, Alfred Noxon, Stephen H. Alden, Russell Sage, Stoddard Judd, E. D. Holton, Wm. Watson, and others.—Summons for relief—The State of Wisconsin to each and every of the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on Wm. P. Lynde and Mat. H. Carpenter, Attorneys for the plaintiff, at the office of Finches, Lynde & Miller, in Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief. Witness, the Hon. H. S. Orton, Judge of the said Court, at Portage City, in said Columbia County, this 21st day of April, 1859, and the seal of said Court. [Clerk.]

W. P. LYNDE,
MAT. H. CARPENTER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Circuit Court for Columbia County, Wis.—Newcomb Cleveland, *vs.* The La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company and other defendants.—State of Wisconsin. Milwaukee County, ss.—I, Moses Kneeland, being duly sworn, on oath, say, that in March, April and May, A. D. 1858, I was a Director and member of the Board of Directors to the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, defendant, and had and heard several conversations with and between members of the Board of Directors of said Company and others, at that time about the possibility of relieving the said Company from its financial embarrassments, and that Stephen H. Alden, George W. Luther, Alfred Noxon, frequently discussed the matter in my presence, and were in favor of issuing bonds and mortgage similar to those issued subsequently and called the *Third Mortgage* and third mortgage bonds, for the purpose of foreclosing the same, and thus wipe out the stock of said Company, and the floating debt of said Company, but no action of the Board was had upon the subject, for the reason, as I suppose, that the scheme could not then be carried through the Board.

That immediately after the last election of Directors of said Company, I had conversations with said Stanton, Luther, Noxon, Sheer and Gunnison, defendants in this suit, and with William E. Smith, about the same subject above referred to; that most of those persons advocated the issue of bonds and a third mortgage, similar to those which subsequently were issued, and called third mortgage bonds, for the purpose of wiping out the said stock and floating debt, and for the sole purpose of suffering the same to be foreclosed, to accomplish this purpose; and it was not, so far as I know, pretended or expected by either of them that the Company could ever make a payment thereon; on the contrary, the design was not to attempt such payment, but to foreclose, for the purpose of wiping out said stock and floating debt, as aforesaid.

That I have, since May, 1858, had repeated conversations with Stanton upon the same subject; that about the 15th October, 1858, I was told by Selah Chamberlain that the directors of said company had proposed to him, that if he would pay over to them from the earnings of said Company's said railroad, leased to said Chamberlain, one thousand dollars per month, they would not issue the said third mortgage bonds; and when said Chamberlain asked my advice about the matter, I advised him he could not do so without violating his contract with the Company, and putting himself in the power of the creditors of said Company; that said Chamberlain started off to Albany to decline this proposal; that soon afterwards I had a conversation with said Stanton, who told me if said Chamberlain had accepted said proposition, the third mortgage bonds would not have been issued, except to pay floating debts of said Company, with two years' coupons cut off from said bonds, and in the same conversation said Stanton told me that the directors had made up their minds to use said third mortgage bonds for the purpose of having a foreclosure, and thus wipe out and destroy the said stock and floating debt of said company; that they had made up a party consisting of Russell Sage, William Watson, Stephen H. Alden and William Gould and others, and that they desired to bring into the plan some persons in Milwaukee, and were particularly desirous that I should go in, and that it was going to be a big thing, a great deal of money to be made out of it, and they did not wish me to be fighting them; that I could have any amount of the bonds I would name, almost, put up as collateral at five cents on the dollar, with the understanding that they should be forfeited, and then become mine, which I declined, telling them I considered the bonds as worth less, and I did not wish to enter into any such operation. I asked said Stanton in this conversation what was to be done with the coupons payable 1st January, 1859. He said that if they concluded to foreclose for the interest falling due 1st January, 1859, they should give the coupons payable 1st January, 1859, to the holders of the bonds, from which they had been cut off before delivery of the bonds, so as to enable them to accomplish said foreclosure.

I have had other and different conversations with said Stanton about that time and since but substantially to the same effect.

MOSES KNEELAND.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 20th day of April, 1859.

MAT. H. CARPENTER,
Notary Public, Wisconsin.

Circuit Court for Columbia County.—Newcomb Cleveland, plaintiff, *agt* The La Crosse and Milwaukie Railroad Company, William Barnes and others defendants.—On motion of Wm. P. Snyde and Mat. H. Carpenter, attorneys for the plaintiff, it is hereby ordered, and I do hereby order, that said William Barnes, defendant, his attorney, solicitors, agents, servants and successors, and all persons claiming by, through or under him, or doing his will, or under his direction, or in any way personating said trustee, absolutely desist and refrain from selling the railroad of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company, defendant, or any part or parcel thereof, or of any of the property or franchises, or effects, mentioned or described or intended to be described in the trust deed or mortgage from said railroad company to said William Barnes, dated the 21st of June, A. D. 1858, or in the indenture made supplementary and additional thereto by said Railroad company to said Barnes, dated the 11th day of August, 1858, and from attempting to sell, or offering the same for sale, whether by advertisement or otherwise, under the power or authority given or contained in the said mortgage or deed of trust, or said indenture supplementary and additional thereto, until the further order of this Court; and I hereby order that an undertaking be executed on the part of the plaintiff, with sufficient security to William Barnes, defendant, in the sum of two hundred dollars, conditional that the plaintiff will to the said Barnes such damages as he may sustain by reason of the injunction, not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars, if the Court shall finally decide that the said plaintiff was not entitled to said injunction.

Dated at Madison, Dane County, this 21st day of April, 1859.

(Signed) H. S. ORTON.
Judge of the 9th Judicial Circuit, Wis.

I certify the above to be a true copy.

(Signed) WILLIAM J. C. FOSTER.
Notary Public, Mil. Co., Wis.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, May 6.

Cotton—The advices per the *Niagara* caused operations to be suspended. The sales, to-day, amount to only 1,000 bales, at 12c. for middling. The sales of the week foot up 30,000 bales, and the receipts 8,500 bales, against 18,000 for the corresponding week last year. The exports for the week sum up 32,500 bales, and the total exports, to date, 1,545,500 bales. Receipts at this port, ahead of last year, 157,500 bales; ditto at all Southern ports, 735,000. Stock, 192,000 bales, against 298,000 bales last year. Sugar buoyant at 6⅛c. for fair. Molasses, 38c. Oats, 65c. Mess Pork steady at $16 50. Coffee firm at 11⅛c.@12c. Sales of the week, 8,500 bags; imports, 9,500 bags; stock, 18,500 bags, against 10,500 last year. Freights—Cotton to Havre, ⅜c.

SAVANNAH, Thursday, May 5.

Cotton.—Little inquiry to-day, and prices weak. The sales of the week foot up 1,000 bales, and the receipts 3,800 bales; stock in port, 25,000 bales.

CINCINNATI, Friday, May 6.

Flour excited and advanced 15c.@20c. Sales 600 bbls. at $6 65@$6 75. Wheat buoyant. Whisky opened steady at 25c., and closed at 26c.

SAVANNAH, Friday, May 6.

Cotton very dull and prices weak.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, May 6.

Breadstuffs all show an advancing tendency owing to the tenor of the *Niagara's* news. The sales of Flour reached 3,000 bbls., the market closing firm at $6 50@$7 50. Wheat—Kentucky white, $1 85; red, $1 65@$1 67; market closing with a tendency still upward. Corn scarce; yellow, 90c. afloat. Oats active at 56c.@58c. Whisky scarce and selling at 25¾c.@27c.

BALTIMORE, Friday, May 6.

Flour firm at $8 50 for both Howard street and Ohio. Wheat is excited; choice white, $1 95; good to prime, $1 60@$1 75. Corn advanced 1c. White 85c. @86c.; yellow, 86c.@88c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm—400 bbls. sold at 26½ for city.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Name.	Date.	Leaves	For
Ariel........	May 7	New-York	Southa'n.
City of Wash'gton	May 7	New York	Cork.
Africa........	May 11	New-York	Liverpool
North Briton	May 14	Quebec	Liverpool
Glasgow	May 14	New-York	Glasgow.
Bremen	May 14	New-York	Southa'n.
Bavaria	May 16	New-York	Southa'n.
Niagara	May 18	Boston	Liverpool
United Kingdom	May 18	Quebec	Glasgow.
FROM EUROPE.			
Kangaroo	April 27	Liverpool	New-York
Anglo Saxon	April 27	Liverpool	Quebec.
Persia	April 30	Liverpool	New-York
Weser	April 30	Bremen	New-York
Adelaide	April 30	Galway	New-York
Nova Scotian	May 4	Liverpool	Quebec.
Arago	May 4	Southamp'n.	New-York
Borussia	May 4	Southampt'n.	New-York
Vigo	May 6	Cork	New-York
FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.			
Granada	May 7	New-York	Aspinwall
Northern Light	May 10	New-York	Aspinwall
Coatzacoalcos	May 12	New-Orleans	Minatitlan
FOR MEXICO.			
Tennessee	May 15	New-Orleans	Vera Cruz
FOR HAVANA.			
Cahawba	May 12	New-York	Havana.
Isabel	May 19	Charleston	Havana.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

☞ THOMPSON BROTHERS, NO. 2 WALL-ST. offer for sale at all times, UNITED STATES and STATE STOCKS, for investment or Banking purposes, in amounts to suit.

Orders for the purchase or sale of Stocks on commission promptly executed.

☞ LA CROSSE AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD COMPANY.—The stockholders of the La Crosse and Milwaukee Railroad Company are requested to call at the office of JOHN FITCH, No. 44 Wall-st.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Marion, for Charleston—J. W. Lyman and lady, Miss A. Erdman, T. M. Sackett, J. T. Gilchrist, Jr., C. Jenkins, J. H. Lange, P. Dorn, W. Tulloch, Robt. Hill, Geo. D. Cragin, Wm. B. Cragin, E. T. Cragin, D. Davidson, R. M. Taits.

Passengers Arrived.

In bark Warren Fisher, from Havana—Mrs. Eliza Ann Villar and son.

In bark Golden Rule, from Aspinwall—Danl. Mitchell.

In bark Carniola, from Savanilla—Mr. Lewis Topi.

In schr. John Tyler, from Savanna la Mar—Mr. Thos. Cooper.

In schr. Julia Rogers, from Naguabo, P. R.—Messrs. White, Schweitzer, and Reider.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 4 53 | Sun sets.... 7 01 | Moon s. A. M. 11 40

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 11 21 | Gov. Island. 12 10 | Hell Gate.... 1 32

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, May 6.

Cleared.

Steamships Ariel, Jones, Havre, D. Torrance; Marion, Foster, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.

Ship Surprise, Ranlett, Hong Kong, A. A. Low & Bro.

Barks John Gibson, Park, Cardenas, ——; Emily, (Br.,) Stabb, St. Johns, N. F., ——; M. Morton, Bulkley, Savannah, Scranton & Tallman.

Brigs Winyaw, Wyman, Wilmington, R. P. Buck & Co.; Tangent, Reed, Portland, G. L. Batch & Co.

Schooners C. H. Moller, Nichols, New-Smyrna, Van Brunt & Slaght; M. H. Mifflin, Melvin, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; J. A. Rich, Rhinehart, New-Smyrna, Van Brunt & Slaght; S. F. Abbott, Ludlum, Jacksonville, Carnahan & Goldthwaite; M. Elizabeth, Madary, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; L. Scranton, Lowden, Charleston, Scranton & Tallman; S. Sturtevant, Corson, Wilmington, master; Petrel, (Br.,) Skinner, Port-au-Prince, E. Beck; Suwasset, Brown, Havana, J. M. Mathias; Damon, Pitcher, Philadelphia, Walsh, Carver & Chase; Stranger, (Br.,) Miller, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolff.

Sloop New World, Ely, Derby, ——.

Arrived.

Steamer Pelican, Aldrich, Providence, with mdse. to Isaac Odell.

Schr. Juliet, (Br.,) Parker, St. George, N. B., 8 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye.

Ship Samuel Russell, Winchell, Foo-chow Feb. 1, passed Anjier Feb 10, Cape Good Hope March 18, crossed the equator April 15, with teas, &c., to A. A. Low & Bro.

Ship Christiana, Monk, London 53 ds., with mdse. and 57 passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. April 28, lat. 42 05, lon. 60 18, saw a schr. stg. S. E., painted black, and showing a red signal, with white letters T. and D., or T. S. D., in it. The C. has experienced heavy westerly gales the entire passage.

Ship Eliza Mallory, (of Mystic,) Miner, Bristol, via Galway March 30, with railroad iron to J. D. Fish & Co. April 27, in a thick fog, struck on Sable Shoal, which started the vessel leaking. Was compelled to take part of the crew of fishing-schr. Rio del Norte to assist in keeping the ship free.

Ship Richard Busteed, (of Boston,) Stanwood, Liverpool March 19 with mdse. to master. From 1st to 22d April, experienced heavy westerly gales. April 5, in a hurricane from W. S. W., lost boats, split sails, stove bulwarks and water-casks.

Bark Rambler, (of Rockland,) Packard, Cienfuegos April 14, with sugar and molasses to Metcalf & Duncan. Been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Mary Lee, Morton, Messina 62 ds., with fruit to Chamberlain, Phelps & Co. Had heavy westerly gales most of the passage.

Bark Golden Rule, Whitebery, Aspinwall April 12, with hides, coffee, &c., to J. F. Joy. Has been 9 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Carniola, (of Orrington,) Hopkins, Savanilla April 11, with fustic, &c., to master. Has been 9 ds. N. Hatteras. March 17, Matthew Davison, of Ireland, a seaman, was drowned in the harbor of Savanilla.

Bark Warren Fisher, (of Philadelphia,) Gallagher, Havana April 20, with sugar to C. Durand & Co. Experienced gales from N. N. E. to E., and calms. Been 10 ds. N. of Hatteras. Took a pilot on the 4th inst., from the Jas. Avery, Absecom bearing N. by W. ½ W., distant 12 miles.

Bark Ahti, (Russ.,) Acquist, Shields 75 ds., with mdse. to H. & F. W. Meyer. Has experienced heavy westerly weather most of the passage.

Bark Fanny, (of Sedgewick,) Herrick, Cienfuegos 20 ds., with sugar to Thompson & Hunter.

Bark Eliza Lewis, (Br.,) Fitzgerald, Queenstown 40 ds., with mdse. to master.

Bark Charles Brewer, (of Rockland,) Gould, Cardenas 14 ds., with molasses to R. W. Trundy. Has been 8 ds. N. of Hatteras, with N. E. winds.

Brig Roan, Wallace, Harrington, Me., 7 ds., with spars to F. Talbot & Co.

Brig Discleziano, (Aus.,) Karstelgy, Trieste 75 ds., with fruit to Dutilh & Co. 1st inst., in a gale from N. E., Matale Complite, "a boy," fell overboard and was drowned.

Brig Teutonia, (Brem.,) Bulling, Honolulu 153 ds., with guano and hides to Busse & Burlage.

Brig Conquest, (Br., of Windsor, N. S.) Clark, Horton, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster and potatoes to master.

Schr. Julia Rogers, (of Hampden,) Perkins, Naguabo, P. R., April 16, with molasses, &c., to Brett, Son & Co. April 18, in the Mona Passage, spoke Danish brig Eliza, Smith, from Arroyo, P. R., for New-York, having Professor Morse and family on board. Same day, spoke brig E. Matthews, from Ponce for New-York.

Schr. Laura Gertrude, Elwood, Charleston 6 ds., with cotton, &c., to Dollner, Potter & Co.

Schr. John Tyler, (of Provincetown,) Whorf, Savanna la Mar April 10, with sugar to Henry & De Cordova.

Schr. Wm. C. Dolliver, (of Harwich,) Doane, Ruatan April 1, with fruit to Thos. Gilmartin.

Schr. Quivet, (of Dennis,) Kelly, Cardenas April 23, with molasses to Moses Taylor & Co.

Schr. Col. Satterly, Taylor, Charleston 5 ds., with cotton, &c., to McCready, Mott & Co.

Schr. Henry Gibbs, Snow, Boston 2 ds., with mdse. to master.

Schr. Mary E. Pierce, Friend, Elizabethport, with coal, bound to Boston.

Schr. Albert Jameson, Jameson, Rockland 4 ds., with lime to master.

Schr. Hampton, Gilchrist, Calais 7 ds., with lumber to Simpson & Mayhew.

Schr. Montezuma, Cotell, Gloucester 2 ds., with fish to master.

Schr. Ann Caroll, Bacon, Boston 3 ds., with linseed to T. G. & A. L. Rowe.

Schr. Empire, Lovell, Boston 3 ds., with linseed to T. G. & A. L. Rowe.

Schr. Thomas Jefferson, Ellis, Salem 3 ds., with mdse. to R. W. Ropes.

Schr. White Rock, Ganitt, Westerly 2 ds., fish to master.

Schr. Mary Dallas, Rackett, Providence 2 ds., ballast.

Schr. Kate Gardner, Wilkins, Trenton 2 ds., iron.

Schr. Yarmouth, Dinney, Boston, bound to Albany.

Schr. Mary Nowell, Covell, Wareham, in ballast.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Jones, Gloucester, fish to master.

Schr. Emma Hotchkiss, Nickerson, Boston, for Troy.

Schr. Expedite, Percy, New-London, in ballast.

Schr. Republic, Sool, New-Bedford, for Albany.

Schr. President, Hall, Stonington, for Port Ewen.

Schr. M. H. Wright, Bishop, New-Haven, in ballast.

Schr. Fairhaven, Stanford, Fall River 2 ds., in ballast.

Schr. Ann S. Sipple, Baker, Boston, for Albany.

Schr. Gazetteer, Bolt, Boston, in ballast, for Albany.

Schr. Louisa Chase, Boston 3 ds., mdse. to F. W. Lewis.

Schr. Robt. Smith, Willcox, Portland, Ct., 2 ds., stone.

Schr. Brazos, Smith, Portland 2 ds., with stone.

BELOW—Ship Hibernia, (Br.,) from Glasgow, another ship, two barks, and two brigs.

SAILED—Steamship Marion, for Charleston.

WIND—During the day, from S. W.

By Telegraph.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., May 6, sunset—Ship Richard Busteed, from Liverpool, passing up the Narrows, in tow of the Huntress; bark Carniola, 2 more barks, and 2 brigs, going up the bay, and 2 ships near the bar, bd. in. Two barks passing the bar, bound out. Wind light W. S. W.; weather very hazy.

HIGHLANDS, May 6, sundown—A ship showing Laytin & Hurlbut's signal, supposed to be the Wabamo, near the bar, bound in. Wind light from S.

SQUAN, May 6, sundown—Wind light from S. No vessels in sight.

BOSTON, May 6—Arr. ship International, Seavey, Liverpool; barks Western Sea, Taylor, Messina; Cheshire, Frye, Apalachicola. Below—Brig Marshall, from Africa.

Off Highland Light—Bark Buckeye, Acra, for Boston.

Miscellaneous.

A telegraphic dispatch received this morning by Ellwood Walter, Esq., Secretary Board of Underwriters, dated Baltimore May 6, states that the bark Ariel was abandoned at sea, (no date.) Crew saved. No farther particulars.

Spoken, &c.

Echo—brig, of and from Baltimore, for Mayaguez, P. R., no date, lat. 34 49, lon. 72 30.

Morning Star—ship, from Calcutta for Boston, March 3, lat. 24 48 S., lon. 63 23 E.

San Francisco Shipping Intelligence.

Arr.—April 8, steamship Columbia, Baby, 2 days from Umpqua, with passengers, to Forbes & Babcock; ship Crest of the Wave, Codley, 165 ds. from New-York, with mdse. to Ross, Dempster & Co.; 9th, ship John Sydney, Wheeler, 200 ds. from New-York, via Valparaiso 49 ds., with coal to Forbes & Babcock; ship Coquimbo, Gill, 112 ds. from Siam, with rice to Flint, Peabody & Co.

Cld.—April 8, ship Prima Donna, Pray, New-York.

The Crest of the Wave, clipper, about which there has been much anxiety, after a passage of 165 days from New-York, has arrived, consigned to the house of Ross, Dempster & Co. The reason of her long trip appears to been the shifting of her cargo, when a few days out from New-York, by which she was thrown out of trim. After having experienced a heavy gale in the Atlantic, she was hove down on her beam-ends, and the captain was compelled to order thrown overboard a large quantity of coal before she could be righted.—*San Fran. Herald, 9th.*

Foreign Shipping Intelligence.

[PER NIAGARA.]

Liverpool—April 21, arr. American Union, Hurlbut, New-Orleans; England, from do.; Emily, Gardner, Savannah. Cld—Kate Prince, Jones, Boston.

Marseilles—Arr., April 14, Eugenie, Parodi, New-York; Gladiator, Richardson, do.; 16th, Lycurgus, Costa, do. Sld.—Monmouth, Smith, Philadelphia; 20th, Argus, York, Boston.

Calcutta—March 7, sld. from Saugor, Octavia, Pike, London. Cld.—March 9, Bosphorus, Cottrell, do.; 10th, Calliope, Simmons, Mauritius; 11th, Scargo, Crowell, London; 14th, S. Cabot, Quirk, Rangoon; 15th, Europa, Robertson, New-York.

Palermo—Sld., April 10, Blue Jacket, King, N. York.

Cadiz—Arr., April 12, Sutton, from New-York; 10th, Zephyr, from do.

Havre—Sld., April 18, Wm. Woodbury, McClellan, New-York.

Naples—Arr., April 16, Monte Peoria, Castra, New-York.

Cette—Arr., April 16, Arzac, Venas, New-York.

Helvoet—Sld., April 19—J. C. Humphreys, Price, Boston.

Shoreham—Off, April 19, Persian, Liddle, from Mobile, for Cronstadt.

Foreign Ports.

At Naguabo, P. R., April 16, brigs Restaurador, from New-York, arr. 14th; Oandace, Matthews, for New-York, ldg.; schr. Connecticut, hence, arr. 13th.

At Ruatan, April 1, schrs. T. B. Brown, to sail April 26; We're Here, just arr.

At Savanna la Mar, April 10, brig Mary Means, for New-York; bark E. Wright, do.

At Savanilla, April 11, schr. Kalula, of Gardiner, Hatch, for New-York in 4 ds.

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